

User Guide

Data Science Workbench R-5.2.0



Contents

1.	Abo	ut This Guide	6
	1.1.	Document History	6
	1.2.	Overview	6
	1.3.	Target Audience	6
2.	Intro	oducing BDB Data Science Workbench	7
	2.1.	Introduction	7
	2.2.	Supported Web Browsers	7
3.	Gett	ing Started with the Data Science Workbench	7
	3.1.	Accessing Data Science Workbench	7
4.	Ove	rview of the Data Science Workspace(s)	9
	4.1.	Tree-node Menu	9
	4.2.	Header Menu-Options	12
	4.3.	Tabbed Menu Strip - Options	18
5.	Data	a Sources	24
	5.1.	CSV File	24
	5.2.	Data Service	
	5.2.2	1. Data Service with Conditions (Filters)	29
	5.3.	Cassandra Reader	
	5.4.	Data Store Reader	37
	5.5.	Zip File	40
	5.6.	SFTP Reader	41
	5.7.	HDFS Reader	
	5.8.	Excel File	
	5.9.	Removing a Data Source from the Workspace	
6.		istical Analysis	
	6.1.	Hypothesis Testing	
	6.2.	Correlation	
7.		Preparation	
	7.1.	Data Type Definition	
	7.1. 7.2.	Filter	
	7.2.2	1. Column Filter	٥2



	7.2.	2.	Row Filter	64
	7.3.	Miss	sing Value Replacement	66
	7.4.	Forr	nula	68
	7.5.	Nor	malization	70
	7.5.	1.	Min-Max Normalization	70
	7.5.	2.	Zero-Score	72
	7.5.	3.	Decimal-Scaling	74
	7.6.	Sam	nple	76
	7.6.	1.	Sampling Methods	76
	7.6.	2.	Steps to Apply a Sampling Method	76
	7.6.	3.	Result View for the Available Sampling Methods	78
	7.7.	Split	t Data	81
	7.8.	Enco	oder	85
	7.9.	Out	lier Detection	87
	7.9.	1.	Interquartile Range	87
8	. Data	a Wri	ters	91
	8.1.	Data	a Store Writer	92
	8.2.	SFTF	P Writer	95
	8.3.	File	Writer	97
	8.3.	1.	CSV Writer	97
	8.3.	2.	JSON Writer	99
	8.3.	3.	ZIP Writer	100
	8.4.	Data	abase Writer	102
	8.4.	1.	Internal Data Writer	102
	8.4.	2.	Cassandra Writer	106
9	. Save	ed W	orkflows	110
	9.1.	Ope	ning a Workflow	111
	9.2.	Dele	eting a Workflow	111
	9.2.	1.	Delete Connection in a Workflow	112
	9.3.	Ren	aming a Workflow	112
	9.4.	Auto	o-Save	114
	9.5.	Shar	ring a Workflow	115
	9.6.	Pub	lish a Workflow as Service	117
	9.7.	Pull	from VCS	119



9.8. Push into VCS	
10. Scheduler	
10.1. New Schedule	
10.1.1. Configuring General Tab	
10.1.2. Configuring Data Source	
10.1.3. Configuring a Data Writer	
10.1.4. Scheduling a New job	
10.1.5. Notification	
10.2. Status	
10.2.1. Model Retraining in Scheduler	
11. Saved Models	
11.1.1. Saving a Trained Model	
11.1.2. Importing a Model	
11.1.3. Reading a Saved Model	
12. Deep Learning Workspace	
12.1. Pre-Packaged Models	
12.2. Working with Deep Learning Workspace	
12.2.1. Creating a New Model	
12.2.2. Data Preprocessing	
12.2.3. Running the NumPy Script(s)	
12.2.4. Model Training	
12.2.5. Model Data	
12.2.6. Tensor Board	
12.3. Apply Model	
12.4. Prediction using Trained Models	
13. R Workspace	
13.1. Algorithms	
13.1.1. Clustering	
13.1.2. Forecasting	
13.1.3. Association	
13.1.4. Regression Analysis	
13.1.5. Classification	
13.1.6. Tree-Based Modeling	
13.2. Apply Model	
13.3. Performance	



13.4.	Custom Scripts (R Scripts)	275
13.4.1	. Creating a New Script	275
13.4.2	. Saved Scripts	278
14. Pytł	non Workspace	
14.1.	Algorithms	
14.1.1	. Forecasting	
14.1.2	. Regression	290
14.1.3	. Classification	299
14.1.4	. Tree-Based modeling	
14.2.	Custom Scripts (Python Scripts)	
14.2.1	. Creating a New Python Script	
14.2.2	. Saved Python Scripts	
14.3.	Jupyter Notebooks	
15. Con	figuration	
15.1.	Configuring Python Server	
15.2.	Configuring R Server	
15.3.	Configuring Spark Server	
15.4.	Configuring Process Queue	345
16. Libra	ary Management	346
17. Sign	ing Out	
17.1.	Forgot Password Option	
17.2.	Force Login	



1. About This Guide

1.1. Document History

The following table gives an overview of the most recent document updates:

Product Version	Date (Release Date)	Description
Predictive Workbench 1.0	June 9 th , 2015	First Release of the document
Predictive Workbench 2.0	Feb 18 th , 2016	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 2.0	May 31 st , 2016	Modified document
Predictive Workbench 2.5	November 9 th , 2016	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 2.5.1	January 3 rd , 2017	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 2.5.3	March 16 th , 2017	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 3.0	August 31 st , 2017	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 3.0	November 22 nd , 2017	Modified document
Predictive Workbench 3.2	January 25 ^{th,} 2018	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 3.5	April 15 th , 2018	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 3.6	August 20 th , 2018	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 3.7	October 10 th , 2018	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 3.8	December 1 st , 2018	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 4.0	December 31 st , 2018	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 4.2	March 25 th , 2019	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 4.3	April 24 th , 2019	Updated document
Predictive Workbench 4.4	June 7 th , 2019	Updated document
Data Science Workbench 4.5	August 5 th , 2019	Updated document
Data Science Workbench 4.6	November 15 th , 2019	Updated document
Data Science Workbench 5.0	February 17 th , 2020	Updated document
Data Science Workbench 5.2.0	August 21 st , 2020	Updated document

Note:

- a. The Predictive Workbench plugin is renamed as Data Science Workbench from the R-4.5 onwards.
- b. The Spark ML and PySpaces are experimental workspaces so the detailed description of those workspaces is not included in the current document.

1.2. Overview

This guide covers steps to:

- Access the BDB Data Science Workbench
- Server requirements and configuration details for the BDB Data Science Workbench
- Designer Part of the BDB Data Science Workbench
- Result or Analysis Part (Visualizing the analyzed data) of the BDB Data Science Workbench
- Creation and use of various Data Science Models

1.3. Target Audience

This guide aims at business professionals, data analysts, data scientists, and statisticians who use BDB Data Science Workbench tool to conduct various experiments with data as in a Data Science Lab.



2. Introducing BDB Data Science Workbench

2.1. Introduction

BDB Data Science Workbench provides the required environment for its users to create AI and ML models to empower their business insights. These Models can be used to envision the future outcomes of business processes based on past data. It is a user-friendly tool that shields users from the mathematical complexity and offers an interactive graphical interface to provide a smooth, intuitive experience. It enables the users to discover hidden patterns in their data by Applying various statistical algorithms provided by the popular R statistical language, Spark ML, Python, and Deep Learning using Neural Network.

2.2. Supported Web Browsers

The BDB Platform is a web browser-based application. The users can run the BDB Platform and its various plugins on the below given versions of the browsers:

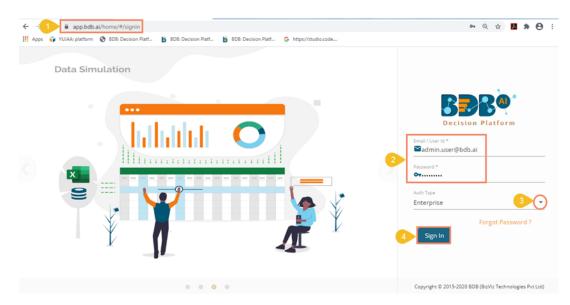
Mozilla Firefox/ Firefox ESR	Latest Version
Microsoft Edge	Latest Version
Apple Safari	10
Google Chrome	Latest Version (recommended web browser)

3. Getting Started with the Data Science Workbench

3.1. Accessing Data Science Workbench

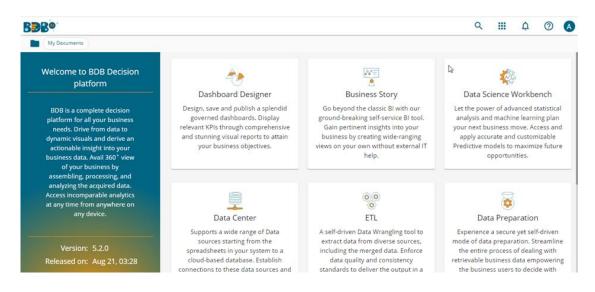
This section explains how to access the BDB Platform and a variety of plugins that it offers:

- i) Open BDB Enterprise Platform Link: https://app.bdb.ai
- ii) Enter your credentials.
- iii) Select an Auth Type from the drop-down menu.
- iv) Click the 'Sign In' option.



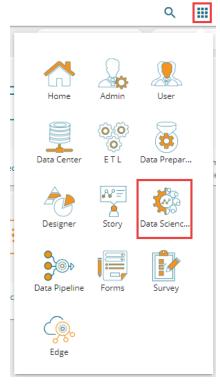


v) BDB Platform homepage opens.



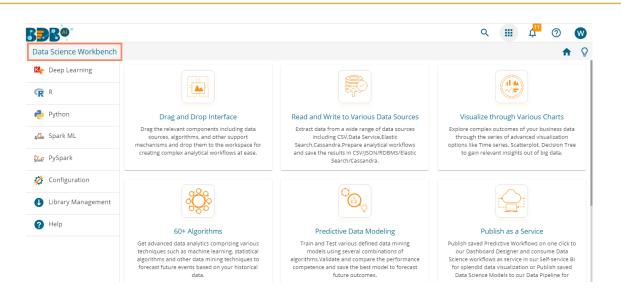
Note:

- a. The above screen opens only for those newly created users who have not yet created any document using the BDB Platform.
- b. If the user has created some documents previously, then the Platform homepage opens, displaying the '**My Documents**' page by default.
- vi) Click the 'Apps' ^{III} icon.
- vii) All the available plugin applications get displayed.
- viii) Select the 'Data Science Workbench' plugin.



- ix) The Data Science Workbench homepage opens.
- x) The major Data Science Workspaces get listed on this page.





This document aims to describe all the significant components and the related workflows in detail.

4. Overview of the Data Science Workspace(s)

This section describes all the options and icons provided on the landing page of the different Data Science Workspaces. The landing page of any selected Data Science Workflow contains the following Menus:

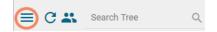
4.1. Tree-node Menu

The Tree-node menu has all the available component connectors to run a data science execution. The components are provided in the hierarchical order via a tree structure menu. All the main categories are included as tree-nodes, and sub-categories are committed as petals to the respective tree-nodes. E.g. The following image displays the R Workspace landing page where '**Data Writer**' is the main category to which '**File Writer**' is committed as a subcategory and '**CSV Writer**,' and '**JSON Writer**' are displayed at the second level of the hierarchy.

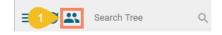
E C 🎝 Search Tree Q Saved Workflows 📄 Data Source Statistical Analysis Data Preparation 🔁 Algorithms 😤 Apply Mode \rm Performance 🔺 🚔 Data Writer Solution Store Writer File Writer CSV Writer 点 Json Writer 😡 Database Writer 討 Scheduler Saved Models



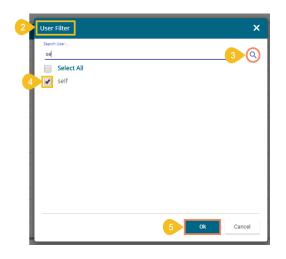
c. Click the '**Menu**' \equiv option Next to the '**Search**' box to collapse the tree structure menu from the homepage.



- d. The User Filter functionality is provided to restrict the display of the Workspace list to the other user of the same space.
 - 1) Click the 'User Filter' icon.



- 2) The User Filter window appears.
- 3) Search for the specific user.
- 4) Select the user(s) by a checkmark in the given box.
- 5) Click the '**Ok**' option.



- 6) The Workflows saved by the user gets displayed only to the selected user(s).
- e. Click the '**Search**' con to search across the entire tree-node menu.

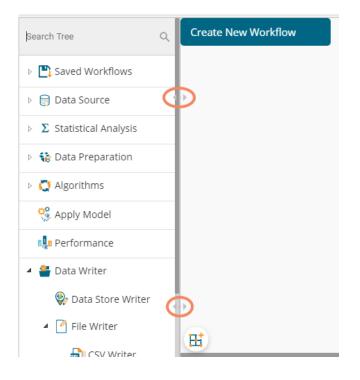
≡ C.	s csv	0
🔺 😝 Data	a Source	
=	CSV File	
4 告 Dat	a Writer	
4 🎽	File Writer	
	🗐 CSV Writer	



f. Click on the icon to show or hide the gridlines on the workspace.

	Create New Workflow	
	>	
- 1	×	
	H	

g. The user can use these scrolling icons to increase or decrease horizontal space for the Tree Menu.



Note: This document is created focusing on each petal of the tree structure menu. All the available major and minor categories are described at length to understand a Predictive process.



4.2. Header Menu-Options

- 1. **Run:** Click '**Run**' icon to run the process and display the Result set view. This option can be applied to the data source, algorithms, and data preparation components.
- 2. **Refresh**: The '**Refresh**' [⊂] icon is provided on the clear the cache memory and runs the component/ workflow.
- 3. **Create New Workflow:** Click the **'Create New Workflow**' **+** icon to clean the workspace removing the current component connectors.

The 'Create New Workflow' dialog box opens. Click the 'Yes' option to clean the workspace.

Create New workflow		×
Do you want to create new workflow ?		
	Yes	No

- 4. Clear Cache:
 - a. After using the '**Run**' option by default, the data gets cached in the server for the Next 10 minutes. For the latest Results, users need to rerun the workflow.
 - b. The user needs to click the 'Clear Cache' ² option to remove the cached data before running the workflow (again).
 - c. If the user changes any component parameter which is to be applied to fetch the Result then, the 'Clear Cache' \mathcal{D} icon needs to be clicked.

If you get a message to clear cache to execute your process as shown in the following image:

	Component Co	onsole	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+ +	<u>+</u>
	10/07/2019 - 12:32:0	0 : CSV0 is s	tarted					
ŕ	10/07/2019 - 12:32:0	1 : CSV0 is c	ompleted					
	10/07/2019 - 12:32:0	1 : Hypothe	sis Testing1 is s	tarted				
	10/07/2019 - 12:32:0	2 : Hypothe	sis Testing1 is c	ompleted				
	10/07/2019 - 12:39:33 execution. If you war		_			artial Cached is used	in	

Please follow the below given steps to Clear Cache:

- i) Click 'Clear Cache' 🈏 icon from the header menu.
- ii) A message appears to confirm.
- iii) Click the '**Ok**' option.



Cache Confirm		×
Do you want to clear cache?		
	Ok	Cancel

iv) A message appears to confirm that the workspace specific cache is cleaned. The below message appears for the R Workspace:



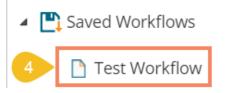
- 5. **Save:** Use the '**Save**' icon to save a created predictive workflow.
 - i) Create a workflow by connecting various configured components.
 - ii) Click the '**Save**' **b** icon from the landing page header menu.
 - iii) A new window appears to confirm the action.
 - a. Provide a Workflow Name.
 - b. Click the 'SAVE' option.

Save Workflow		×
Workflow Name		
Test Workflow		
	2 Save	Cancel

iv) A success message appears.



v) The selected workflow gets saved to the list of Saved Workflows.





- 6. Save As: Click the 'Save As' 🕍 icon to copy a data science workflow with the desired name.
 - i) Create a workflow by connecting various configured components.
 - ii) Click the 'Save As' 🕍 icon.
 - iii) A new window appears to confirm the task.
 - a. The Workflow Name contains the suffix '_1' by default (If wished, users can also modify the name of workflow manually).
 - b. Click the 'Save' option.

Save Workflow			×
Workflow Name			
	2	Save	Cancel

- iv) A success message appears.
- v) The selected workflow gets saved by the new name in the 'Saved Workflows' list.

BBB@					
Data Science Workbench 喀	3		The workflow is s	aved.	
= C 🔹 Search Tree Q	Component	Console	Summary	Result	V
Saved Workflows	Show 10 🔻 e	ntries			
4 Test Workflow_1	SepalLength	Sep	oalWidth	PetalLen	igth
Test Workflow	5.1	3.5		1.4	

- Parallel Processing: The user can enable or disable the parallel processing by clicking the 'Parallel Processing' icon on the R landing page header. This option is only available for the R Workspace.
 - a. Click the 'Parallel Processing' $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ icon.



- b. The 'Parallel Processing Enabled' dialog box opens with a checkmark in the given box.
- c. Provide No. of CPU Cores in the given space.
- d. Click the 'Save' option.



2	Parall	el Processing Enabled		×
	6	Enable Parallel Processing 🗭	No. Of CPU Cores 3 2	
			4	Save

- e. The parallel processing gets enabled for the R Workspace.
- f. Click the 'Information' icon to get information about Parallel Processing.

			,	
Correla Parallel Processing	gDisabled			×
ws Enable Paralle	el Processing 🗖			
Parallel Processing will work only on :				Save
Data Type DefinitionFilter				Save
 Formula R-Naive Bayes with validation 	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties
valuation				

The Parallel Processing works only on Data Type Definition, Filter, Formula data Preparation components and R-Naïve Bayes (with Validation) algorithm.

Note: The user gets the Parallel Processing Disabled screen as given below:

ē	Parall	el Processing Disabled	×
	6	Enable Parallel Processing	
		Sa	ve

- 8. Version Control Panel: The user gets a dialog box to import Workflows, Custom Scripts, and Saved Models from Version Control Service (VCS) by clicking on the 'Version Control Panel' icon. This icon is available only for the Python Workspace.
 - a. Click the 'Version Control Panel' 💆 icon.





b. A dialog box opens displaying Workflows, Custom Scripts, and Saved Models categories to be imported.

e 2	Import entity from	vcs	×
	search		×
	Workflows		
3	Custom Scripts		
	Saved Models		
· · · - · ·			

c. Select a Workflow/ Custom Script/ Saved Model and click the import icon.

Import entity from VCS	×
search	×
Workflows	
vcs_all Latest Version: v7	4
LTTS_Demo_1 Latest Version: v3	(\downarrow)
vcs_workflow Latest Version: v3	J
DP_DEmo Latest Version: v2	(\downarrow)
Deploy_sanity Latest Version: v2	\bigcirc
Custom Scripts	
Saved Models	

- d. A success message appears.
- e. The selected entity (workflow/custom script/saved model) gets imported under the specific section.



BBB@								
Data Science Workbench 🔁		5	The selected entity is imported.					
≡ C 👪 Search Tree Q	Create New Workflow							
▲ 🖺 Saved Workflows								
6 vcs_all								
🎦 Zip_read_write_pdf								

Note: If the user tries to import an existing workflow, script, or model then a warning message appears, and the selected entity does not get imported.

Data Science Workbench 🥐			Er	Error: Error occurred while saving the imported entity data. Please try again.						ry again.		
E C 👪 Search Tree	Q	Create New Workflow										

- 9. Back: Click the 'Back' <i>icon to return on the Data Science homepage from any specific workspace.
- 10. **Full Screen/Full-Screen Exit:** Click the '**Full Screen**' C icon to display the selected Workspace on the full screen. The '**Full-Screen Exit**' icon appears to exit the full-screen view.

Data Science Workbench	► C + G B M ← # Q
E C Search Tree Q	Sample WF
Saved Workflows	CSV File Sample
🖻 😝 Data Source	
🖻 🐞 Data Preparation	
Pre Packaged Models	EL .
> ္ခ်ိန့် Models	Component Console Summary Result Visualization Properties 上 T
👂 🕵 Custom Scripts	
រុទ្ធទី Model Training	20/8/2019 - 11:18:31 : Process added to Queue 20/08/2019 - 11:18:15 : CSV0 is started.
🔅 Apply Model	20/08/2019 - 11:18:19 : CSV0 is completed.
🖻 🚢 Data Writer	4 > 20/08/2019 - 11:18:19 : Sample1 is started.
	20/08/2019 - 11:18:20 : Sample1 is completed. 20/08/2019 - 11:18:20 : Process Completed

Note: The user can also use the 'Esc' key to close the full-screen view.

11. Start Tour: Click the '**Start Tour**' \mathbf{Q} icon to begin the auto-guided tour for the selected workspace.



BBB@					Д ¹¹ (?)	W
Data Science Workbench 🕵	Saved Workflows		► G +	- G 🖬	⊌ ← ∷	Q
E C Search Tree Q	Access a list of all the saved and migrated NN workflows with the					
E Saved Workflows	credited options to view/edit, rename or delete along with the functionality	Sample	1			
🖻 😝 Data Source	to deploy them to Designer.		¢			
👂 🎲 Data Preparation	« Prev Next » End tour					
Pre Packaged Models	Component Console Summ	ary Result N	Visualization	Properties	Ŧ	Ť

Note:

- a. Click the 'Next' option to proceed in the guided tour of the selected workspace.
- b. Click the '**Prev**' option to go back to the guided tour of the selected workspace.
- c. Click the 'End tour' option to end up the guided tour.

4.3. Tabbed Menu Strip - Options

1. **Component:** The **'Component'** tab displays the required configuration fields for the dragged elements onto the workspace.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	-	<u>L</u>	Ť
General	Configure (CSV						
Properties	Select File		iris_1.csv					
Þ	Delimiter		ļ					
	Please ensure csv file follows the format given below: 1) First row in the csv file should contain the column headers.							
						Up	load	

Note: The component tab may display various sub-tabs as per the selected components onto the workspace.

- E.g., If the dragged data source is a CSV file, then the component tab displays General and Properties fields, while for a Cassandra Reader as a data source, the component tabs display General, Properties, and Column Selection.
- 2. **Console:** The **'Console'** tab displays the date and time for the entire process.
 - i) Click the **'Console'** option.
 - ii) The workflow process records (starting and ending time) get displayed:

	Component	nsole S	ummary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Ŧ	Ť
	10/07/2019 - 12:32:00	: CSV0 is sta	rted					
	10/07/2019 - 12:32:01	: CSV0 is con	npleted					
Þ	10/07/2019 - 12:32:01	: Hypothesis	Testing1 is star	ted				
	10/07/2019 - 12:32:02	: Hypothesis	Testing1 is con	npleted				

3. Summary: Click the 'Summary' tab to display the R and Spark Server overview of the process.



Component	Console Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ⊥
s	ummary of the data				
Min. : 0 1st Qu.:1000 Median :1900 Mean :1838	Internal :18 Drive :15	Min. : 0.000 1st Qu.: 2.000 Median : 3.000 Mean : 3.969 3rd Qu.: 5.000) Min. : 1.00		
(Other) :50 offered_ctc	previou BDB Fresher Cognizant Technology solut Accenture Solutions Pvt. I TCS CGI Information Systems	: 18 1 tions: 12 M .td : 8 M : 7 3 : 5 M :139 previous_ctc	lin. : 1.00 Ast Qu.: 56.75 Median :112.50 Mean :112.50 Ord Qu.:168.25 Max. :224.00 team		

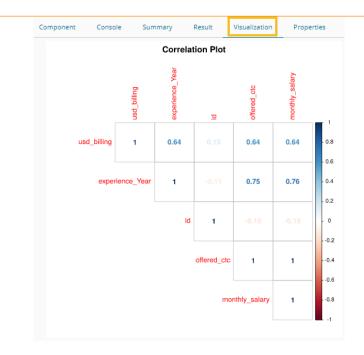
4. **Result:** Click the **'Result'** tab to display a Result list view based on the selected execution.

	Component	Console	Summary	Visualization		Properties				<u>+</u> ⊥	
							Search: Java+				
	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joining_date	previous_ctc	team	expyrsper_ctc	monthly_salary	cur_monthly_payment
-	3	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	з	1024000	18-07-1980	650000	BU 11	256000	85333	85333
	8	Java+UI	HCL Technologies	8	845000	20-05-2018	650000	BU 11	281667	70417	0
	127	Java+UI	UST global	127	900000	17-07-2017	600000	BU 11	333333	75000	62500
	130	Java+UI	CGI Information Systems	130	750000	21-08-2017	0	BU 11	0	62500	0
	131	Java+UI	Mphasis Ltd	131	750000	17-07-2017	450000	BU 11	277778	62500	54167
	155	Java+UI	NTT Data	155	750000	21-08-2017	550000	BU 11	375000	62500	0
	157	Java+UI	Navriti Technologies	157	550000	21-08-2017	400000	BU 11	275000	45833	45833
	205	Java+UI	BDB	205	924000	01-12-2016	792000	BU 10	264000	77000	67500
	206	Java+UI	BDB	206	864000	01-12-2016	702000	BU 10	172800	72000	52000
	207	Java+UI	BDB	207	907200	01-12-2016	777600	BU 10	259200	75600	67500
							Previous	1 N	lext		

Note:

- a. The '**Result**' tab gets displayed for the given data only after data is configured and the '**Run**' option has been selected. Up to 50000 cells can be displayed in the Result view.
- b. The user can search for specific data using the 'Result' tab.
- 5. **Visualization:** Click the **'Visualization'** tab to display a graphical representation of the Result data. E.g., The following image displays a Correlation in the chosen data via the **'Correlation Plot'** chart.





6. **Properties:** Click the '**Properties**' tab to display properties for the current workflow on the Workspace.

Component	Console	Summary	Resu	lt	Visualization	Properties
Created By				Will		
Created At				2019	-08-20 11:06:57 +	0530
Last Modified B	у			Will		
Last Modified A	t			2019	-08-20 11:06:57 +	0530
Version				4.5.0		

7. **Data Insight**: Click the '**DataInsight**' tab from the Python workspace to display a detailed profiling report for the uploaded/processed data. The report opens displaying Overview, Variables, Correlations, Missing Values, and Sample sections.

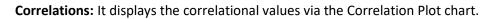
Overview: It displays an overview of the uploaded dataset.

Component	Console S	ummary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsigh	it		+	<u>+</u>
Profiling Repo	ort				Overview	Variables	Correlations	Missing values	Sample	^
O١	verview									
Da	taset info				Variables	types				
Num	ber of variables		21		Numeric			7		
	ber of observations		224		Categorical			10		
Miss	ing cells		148 (3.1%)		Boolean			0		
Dupl	icate rows		0 (0.0%)		Date			1		
Total	size in memory		36.9 KIB		URL			0		
Aver	age record size in n	nemory	168.6 B		Text (Unique)			0		
					Rejected			3		
					Unsupported			0		-
									1	Ł



Co	mponent	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight				+	Ŧ
Ρ	Profiling Repo	rt					Overview	Variables	Correlations	Missing values	Sample	•
4	Varia	bles										l
	candidate _. Numeric	_id		Distinct count Unique (%) Missing (%) Missing (n) Infinite (%) Infinite (n)	224 100.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0	Mean Minimum Maximum Zeros (%)	112.5 1 224 0.0%		° €8	المالية مي Toggle d	etails	
~	cur_month Numeric	nly_payment		Distinct count Unique (%) Missing (%) Missing (n) Infinite (%) Infinite (n)	73 32.6% 0.0% 0 0.0% 0	Mean Minimum Maximum Zeros (%)	55244.13839 0 700000 29.9%		s of	soft Toggle d	etails	Ŧ
											4	ŧ

Variables: All the variables get displayed via column chart.





Missing Values: It displays the missing values through the column chart.

	Overview	Variables	Correlations	Missing values	Sample
Missing values					
Count Matrix Heatmap Dendrogram					
が ゆ ゆ や や ゆ ゆ ゆ ゆ ゆ ゆ ゆ ゆ ゆ む ゆ ゆ					
	179				
	134				
	19				
0.0 Martin Start Sta Start Start Star)				
a south of the south of the original south of the south o					



Sample: It displays data from the First 10 and Last 10 rows as a sample.

F	irst rows	6							
	candidate_id	cur_monthly_payment	current_status	designation	expected_joining_date	experience_Year	expyrsper_ctc	gender	id
0	1	125000	Transferred	QA Manager	2018-07-02	15	120000	Male	1
1	2	125000	Resigned	QA Architect	2018-01-12	10	150000	Male	2
2	3	85333	Terminated	Senior Software Engineer	1980-07-18	4	258000	Male	3
3	4	52000	Transferred	QA Engineer	2018-03-18	5	130000	Female	4
4	5	43333	Transferred	QA Engineer	1972-04-15	3	208000	Male	5
5	6	0	Declined	Senior Software Engineer	2018-05-20	4	233333	Male	6
6	7	0	Absconded	AWS Consultant	2018-08-10	3	218687	Male	7
7	8	0	Declined	Senior Software Engineer	2018-05-20	3	281667	Male	8
8	9	0	Declined	QA Engineer	2017-02-20	2	260000	Male	9
0	10	0	Declined	Business Analyst	2017-02-08	2	325000	Male	1

Note: The 'Download Report' 📩 icon gets provided to download the entire DataInsight report.

8. **Status:** Click the '**Status**' tab to view the live job status of a running Spark job.

E Search Tree Q		Component C	Console	Summary Resu	lt Visualization	n Prope	rties	Status		÷ .
- 💾 Saved Workflows								Sea	rch:	
😭 Data Source 🎲 Data Preparation 🖏 Data Transformation	<->	Workflow Name	Run by	Start time	End Time	Status	View Log	Live job status	Summary	Actions
🌄 Data Transformation 💽 Algorithms 🧐 Apply Model		save_feb5	user1A	5/Feb/2019- 14:55:50	5/Feb/2019- 14:55:53	success	۲	۲	۲	■ [≜]
- a Performance		save_feb5	user1A	5/Feb/2019- 14:52:21	5/Feb/2019- 14:52:25	success	۲	۲	۲	■ [≜]
🆀 Data Writer 🕵 Custom Scripts		wtfinal	user1A	21/Nov/2018- 12:3:5	21/Nov/2018- 12:3:18	failed	۲	۲	•	■ [≜]
and the second	<->	sqlTr_P	user1A	21/Nov/2018- 11:46:58	21/Nov/2018- 11:47:4	success	۲	۲	۲	■ [≜]
📳 Saved Models		sparkSpilitdata	user1A	11/Oct/2018- 12:39:38	NA	in progress	۲	۲	۲	•

Note: The Status tab appears when the user needs to check the live job status of a running job inside the Spark Workspace. The '**Status**' tab does not appear for other workspaces.

 Center-Top-Bottom icons: These icons have been provided on the tabbed Menu Strip to customize the workspace and view space as per the user requirement. The Default view of the Data Science Workspace canvass is as shown below:



Data Science Workbench	œ _₽ .						G +	Ð	8	Ľ	←	0	Q
E C Search Tree Q	Create New Worl	kflow											
Saved Workflows													
Data Source													
👂 🎲 Data Preparation													
▶ 🎲 Pre Packaged Models													
⊳ မိုင် Models													
▶ 🕵 Custom Scripts													
Model Training	-												
😤 Apply Model 🚽	• •												
👂 🚢 Data Writer	Ħ												
	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties						+	Ť

a. Click the **'Center'** icon to get equal space for the workspace and process view space.

Data Science Workbench	α _¢		G +	€ B	⊠ ←	53	Q
≡ C ♣ Search Tree Q	Test Workflow						
Saved Workflows	Missing.						
Data Source							
🕨 🎲 Data Preparation	CSV						
Pre Packaged Models							
⊳ နွို Models	Component Console Summary Result Visualization Propertie	es				<u>+</u>	Ť
▶ 🕵 Custom Scripts	Created By Will						
Model Training	Created At 2019-08-20 11:06:57 +0530						
얥 Apply Model	Last Modified By Will						
🕨 🚢 Data Writer	Last Modified At 2019-08-20 11:06:57 +0530						
	Version 4.5.0						

b. Click the '**Top**' icon to maximize view space and minimize the workspace on the Predictive landing page.

Data Science Workbench	12 ₀					F	G	+	Ð	M	÷	53	Ō
≡ C ♣ Search Tree Q	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties						*	Ţ
E Saved Workflows	General	Config	ure CSV										
Data Source	Properties	Select Fi	le	sam	pledata.csv								
🕨 🎲 Data Preparation		Please e	ensure csv file fol	llows the forma	at given below:								
▶ 籋 Pre Packaged Models					n the column headers. ce. It should be a single	e word or two words	concate	nated l	by underso	ore().			
) မိုင်္ဂီ Models		3) The	CSV headers shou	ild not contain a	ny special characters. I	E.g- %, #, \$,@,*, etc.							
🕨 💁 Custom Scripts			ows in a column sl		numerals. It should be le data type.	with at least one alpr	abet.						
Model Training		6) The	CSV header shoul	d not use single	or double quotes, dot,	brackets, and hyphe	n.						
😳 Apply Model 🚽	Þ												
🕨 🆀 Data Writer												Uplos	4
												Uploa	iu i



Note: Click the '**Bottom**' icon to maximize the workspace as displayed in the default view of the Predictive Workspace landing page.

5. Data Sources

Acquiring data from a data source is the initial step to move ahead in the Data Science Workbench. The 'Data Source' tree-node offers the following types of data source connectors:

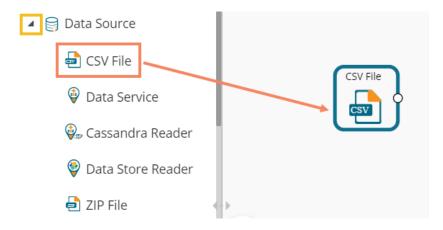
- a. CSV File
- b. Data Service
- c. Cassandra Reader
- d. Data Store Reader
- e. Zip File
- f. SFTP Reader
- g. HDFS Reader

The present section aims at describing the steps to get data from all the above-mentioned data sources.

Note: The Data Source list may differ based on the Workspace. The configuration steps as displayed below for a specific data source connector remains the same across the workspaces.

5.1. CSV File

- i) Select and drag the 'CSV File' component onto the workspace.
- ii) Click the 'CSV File' component.



- iii) Configure the following fields for a data source:
 - a. Select File: Browse a CSV file.
 - b. Delimiter: Mention the delimiter used in the CSV file (it is a comma).
- iv) Click the 'Upload' option.



Component	Co	nsole	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General		Configur	re CSV					
Properties		Select File		iris (1).csv			
		Delimiter		,				
Þ		1) First ro 2) The C 3) The C 4) The C 5) All rov	SV headers should i SV headers should i SV header should n vs in a column shou	nould contain not have spac not contain ar ot have just n ıld have singl	the column headers. e. It should be a single of ny special characters. E., numerals. It should be w	ith at least one alphabet.		
							Uplo	ad

v) The user should get a success message, as highlighted in the image given below:

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Configu	re CSV					
Properties	Select File		iris (1)	.CSV			
	Delimiter						
Þ	1) First r 2) The C 3) The C 4) The C 5) All rov	SV headers should SV headers should SV header should r vs in a column sho	hould contain not have space not contain an not have just nu uld have single	the column headers. e. It should be a single t y special characters. E. umerals. It should be w	th at least one alphabet.		
				Uplo	aded.		

- vi) Click the '**Run**' **>** or '**Refresh**' ^C icon.
- vii) Users will be redirected to the 'Console' tab to display the progress of the process.a. It first displays that the process has been initiated.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Ŧ	Ť
10/7/2019 - 15:	36:19 : Process	Initiated					

b. The completion of the process is marked with a green checkmark on the dragged component.



Create New Workflow						
) E	CSV	File				
Component Con	sole Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Ţ	Ť
10/07/2019 - 15:36:22	: CSV0 is started					
10/07/2019 - 15:36:23	: CSV0 is completed					

- viii) After the Console process gets completed, the uploaded data appears under the 'Result' tab.
- ix) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged data source component on the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.

			<u>_</u>	Properties	
10 •	entries			Search:	
Number	SepalLength	SepalWidth	PetalLength	PetalWidth	Species
1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
2	4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa
3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
5	5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa
7	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
8	5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa
9	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa
10	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa

• Rules to be followed while uploading a CSV File

- 1. The first row provided in the CSV file should contain the column headers.
- 2. The second row of the CSV file should contain the data under all the headers without any 'null' or 'NA.'
- 3. CSV headers should not have space. It should be a single word or two words concatenated by an underscore (_).
- 4. CSV headers should not contain any special characters. E.g. %, #, \$, @,*, etc.
- 5. CSV headers should not contain single or double quotes, dot, brackets, and high-fen.
- 6. CSV headers should not contain merely numbers. Numerals should be used with at least one alphabet.
- 7. CSV header should not exceed 50 characters.
- 8. All rows in a column should have the same data type.

Note:

a. The supported file types are the '.csv' and '.tsv'

Copyright © 2015-2020 BDB



- b. All the supported data sources get the 'General' tab to configure the following information for any tree-node component:
 - i. Component Name: A predefined name of the component is displayed in this field
 - ii. Alias: A predefined component name appears with the number to provide a record of its sequence in the workflow.
 - iii. Description (it is an optional field) (E.g. the following image displays the **'General'**

(E.g. the following image displays the '**General**' tab for a CSV data source.) Click the 'Upload' option after providing the required details

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatio	on Properties	Ŧ	Ť
General	Basic						
Properties	Component Na	ame	CSV				
•	Alias		CSV0				
r	Description		Optional				
						Uploa	ıd

5.2. Data Service

- i) Select and drag the 'Data Service' component onto the workspace.
- ii) Click the **'Data Service'** component.



- iii) The **'Properties'** fields open for the Data Service data source connector under the **'Components'** tab.
- iv) Configure the 'Data Service Properties':
 - a. Select Data Connector: Select a data source from the drop-down menu
 - b. Select Data Service: Select a query service from the drop-down menu
 - c. Fields:

The following tables get displayed:

- i. Column Header
- ii. Data Type
- d. Click the 'Next' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualiza	ation	Properties	+ †	<u>+</u>	
General	Data Service	Properties							
Properties	Select Data Co	nnector	Connector_hiring	-	Ð				
Batch Query	Select Data Ser	rvice	Progress_data	•					
	Fields								
	Colur	nn Header		Data	a type				
	sourc	ce		strir	ng				
	num			long	5				
	ct			float	t				
>									
							N	lext	

- e. The Batch Query tab gets displayed.
- f. Click the 'Apply' option from the Batch Query page.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	Ŧ
General	Column S	Selection		0			
Properties	Sele	ct Columns For	Select	•			
Batch Query	Bato	h Query					
	1				Generate		
•							
7						_	_
						Appl	/

g. A success message appears if the Apply is successful.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualiza	ation	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Column S	Selection			0			
Properties	Selec	ct Columns For	Select		•			
Batch Query	Batc	h Query						
						Generate		
•								
				Apply Successf	ful			

- h. Click the 'Run' or 'Refresh' icon to start the Console process.
- i. The completion of the Console process gets marked with the Green checkmark on the data source connector.



			► C
Create New Workflow			
) E	Data Se		
Component Con	sole Summary	Result	Visuali
	: Data Service0 is starte : Data Service0 is compl		

j. The uploaded data from the data service data source can be seen under the 'Result' tab.

Component Console	Summary Result	VisualizationProperties $\frac{+}{+}$ $\frac{1}{-}$
Show 10 • entries		Search:
source	num	ct
Referral	63	28
CareerNet	58	26
BDB	34	15
Internal	18	8
Showing 1 to 4 of 4 entries		Previous 1 Next

Note: The Batch Query tab appears only for the R Workspace. The Properties tab for the Data Service connector in the Python Workspace appears with the Apply option if the Data Service does not contain any filter.

Data Science Workbench 🗬				•	C + 5	la ? (←	0 Q
E C Search Tree	٩	Component	Console Sumr	nary Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ⊥
🔺 😝 Data Source		General	Data Service Proper	ties			
💼 CSV File		Properties	Select Data	Test_Connector_N	fysql 👻		
Data Service			Connector				
💡 Data Store Reader			Select Data Service	Mysql1	•		
al ZIP File			Fields				
🕎 SFTP Reader			Column Header team		Data type string		
Statistical Analysis		Þ	salary		float		
🕨 🎲 Data Preparation							_
Algorithms							Apply

5.2.1. Data Service with Conditions (Filters)



The Conditions tab appears for the Data Service that has filters. The Data Science Workbench supports Text, LOV, and Batch Query control types to configure the Conditions tab. The section aims to explain them in detail.

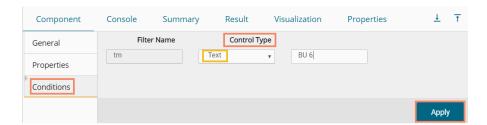
5.2.1.1. Text Control Type

The filter value needs to be configured manually for the '**Text**' control type option. The user can enter multiple filter values separated by a comma.

- i) Drag a Data Service data source connector to the workspace canvas.
- ii) Choose a Data Connector and Data Service using the 'Properties' tab.
- iii) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualiz	ation	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Data Service	e Properties						
Properties	Select Data Co	nnector	HiringData DB	•	Ð			
	Select Data Ser	rvice	team_det	•				
	Fields							
	Colur	nn Header		Data	type			
	emp_	name		string	g			
	gend	er		string	g			
	sourc	ce		string	g			
>	refer	ral_of		string	g			
							Nex	t

- iv) The Conditions tab opens.
- v) Select the '**Text**' as a Control Type option.
- vi) Manually enter the Filter value.
- vii) Click the 'Apply' option.



- viii) Click the 'Run' or 'Refresh' icon to begin the Console process.
- ix) The completion of the process gets marked by a green checkmark on the top of the component.

				► C
Create New Work	low			
(Ħ)		Data Se		
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visuali
		Service0 is started Service0 is complet	ted	



now 10 🔻	entries									Search:		
emp_name	gender	source	referral_of	designation	team	previous_organisation	skills	expected_joining_date	experience	monthly_salary	usd_billing	
Emp 145	Male	Referral	Ahamad	QA Engineer	BU 6	Omni globe Information Technology PVT. LTD	Selenium	2017-07-10	2	54167	1750	
Emp 147	Female	Referral	Ahamad	Senior QA Engineer	BU 6	Test Mile Software Testing Pvt Ltd	Selenium	2017-07-24	3	58333	2000	
Emp 148	Male	Referral	Ahamad	QA Engineer	BU 6	Test Mile Software Testing Pvt Ltd	Selenium	2017-07-24	3	50000	1750	
Emp 160	Female	Referral	Dhandapani	Lead Software Engineer	BU 6	Oracle	Selenium	2017-09-28	12	208333	4000	
Emp 163	Female	Referral	Ahamad	Senior QA Engineer	BU 6	Athenahealth	Selenium	2017-08-09	4	91667	2300	
Emp 167	Male	Referral	Tania	Senior QA Engineer	BU 6	Support.com	Selenium	2017-09-01	3	71667	2000	

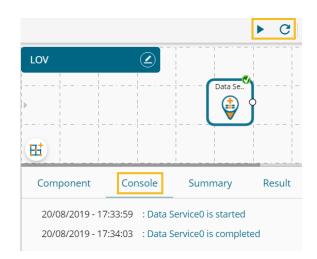
x) The filtered data for team BU 6 gets uploaded from the selected data service.

5.2.1.2. LOV Control Type

- i) The Conditions tab opens.
- ii) Select 'LOV' as a Control Type option.
- iii) Select another Data Connector and Data Service from the lookup.
- iv) Select filter value
- v) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General		Filter Name		ol Type			
Properties	ID		LOV	v			
Conditions	Select Data	Connector	Mysql_pr	•			
	Select Data	a Service	Distinct_filter	•			
	Select Filter	r(s)	2 checked	•			
•			✓ 15✓ 60				
						Арр	ly

vi) Run the component to get data.



vii) The filtered data for the provided values gets uploaded.



Component Con	sole Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	
Show 10 🔻 entrie	5				
Checking_account_sta	itus Loan_Durati	ion Credit_H	listory Purpose	e_of_the_loan C	redit_Amount
>= 200 DM	15	existing cro paid back (now		268	37
no checking account	60	existing cro paid back of now		652	7
<0 DM	15	no credits taken/all o paid back		950)
no checking account	15	delay in pa in the past		equipment 960)
no checking account	15	existing cro paid back (now		/Ision 356	8
no checking account	15	critical account/or credits exis (not at this	sting car (used)	336	8
0 <=<200 DM	15	no credits taken/all c paid back		177	18
no checking account.	15	existing cropaid back of now		/sion 138	86
no checking account	15	delay in pa in the past		/ision 147	18
no checking account	15	existing cropaid back of now		equipment 270	18
Showing 1 to 10 of 58 entr	ries	15697			

5.2.1.3. Batch Query

- i) Drag and drop a Data Service connector to the Workspace canvas.
- ii) Configure the Properties tab.
- iii) Click the **'Next'** option.

Component	Console Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Data Service Prope	erties				
Properties	Select Data Connector	bat	ch_query	- G		
	Select Data Service	iris_	batch	-		
	Fields					
	Column He	ader		Data type		
	row1			long		
	row2			double		
	row3			double		
	row4			double		
	row5			double		
•	rowб			string		
					Next	t



iv) If the selected data does not contain a filter, then while clicking the '**Next**' option, the Batch Query tab appears.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+ †	<u>+</u>
General	Column	Selection		0			
Properties	Sele	ect Columns For	Select	•			
Batch Query	Bato	ch Query					
				(Generate		
						Арр	ly
Or							

The 'Conditions' tab opens (if the selected data service contains filter values). Select the 'Batch Query' option as the Control Type. Select the 'Next' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>1</u> T
General		Filter Name		Control Type		
Properties	catego	ory	Bate	ch Query	•	
Conditions						
						Next

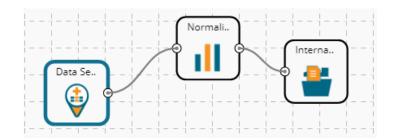
The 'Batch Query' tab appears.

- v) Select a column using the '**Columns**' drop-down menu.
- vi) Click the 'Generate' option to generate a batch query.
- vii) Click the 'Apply' option after configuring the 'Conditions' tab.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	÷ 1
General	Colu	umn Mapping			0	
Properties		Filter Names		Columns		
Conditions		category		row6	•	
Batch Query		SELECT DIST	INCT row6 FR	OM iris_n	2 Generate	
						3 Apply



- viii) The 'Apply Successful' message appears.
- ix) To see batch-wise completion of the process under the 'Console' tab connect the Data Service component to a data writer. E.g., the following image displays the normalization and internal data writer connectors connected to the Data Service component.



- x) Configure the component and run the workflow.
- xi) Open the batch-wise completion of the process that can be seen under the 'Console' tab.

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatior	n Properties
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:13 : Batch	Process started			
Þ	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:14 : Data	Service0 is started	l for setosa		
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:15 : Data	Service0 is started	l for versicolor		
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:16 : Data	Service0 is started	l for virginica		
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:22 : Num	per of Rows fetche	ed: 50 for virgir	nica	
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:22 : Numl	per of Rows fetche	ed: 50 for setos	a	
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:22 : Num	per of Rows fetche	ed: 50 for versi	color	
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:22 : Data	Service0 is comple	eted for virginio	ta	
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:22 : Data	Service0 is comple	eted for setosa		
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:22 : Data	Service0 is comple	eted for versico	olor	
Þ	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:22 : Norm	alization1 is starte	ed for virginica		
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:22 : Norm	alization1 is starte	ed for setosa		
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:22 : Norm	alization1 is starte	ed for versicolo	or	
	10/07/2019 - 14:52	2:24 : Norm	alization1 is comp	oleted for virgin	nica	

Note:

- a. The Result tab displays no data in the case of the Batch Query option in the R workspace.
- b. The Batch Query option is available only for the **R** and **Python** Workspaces.
- c. The user can develop a data service via the Data Management module of the BDB Platform.
- d. **'Fields'** option under the '**Properties**' tab appears only after selecting the appropriate query service.
- e. LOV service provided under the '**Conditions**' tab can contain only one column, in case of more than one column, a warning message appears.
- f. The user can configure the following information for a data service data source via the 'General' tab:
 - i. Alias Name
 - ii. Description (it is an optional field)



- Rules to be Followed while Creating a Data Service
 - 1. The data service header should not have space. It should be a single word or two words concatenated by an underscore (_).
 - 2. The data service header should not contain any special characters. E.g. %, #, \$, @,*, etc.
 - 3. Data service header should not contain single or double quotes, dot, brackets, and high-fen.
 - 4. Data service header should not contain merely numbers. Numerals should be used with at least one alphabet.
 - 5. The data service header should not exceed 50 characters.

5.3. Cassandra Reader

The Cassandra Reader data source connector is provided for R and Spark ML workspaces.

- i) Select and drag the 'Cassandra Reader' component onto the workspace.
- ii) Click on the dragged 'Cassandra Reader' component.



- iii) Users will be redirected to the 'Properties' tab of the component.
- iv) Configure the required properties:
 - a. Select Data Connector: Select a data connector using the drop-down menu
 - b. Host Name: Data connector specific hostname will be displayed
 - c. Port Number: Port number will be displayed
 - d. User Name: Username gets displayed
 - e. Password: Enter the password
 - f. Cluster Name: Enter a cluster name
 - g. Select Key Space: Select a keyspace from the drop-down menu
 - h. Select Table: Select a table from the drop-down menu
 - i. Limit No. of row to fetch: Select an option using the drop-down menu. Two options are provided, as shown below:
 - 1. Select all Rows
 - 2. Limit By
 - j. Max. No. of Rows to be fetched: Enter a number to decide maximum fetched rows. (This option appears only if the 'Limit By' option has been selected using the 'Limit by Row' field. The default value for this field is 1000).

www.bdb.ai



v) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Status	+	<u>1</u>
General	Data Servi	ice Properties						
Properties	Select Data	Connector	Cassandra	-				
Column Selection	Host Name							
	Port Numbe	r						
	Username		cassandra					
	Password		•••••					
	Cluster Nam	ne	Cluster					
	Select Key S	pace	ра	-				
	Select Table		Prod_table_nev	v1 -				
	Limit No: of	rows to fetch	Limit by	¥				
>	Max no: of r	ows to be	100					
	fetched							
								_
							Next	

- vi) Users will be redirected to the 'Column Selection' tab.
- vii) Select the required columns from the list.
- viii) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Status	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Meta Data							
Properties	Headers		Туре	Sj	pecify			
	UID		TIMEUUID					
Column Selection	Attrition		TEXT					
	Skills_Group	oing	TEXT					
	current_sta	tus	TEXT					
	designation	1	TEXT					
	experience		FLOAT					
	gender		TEXT					
	monthly_sa	lary	FLOAT					
	source		TEXT					
	team		TEXT					
>								
							Appl	у

ix) Run the component process for fetching data clearing the Cache.



	►	G
Cassand		

x) The 'Console' tab opens to display the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process is marked through the green checkmark on the top of the component.

reate New Workflow						
		Cassand				
Component Conso	ole Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Status	<u>+</u>

- xi) After the Console process gets completed, users can view the Result data using the 'Result' tab.
- xii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged data source component on the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.

Show 10	 entries 						Search:	
Attrition	Skills_Grouping	current_status	designation	experience	gender	monthly_salary	source	team
No	QA	joined	senior qa engineer	4	female	42392.9	referral	bu 2 qa
No	UI and Java Developer	joined	associate software engineer	1.3	male	30896	drive	bu 1 engineering
No	BI	joined	senior software engineer	4.3	male	33582.5	portal	bu 1 ps
No	UI and Java Developer	joined	sr.ui developer	3.3	male	38783.56	agency	bu 1 ps
No	DEVOPS	joined	senior software engineer	3.4	male	41471.15	referral	bu 2 engineering
No	QA	absconded	qa engineer	0	female	18581.32	drive	bu 1 qa
No	UI and Java Developer	joined	senior software engineer	3.5	female	45610.9	referral	bu 1 engineering
Yes	UI and Java Developer	resigned	senior software engineer	3.11	male	33230	portal	bu 2 ps
No	ві	joined	associate software engineer	1	male	28261.4	drive	bu 2 ps
Yes	ві	resigned	senior software engineer	4	male	32308.33	portal	bu 2 ps

5.4. Data Store Reader

i) Select and drag the 'Data Store Reader' component onto the workspace.



ii) Click the 'Data Store Reader' component.



- iii) Users will be redirected to the 'Properties' tab of the component.
- iv) Configure the required properties:
 - a. Select Data Store: Select a data store using the drop-down menu.
 - b. Limit No. of Documents to Fetch: Select an option using the drop-down menu. Two options are provided, as shown below:
 - 1. Fetch all Documents
 - 2. Limit By
 - Max. No. of Documents to be Fetched: Enter a number to decide maximum fetched documents (This option appears when the 'Limit By' option has been selected using the 'Limit No. of Documents to Fetch' field. Users can select any positive integer value).
- v) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console Summary	Result Visi	ualization Pi	roperties	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Data Store Reader Prop	erties				
Properties	Select Data Store	Hiring_Data	•	Ð		
Column Filter	Limit No. of Documents	Limit By	٣			
	to Fetch					
	Max No. of Documents	9	\$			
	to be Fetched					
	Fields					
	Column Header	Field Definitio	n Data	a type		
>	name	dimension	strir	ng		
r	gender	dimension	strir	ng		
	source	dimension	strir	ıg		
					Next	

- vi) The 'Column Filter' tab opens.
- vii) Select the required columns from the drop-down list.
- viii) Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Column Sele	ection					
Properties	8 checked		-				
Column Filter							
						Apply	

- ix) Run the component by clearing the previous cache to get Data.
- x) The 'Console' tab opens to display the progress of the process. The completion of the Console Process is marked by a green checkmark on the top of the dragged Data store component.



- xi) The user can view the Result data using the 'Result' tab.
- xii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged data source component on the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.

ow 10 •	entries				S	earch:	
name	gender	source	designation	team	skills	id	salary
Emp ID 112	male	portal	senior software engineer	bu 1 engineering	PI/Sql developer	45	38585.33
Emp ID 112	male	portal	senior software engineer	bu 1 engineering	Pl/Sql developer	1560	38585.33
Emp ID 112	male	portal	senior software engineer	bu 1 engineering	PI/Sql developer	3401	38585.33
Emp ID 112	male	portal	senior software engineer	bu 1 engineering	Pl/Sql developer	3894	38585.33
Emp ID 112	male	portal	senior software engineer	bu 1 engineering	PI/Sql developer	5734	48231.67
Emp ID 112	male	portal	senior software engineer	bu 1 engineering	PI/Sql developer	7110	48231.67
Emp ID 112	male	portal	senior software engineer	bu 1 engineering	Pl/Sql developer	8357	48231.67
Emp ID 112	male	portal	senior software engineer	bu 1 engineering	PI/Sql developer	9111	48231.67
Emp ID 113	male	portal	senior software engineer	bu 2 engineering	Java	46	25718.58

Note: Empty values present in any row of the numeric column gets replaced with zero (0) while reading data from a data store reader.



5.5. Zip File

- i) Select and drag the 'Zip File' component onto the workspace.
- ii) Click the **'ZIP File'** component.



- iii) The Properties tab opens for the Zip File.
- iv) Browse a Zip file.
- v) Click the **'Extract'** option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	± Ť
General	Upload ZIP					
Properties	Select File		Browse		This is a required field	
þ.						Extract

vi) After extracting data, the following message appears.

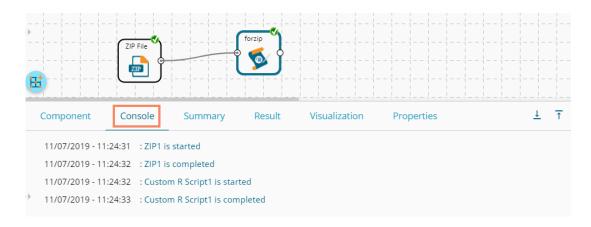
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Upload	d ZIP						
Properties	Select Fi	le	merg	e.zip				
<u></u>	The file	has been extracted	l in a secure loca	ition and can be acces	sed by using variable ZIP_FILE_LOCAT	ION 👁		
				Extracte	ed Successfully			

- vii) Connect the dragged ZIP file to a script component to read the extracted data from the ZIP file.
- viii) Click the 'Apply' option for the Custom Group tab of the script component.

	ZIP File		forzip				
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		± T
General Custom Group	Dynan	nic Fields					
							Apply



- ix) After getting the 'Apply Successful' message, click the 'Run' or 'Refresh' icon to get started with the process.
- x) The progress of the process appears under the 'Console' tab, and the completion of the process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



xi) After the successful completion of the Console process, open the 'Result' tab to view the Result data.

Component Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	5	+	<u>+</u>
Show 10 • entries			Searc	h:			
country	democracy	y_score					
USA	19						
Albania	16						
Turkey	16						
China	5						
Sudan	10						
Showing 1 to 5 of 5 entries				Previous	1	Ne	xt

Note:

- a. In the R workspace, the ZIP file can have files with the following extensions-.csv, .xlsx, and .json
- b. The ZIP file will have the following properties:
 - 1) Extensions supported for ZIP will be ".zip",".tar",".rar",".7z", "tar.gz".
 - 2) The ZIP file data source should only get connected to the Custom Scripts. If connected to any other component, an error should occur, saying, "Cannot be connected. Connect to Custom Scripts".
 - 3) After uploading a ZIP file, the contents of the ZIP file get shown in UI after decompressing it.
 - 4) Within the script, the files in the zip can be accessed with the drive location.

5.6. SFTP Reader

The SFTP reader is provided to handle enormous data for the Python Workspace. The SFTP reader can read data from any file extension using a relevant Script.

i) Select and drag the 'SFTP Reader' component onto the workspace.



- ii) Click the 'SFTP Reader' component.
- iii) The Properties tab opens for the SFTP data source connector.
- iv) Configure the required details:
 - a. Host address
 - b. Port number
 - c. Username
 - d. Password
 - e. Remote Path
 - f. Click the 'Connect' option. It should return a notification that successfully connected.
 - g. The user can select a file with a double click from the available options. The selected file path gets mentioned.
- v) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Configure SFTP					
Properties	Host			0		
	Port					
	User name	ftpuser				
	Password					
	Remote path	/home/ftpuse	r			
2	Selected File Path : /home/	ftpuser/	Connect	Successfully Connected		
					Арр	ly

- vi) A success message should appear, stating that the data source has been applied.
- vii) Run the component process to get data.
- viii) Completion of the 'Console' process gets marked by a green checkmark on the top of the dragged SFTP reader component.



			► C
SFTP DS			
Component	Console	Summary	Result
21/8/2019 - 12:57	7:35 : Process	added to Queue	
21/08/2019 - 12:5	55:24 : SFTP F	Reader0 is started.	
> 21/08/2019 - 12:5	57:23 : SFTP F	Reader0 is complet	ted.
21/08/2019 - 12:5	57:23 : Proces	ss Completed	

ix) The fetched data appears under the 'Result' tab.

Componer	nt Conso	ole Summa	ry Result	Visualizat	tion Propertie	25				<u>+</u> ⊥		
Show 10	v 10 • entries Search:											
play_id	game_id	home_team	away_team	posteam	posteam_type	defteam	side_of_field	yardline_100	game_date	quar		
46	2009091000	PIT	TEN	PIT	home	TEN	TEN	30.0	2009-09-10	900		
68	2009091000	PIT	TEN	PIT	home	TEN	PIT	58.0	2009-09-10	893		
92	2009091000	PIT	TEN	PIT	home	TEN	PIT	53.0	2009-09-10	856		

5.7. HDFS Reader

The HDFS Reader is provided for the PySpark workspace. The HDFS reader loads distributed data (in batches) and supports only CSV extension.

- i) Select and drag the 'HDFS Reader' component onto the workspace.
- ii) Click the **'HDFS Reader'** component.

4 🤤 D.	ata Source	HDFS Re
	HDFS Reader	

iii) The Properties tab opens for the HDFS data source connector.



- iv) Configure the required fields.
- v) Click the 'Connect' option. It should return a success message that successfully connected.
- vi) The user can select a file with a double click from the available options. The selected file path gets mentioned.
- vii) Click the '**Apply**' option.
- viii) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- ix) The progress of the process appears under the '**Console**' tab. The completion of the process gets marked by a green checkmark on the top of the dragged HDFS reader component.

				►	C + 5
HC	DFS_DS				
• •				IS Re.	
Ħ	D			_	
C	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization
	21/8/2019 - 15:49	:33 : Process	added to Queue		
	21/08/2019 - 15:4	9:17 : HDFS F	Reader0 is started	l.	
•	21/08/2019 - 15:4	9:22 : HDFS F	Reader0 is comple	eted.	
	21/08/2019 - 15:4	9:22 : Proces	s Completed		

x) The fetched data appears under the 'Result' tab.

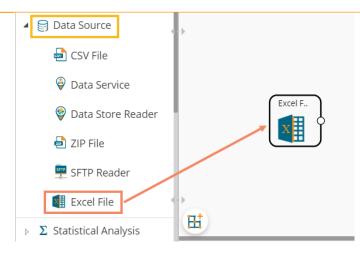
	Component	Console	Summar	y Resi	sult Visualization Properties				<u>+</u> + <u>↓</u>		
÷	Show 10 • e	ntries						Search:			
	candidate_id	name	gender	source	designation	team	previous_organisation	skills	expected_joining_dat		
	11	Renuka	Female	Orgspire	Senior QA Engineer	BU 6	Thomson Reuters	Selenium	2017-02-05 18:30:00		
	12	Arunjunai Sathis R	Male	Orgspire	QA Engineer	BU 6	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	Selenium	2017-03-23 18:30:00		
÷	13	Jalavathi Batchu	Female	CareerNet	Senior QA Engineer	BU 6	Harman Connected Services	Selenium	2017-03-07 18:30:00		
	14	lanaki	Female	Referral	OA Architect	BU 6	Support.com	Selenium	2017-02-12 18:30:00		

5.8. Excel File

The Excel File reader is provided in the **Python Workspace** to handle minutes to large data from your spreadsheets and make it analytics-ready.

- i) Select and drag the 'CSV File' component onto the workspace.
- ii) Click the **'Excel File'** component.





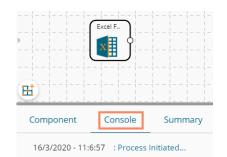
- iii) Configure the following fields for a data source:
 - a. Select File: Browse an Excel file.
 - b. Sheet Name: Provide the sheet name.
- iv) Click the **'Upload'** option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	⊥ ⊺
General	Config	ure Excel					
Properties	Select Fi	le	Hiring	g Data.xlsx			
•	Sheet Na	ame	Hiring	Data			
							Upload

v) The user should get a success message, as highlighted in the image given below:

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Configure	Excel						
Properties	Select File		Hiring Data.xl	lsx				
>	Sheet Name		0					
				Uploaded.				

- vi) Click the '**Run**' **>** or '**Refresh**' ^C icon.
- vii) The users will be redirected to the '**Console**' tab to display the progress of the process. a. It first displays that the process has been initiated.





- Excel
 Summary

 Component
 Console
 Summary

 16/3/2020 11:7:2
 : Process added to Queue

 16/03/2020 11:06:49
 : Excel0 is started.

 16/03/2020 11:06:50
 : Excel0 is completed.

 16/03/2020 11:06:50
 : Process Completed.
- b. The completion of the process is marked with a green checkmark on the dragged component.

- viii) After the Console process gets completed, the uploaded data appears under the 'Result' tab.
- ix) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged data source component on the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.

10 V 10 V	entries											Search:	
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joining_date	previous_ctc	team	expyrsper_ctc	month
4000	Male	Indeed	15	1	Management, Selenium	Athenahealth	1	1800000	2018-07-02 00:00:00	2000000	BU 6	120000	150000
4000	Male	Orgspire	10	2	Selenium	Support.com	2	1500000	2018-01-12 00:00:00	2000000	BU 6	150000	125000
2600	Male	Orgspire	4	з	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	3	1024000	1980-07-18 00:00:00	650000	BU 11	256000	85333
2300	Female	Referral	5	4	Selenium	Inventateq	4	650000	2018-03-18 00:00:00	580000	BU 6	130000	54167
1750	Male	Referral	3	5	Selenium	Tekinspy	5	520000	1972-04-15 00:00:00	500000	BU 6	208000	43333
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	4	6	ja∨a	CGI Information Systems	6	980000	2018-05-20 00:00:00	730000	BU 7	233333	81667
0	Male	Orgspire	3	7	AWS	Cognizant Technology solutions	7	650000	2018-06-10 00:00:00	510000	BU 7	216667	54167
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	3	8	Java+UI	HCL Technologies	8	845000	2018-05-20 00:00:00	650000	BU 11	281667	70417
2000	Male	Referral	2	9	Selenium	Support.com	9	520000	2017-02-20 00:00:00	500000	BU 6	260000	43333
0	Male	SkillRecruit	2	10	XLS, Report	Altisource	10	650000	2017-02-06 00:00:00	380000	BU 11	325000	54167

• Rules to be followed while uploading a CSV File

- 9. The first row provided in the Excel file should contain the column headers.
- 10. The second row of the Excel file should contain the data under all the headers without any 'null' or 'NA.'
- 11. Excel headers should not have space. It should be a single word or two words concatenated by an underscore (_).
- 12. Excel headers should not contain any special characters. E.g. %, #, \$, @,*, etc.
- 13. Excel headers should not contain single or double quotes, dot, brackets, and high-fen.
- 14. Excel headers should not contain merely numbers. Numerals should be used with at least one alphabet.
- 15. Excel header should not exceed 50 characters.
- 16. All rows in a column should have the same data type.

Note:



a. The Excel File component supports the .xlsx file type.

5.9. Removing a Data Source from the Workspace

- i) Right-click on the data source connector (in the workspace).
- ii) A context menu appears.
- iii) Click the 'Delete' option.
- iv) The selected Data Source component gets removed from the workspace.

OR

Click the 'Create New Workflow' icon to remove the connector(s) from the workspace.

•	C 🕂 🔂 🖥
	Create New Workflow
Data St.	

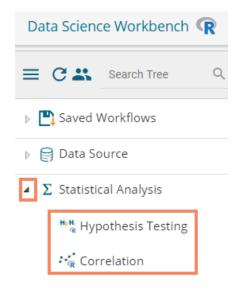
Note: The same set of steps applies to remove all types of data source connectors.

6. Statistical Analysis

Statistical inference makes propositions about a population, using data drawn from the population with some form of sampling. Given a hypothesis about a population, for which the user wishes to draw inferences, statistical inference consists of two things, first selecting a statistical model of the process that generates the data and second deducing propositions from the model.

The R workspace provides two Statistical Analysis options as described below:

- 1) Hypothesis Testing
- 2) Correlation





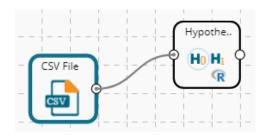
The Python Workspace provides Hypothesis Testing as a Statistical Analytics option.

Data Science Workbench 🥐							
E C Search Tree							
Saved Workflows							
🕨 😝 Data Source							
Σ Statistical Analysis							
⁸ 쁞 Hypothesis Testing							
👂 🎲 Data Preparation							

6.1. Hypothesis Testing

A statistical hypothesis test is a method of statistical inference. Commonly, two statistical data sets are compared, or a data set obtained by sampling is compared against a synthetic data set from an idealized model. A hypothesis is proposed for the statistical relationship between the two data sets, and this is compared as an alternative to an idealized null hypothesis that proposes no relationship between two data sets.

i) Drag the Hypothesis Testing component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.



- ii) Click the Hypothesis Testing component to open the configuration fields.
- iii) The user needs to configure various properties fields based on the Hypothesis Testing component. The following are some possibilities of the various Properties fields when a specific **method** has been selected to perform Statistical Analysis:
 - a. One Sample t-test: The one-sample t-test compares the mean of sample data to a known value. For example, one may want to know how sample means get compared to the population means. For this, one should run a one-sample t-test.
 - i. Statistical Analysis:
 - 1. **Method**: Select an option from the drop-down menu. Other properties fields get displayed based on the selection of the Method option. (In this case, the selected method is 'One Sample t-test')
 - ii. Column Selection:
 - 1. Input Columns: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric Column)
 - iii. Other Parameters
 - 1. Mean Value: Pass any integer/ decimal value. The default value for this field is 0.
 - 2. Alternative Hypothesis: select any one option from the drop-down menu (provided choices for this field are- Two-Sided, Greater, Lesser)



3. **Confidence Interval**: the textbox takes a single number between 0 and 1 (the default value for this field is 0.95)

Component	Console S	ummary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Statistical Analy	sis					
Properties	Method	One	e Sample t-test	•			
	Column Selectio	on					
	Input Columns	Sep	alLength	- 0			
	Other Paramete	ers					
	Mean Value	0		0			
	Alternative Hypothe	esis Two	o Sided	• 0			
•	Confidence Interval	0.9	5	0			
						Apply	

- **b.** Two Sample t-test: A two-sample t-test is used to test the difference between two population means. A typical application is to determine whether the means are equal.
 - i. Statistical Analysis:
 - 1. **Method**: Select an option from the drop-down menu. Other properties fields get displayed based on the selection of the Method option. (In this case, the selected method is 'Two Sample t-test')
 - ii. Column Selection:
 - 1. First Distribution: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric and Factor Columns)
 - 2. Second Distribution: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric and Factor Columns)

iii. Other Parameters

- 1. Mean Value: Pass any integer/ decimal value. The default value for this field is 0.
- 2. Alternative Hypothesis: select any one option from the drop-down menu (provided choices for this field are- Two-Sided, Greater, Lesser)
- 3. Confidence Interval: the textbox takes a single number between 0 and 1 (the default value for this field is 0.95)
- 4. Paired t-Test: It has two values: True and False (The default value is False)



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> <u>+</u>					
General	Statistical	Analysis									
Properties	Method		Two Sample t-	test 👻							
	Column S	Column Selection									
	First Distribu	ution	Number	•	8						
	Second Dist	ribution	SepalLength	•	0						
	Other Par	ameters									
	Mean Value		0		0						
	Alternative H	Hypothesis	Two Sided	•	0						
>	Confidence	Interval	0.95		0						
	Paired t-Test	t	False	•	0						
						Apply					

c. Chi-Square Test:

A Chi-Square Test is used to determine whether there is a significant association between the two variables.

i. Statistical Analysis

1. Method: Select an option from the drop-down menu. Other properties fields get displayed based on the selection of the Method option. (In this case, the selected method is 'Chi-Square Test')

ii. Column Selection:

- 1. First Distribution: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric and Factor Columns)
- 2. Second Distribution: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric and Factor Columns)

iii. Other Parameters

- 1. Simulate p-Value: It has two values: True and False (The default value for this field is True)
- 2. Number of Replicates: It takes positive integers (The default value for this field is 2000)
- 3. Continuity Correction: It has two values- True and False (The default value for this field is True)



Component	Console Summa	ry Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Statistical Analysis					
Properties	Method	Chi-Square Test	•			
	Column Selection					
	First Distribution	Number	- 0			
	Second Distribution	Select	• O			
	Other Parameters					
	Simulate p- value	True	- 0			
	Number of Replicates	2000	0			
>	Continuity Correction	True	- 0			
					Apply	
					Арріу	

- **d. One-Way ANOVA**: There are many situations where the user may want to compare the mean between multiple groups. The ANOVA test can tell if the groups have similar performances. One-way ANOVA takes one target variable and one independent variable at a time.
 - i. Statistical Analysis
 - 1. **Method**: Select an option from the drop-down menu. Other properties fields get displayed based on the selection of the Method option. (In this case, the selected method is 'One Way ANOVA')
 - ii. Column Selection:
 - 1. **Target Variable**: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric Columns)
 - 2. Independent Variables: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric and Factor Columns)
 - iii. Other Parameters
 - 1. Contrasts: Select an option from the given choices to display a list of contrast items that can be used for some variables in the model. (the provided options are contr. treatment, contr. poly, contr. sum, contr. Helmert)



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visua	lization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Statistical Anal	ysis						
Properties	Method	One-W	ay ANOVA	•				
	Column Select	ion						
	Target Variable	Numb	er	•	0			
	Independent	Sepal	ength	•	0			
	Variables							
	Other Paramet	ters						
	Contrasts	None	Selected	•				
>								
							Apply	

- e. Two-Way ANOVA: There are many situations where the user might want to compare the mean between multiple groups. The ANOVA test can tell if the groups have similar performances. Two-way ANOVA takes one target variable and multiple independent columns at a time.
 - i. Statistical Analysis
 - 1. **Method**: Select an option from the drop-down menu. Other properties fields get displayed based on the selection of the Method option. (In this case, the selected method is 'Two-Way ANOVA')
 - ii. Column Selection:
 - 1. **Target Variable**: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric Columns)
 - 2. Independent Variables: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric and Factor Columns)

iii. Other Parameters

1. **Contrasts:** Select an option from the given choices to display a list of contrast items that can be used for some variables in the model. (the provided options are contr. treatment, contr. poly, contr. sum, contr. Helmert)

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualiz	ation	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Statistical Ana	llysis						
Properties	Method	Two-V	Vay ANOVA	•				
	Column Selec	tion						
	Target Variable	Numb	er	•	0			
	Independent	1 che	cked	•	0			
	Variables							
	Other Parame	eters						
	Contrasts	contr.	poly	•				
, 								
							Apply	



- **f. Z-test**: Z-test is a statistical test where normal distribution is applied and is used for dealing with problems relating to large samples when $n \ge 30$.
 - i. Statistical Analysis:
 - 1. **Method**: Select an option from the drop-down menu. Other properties fields get displayed based on the selection of the Method option. (In this case, the selected method is 'Z-test')
 - ii. Column Selection:
 - 1. **Input Columns**: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric Column)
 - iii. Other Parameters
 - 1. Mean Value: Pass any integer/ decimal value. The default value for this field is 0.
 - 2. Alternative Hypothesis: select any one option from the drop-down menu (provided choices for this field are- Two-Sided, Greater, Lesser)
 - 3. **Confidence Interval**: The textbox takes a single number between 0 and 1 (the default value for this field is 0.95)

Component	Console Sun	nmary	Result	Visua	alization	Properties	*	Ŧ
General	Statistical Analysis							
Properties	Method	Z-test		•				
	Column Selection							
	Input Columns	Numbe	er	•	0			
	Other Parameters							
	Mean Value	0			0			
	Alternative	Two Si	ded	•	0			
•	Hypothesis							
	Confidence Interval	0.95			0			
							Apply	,

- g. Fisher Test: Fisher's exact test is a statistical test used to determine if there are non-random associations between two categorical variables.
 - i. Statistical Analysis
 - 1. **Method**: Select an option from the drop-down menu. (In this case, the selected method is **'Fisher Test'**)
 - ii. Column Selection:
 - 1. **First Distribution**: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric and Factor Columns)
 - 2. **Second Distribution**: Select any one column from the drop-down menu (it lists only Numeric and Factor Columns)
 - iii. Other Parameters
 - 1. Simulate p-Value: It has two values: True and False (The default value for this field is True)
 - 2. **Number of Replicates**: It takes positive integers (The default value for this field is 2000)



- **3.** Alternative Hypothesis: select any one option from the drop-down menu (provided choices for this field are- Two-Sided, Greater, Lesser)
- 4. **Confidence Interval**: The textbox takes a single number between 0 and 1 (the default value for this field is 0.95)

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Statistical An	alysis					
Properties	Method		Fisher Test	•			
	Column Sele	ction					
	First Distributio	n	Number	-	3		
	Second Distribu	ition	SepalLength	-	9		
	Other Param	neters					
	Simulate p- valu	ie	True	-	3		
	Number of Rep	licates	2000		•		
•	Alternative Hyp	othesis	Two Sided	- (9		
	Confidence Inte	erval	0.95		9		
						Apply	y

- iv) After a successful configuration, runs the workflow.
- v) The 'Console' tab opens, displaying the progress of the process.
- vi) The success of the process gets indicated through the green marks on the components.

CSV Fi	Hypoth					
Component Cons	ole Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
11/07/2019 - 13:15:36 : 11/07/2019 - 13:15:37 :		arted				

vii) Click the 'Result' tab to see the Result view of the data.



	Component	Console	Summary Result	Visualization	Properties	÷ 1
	Show 10 🔻	entries			Search:	
Þ	Number	SepalLength	SepalWidth	PetalLength	PetalWidth	Species
	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
	2	4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa
	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
	5	5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
	6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa
	7	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
•	8	5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa
	9	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa
	10	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa
	Showing 1 to 10 of	f 150 entries		Previous 1	2 3 4 5	15 Next

viii) Click the 'Summary' tab to see the summary of the Hypothesis Test.

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
•	One data: Numbe t = 21.284, alternative	Sample t-test or df = 149, p-val hypothesis: tru onfidence inter .50951	e mean is not eq					
Þ		End of Summary						

Note:

- **a.** Other properties fields get displayed based on the selection of the '**Method**' option.
- b. The Hypothesis Testing provided under the Python Workspace contains the same steps of configuration, but the Other Parameters fields vary as per the selected testing method. Please find all the Other Parameters variations provided below based on a specific testing method. Click the 'Information' icon to get the details of these fields.
 - i. One Sample t-test



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Statistical Ar	nalysis					
Properties	Method		One Sample t-test	•			
	Column Sele	ection					
	Input Columns		Number	-	0		
	Other Paran	neters					
	Population Mea	an	0		0		
	Axis		None		0		
	Dealing With M	issing	Propagate	-	0		
r	Value						
						Appl	y

ii. Two Sample t-test

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Statistical Ar	nalysis					
Properties	Method	E	Two Sample t-test	•			
	Column Sele	ection					
	First Distributio	on I	Number	•	0		
	Second Distrib	ution	SepalLength	-	0		
	Other Paran	neters					
	Axis		None		0		
•	Equal Variance		True	•	0		
	Dealing With N	lissing	Propagate	-	0		
						Арр	ly

iii. Chi-Square Test

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	Ŧ
General	Statistical A	nalysis					
Properties	Method		Chi-Square Test	•			
	Column Sele	ection					
	First Distributi	on 🚺	Number	•	0		
	Second Distrib	ution	Select	-	0		
	Other Parar	meters					
	Delta Degrees	of)		0		
•	Freedom						
	Axis	0)		0		
						Apply	



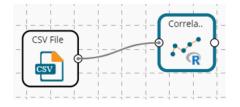
iv.	Z-test								
	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	4		<u>+</u>
	General	Statistical Ar	alysis						
	Properties	Method		Z-test	•				
		Column Sele	ction						
		First Distributio	n (Number	•	0			
		Second Distribu	ution	Select	•	0			
		Other Param	neters						
		Mean Value		0		0			
	•	Alternative Hyp	othesis	Two Sided	•	0			
		Delta Degrees o	of	0		0			
							A	oply	

There are no Other Parameters fields provided for the methods One-Way ANOVA and Two-Way ANOVA.

6.2. Correlation

Correlation is a statistical inference method that measures the degree to which two or more variables fluctuate together. A positive correlation indicates the extent to which those variables increase or decrease in parallel; a negative correlation indicates the extent to which one variable increases as the other decreases.

- i) Drag the Correlation component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.
- ii) Click the Correlation component to open the configuration fields.



- iii) Configure the following properties fields for the Correlation component:
 - a. Input Columns: Select any two columns using the drop-down menu
 - **b.** Method: Select a method using the drop-down menu. The available methods are:
 - i. Pearson
 - ii. Kendall
 - iii. Spearman
 - **c. Missing Value Method:** Select the required option using the drop-down menu. The available methods to Apply the Missing Value are:
 - i. Everything
 - ii. All.obs
 - iii. Complete.obs
 - iv. Na.or. complete
 - v. Pairwise.complete.obs



a. Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visua	lization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Column Sele	ction						
Properties	Input columns	5	checked	•	0			
	Method	1	checked	•				
	Missing value m	nethod 1	checked	•				
>								
							Apply	,

- iv) Run the workflow.
- v) The progress of the process gets displayed in the '**Console**' tab.

) E	(CSV File	Correla.	Ĵ
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization
11/07/2019 -	- 15:01:37 : CSV0	is started		
11/07/2019 -	- 15:01:38 : CSV0	is completed		
11/07/2019 -	- 15:01:38 : R-Cor	rrelation1 is starte	d	
11/07/2019 -	- 15:01:39 : R-Coi	rrelation1 is comp	leted	

- vi) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged correlation component onto the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.

pw 10 v entries				Search:	
category	Loan_Duration	Credit_Amount	instalment_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income	Present_residence_since	Age_in_Years
oan_Duration	1	0.465738245237381	0.0935215165673161	0.0348946077169088	-0.02518570670248
redit_Amount	0.465738245237381	1	-0.238537324761332	0.0181460663030051	0.017307734077162
stalment_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income	0.0935215165673161	-0.238537324761332	1	0.0410097613966184	0.05543313542275
resent_residence_since	0.0348946077169088	0.0181460663030051	0.0410097613966184	1	0.185288601533654
ge_in_Years	-0.0251857067024839	0.0173077340771623	0.0554331354227578	0.185288601533654	1

Note: The selected dataset has more columns then displayed in the below given Result view.

- vii) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- viii) The probable values of the selected columns get displayed via the Correlation Plot.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visu	alizati	on	Prop	perties	
		Corre	elation Plot]					
				Loan_Duration	Credit_Amount	instalment_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income	Present_residence_since	Age_in_Years	-1
		Lo	pan_Duration	1	0.47				8.0
			Credit_Arr	nount	1	-0.24	0.02	0.02	0.6 0.4
	instalment_ra	ate_in_percentaç	ge_of_disposal	ble_in	come	1	0.04	0.06	0.2 - 0 -0.2
			Present	t_resic	lence_	since	1		-0.4
					Ą	ge_in_'	Years	1	-0.6 -0.8 -1

ix) Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model summary.

0	Component C	onsole	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties
	Sumr	ary of the	e model			
	Columns used in t	he algorit:	thm			
÷	Loan Dun	tion (ir	togen)			
		nount (ir				
				sposable inco	me (integer)	
	Present_r	esidence_s	since (integer)			
	Age_in_Ye	ars (ir	nteger)			
	Loan Duration	Credit	Amount			
	Min. :-0.02519	-	-			
	1st Qu.: 0.03489) 1st Qu.	: 0.01731			
	Median : 0.09352	Median	: 0.01815			
	Mean : 0.31379					
	3rd Qu.: 0.46574	-				
	Max. : 1.00000					
			tage_of_disposable		ent_residence_since	
	Min. :-0.23854 1st Ou.: 0.04101				:0.01815 0u.:0.03489	
	Median : 0.05543				Qu.:0.03489 an :0.04101	
	Mean : 0.19029				:0.25587	
	3rd Qu.: 0.09352				Ou.:0.18529	
	Max. : 1.00000				:1.00000	
	Age_in_Years					
	Min. :-0.02519)				
	1st Qu.: 0.01731					
	Median : 0.05543	}				
	Mean : 0.24657					
	3rd Qu.: 0.18529					
	Max. : 1.00000	,				
	End	of Summary	/			



Note: The displayed Result, Visualization, and Summary tabs are based on the selection of the Kendall method. The user may have a slight variation based on another selection.

7. Data Preparation

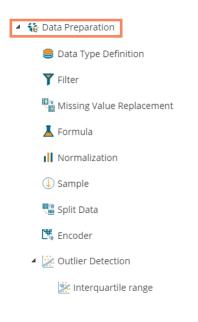
Components provided under the **Data Preparation** tree-node help in preparing the raw data from the data source and make it suitable for analysis. They organize data to gain accurate Results out of it. The list of the Data Preparation components may vary based on the different Workspace, but the configuration steps remain the same. This section aims at listing all the available Data Preparation components collectively.

Note: The Data Preparation list may vary based on various Data Science Workspaces, but the configuration process remains the same for all.

7.1. Data Type Definition

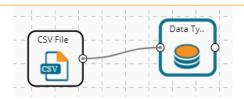
The Data Type Definition option can be used to change the name, data type of the data source column. This component helps users to prepare data and make it suitable for further analysis.

- i) Navigate to the landing page of any Data Science Workspace.
- ii) Click the 'Data Preparation' tree-node.
- iii) Various data preparation options get displayed (The below given list displays the Data Preparation options provided under the R Workspace since it includes all the available Data Preparation components).



- iv) Drag the 'Data Type Definition' component and connect it to a configured data source onto the workspace.
- v) Click the 'Data Type Definition' component (in the workspace).

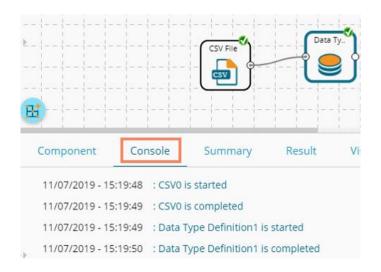




- vi) The 'Properties' tab opens.
- vii) Configure the following 'Data Type Mapping' details:
 - a. Column Name: Select a column name which you want to change
 - b. Alias Name: Enter an alias name for the required source column
 - c. Primary Data Type: Select a primary data type column that you want to change
 - d. **Date Format:** Select a date format that you want to display (the Date format is optional for date Data Type)
 - e. 'Add' option :: Click on this icon to add one more row of the 'Data Type Mapping' fields
- viii) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summa	ry Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Data Ty	pe Mapping					
Properties		ColumnName usd_bill 🔻	AliasName USDBilling	PrimaryDataType	-	+	
ŀ		id 🔻	Employeee	String v	-	+	
						Appl	y

- ix) **Run** the workflow by clearing the previous Cache.
- x) Open the 'Console' tab to see the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



- xi) After the Console process gets completed, users can view the Result data using the 'Result' tab
- xii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:



- **a.** Click the dragged Data Type Definition component in the workspace.
- **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.

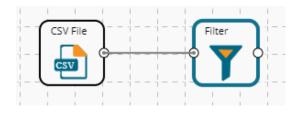
xiii) The user can see the given column names on the selected columns in the displayed **Result** data.

Component	Console	e Sumr	nary Result	Visualization	Properties			÷ ±
Show 10	entries						Search:	
USDBilling	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	EmployeeeID	offered_ctc
4000	Male	Indeed	15	1	Management, Selenium	Athenahealth	1	1800000
4000	Male	Orgspire	10	2	Selenium	Support.com	2	1500000
2600	Male	Orgspire	4	3	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	3	1024000
2300	Female	Referral	5	4	Selenium	Inventateq	4	650000
1750	Male	Referral	3	5	Selenium	Tekinspy	5	520000
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	4	6	Java	CGI Information Systems	6	980000
0	Male	Orgspire	3	7	AWS	Cognizant Technology solutions	7	650000
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	3	8	Java+UI	HCL Technologies	8	845000
2000	Male	Referral	2	9	Selenium	Support.com	9	520000
0	Male	SkillRecruit	2	10	XLS, Report	Altisource	10	650000
Showing 1 to 10	of 224 entrie	s				Previous 1 2	3 4 5	23 Next

7.2. Filter

This data preparation component is used to filter the data by column or row.

- i) Select and Drag the 'Filter' component onto the workspace.
- ii) Connect the 'Filter' component to a configured data source component.



iii) Configure the filter component as described below:

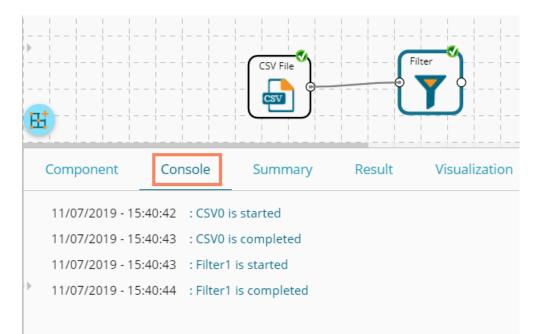
7.2.1. Column Filter

- i) Select a column from the 'Selected Columns' context menu.
- ii) Click the **'Apply'** option to configure the data.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	Ŧ
General	Column Filter	1					
Row Filter	Selected Column	s 3 c	checked	•			
Column Filter			🖊 team				
		e	xpyrsper_ctc				
		n	nonthly_salary				
		c	ur_monthly_pay	ment			
			name				
•		c	urrent_status				
			 designation 				
						App	ly

- iii) Run the workflow by clearing the previous cache.
- iv) The 'Console' tab opens to display the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



- v) After the Console process gets completed, users can view the Result data using the 'Result' tab.
- vi) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component in the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.
- vii) The filtered data gets displayed via the 'Result' tab.



	Component Co	nsole Summary Result V	isualization Properties $\frac{1}{2}$ \pm
	Show 10 • entries	5	Search:
Þ	team	name	designation
	BU 6	Ahsan R	QA Manager
	BU 6	Rajive Raveendra Pai	QA Architect
	BU 11	Amit Kumar Soni	Senior Software Engineer
	BU 6	Ritu	QA Engineer
	BU 6	Vedprakash	QA Engineer
	BU 7	Vedprakash	Senior Software Engineer
	BU 7	Animesh Srivastava	AWS Consultant
	BU 11	Vikram Bharti	Senior Software Engineer
,	BU 6	Sudharshan Reddy	QA Engineer
	BU 11	Ajish.T.Thomas	Business Analyst
	Showing 1 to 10 of 224 e	entries	Previous 1 2 3 4 5 23 Next

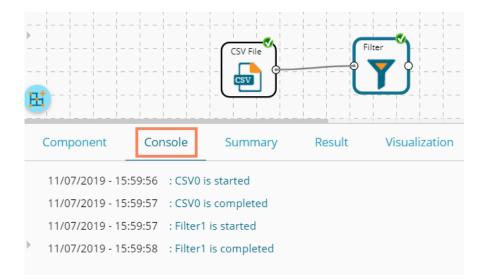
7.2.2. Row Filter

- i) Drag the Filter Component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.
- ii) Click the 'Filter' component.
- iii) The 'Column Filter' tab gets displayed (by default).
- iv) Select a column using the context menu.
- v) Select the 'Row Filter' tab from the 'Component' menu list.
- vi) Configure the required fields:
 - a. Double click on the components from **Columns, Operators,** and **Functions** in the sequence as shown in the image below
 - b. A formula gets entered in the given box (E.g., in this case, the entered formula is [id]>SELECT(200)
 - c. Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
Component General Row Filter Column Filter	Row Filte	-			Operators Equal to Not Equal to Greater than Greater than or equal to Less than	+	Ŧ
Þ				SUM Conditional functions IFELSECONDITION	Less than or equal to Multiply Divide	Apply	y



- vii) Run the workflow by clearing the previous cache.
- viii) The 'Console' tab opens to display the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process is marked by the green tick marks on the top of the dragged components.



- After the Console process gets completed, users can view the Result data using the 'Result' tab
- x) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged data preparation component on the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.
- xi) The filtered data, as per the applied formula, gets displayed under the '**Result**' tab.

Component Con	nsole Sun	nmary Result	Visualization Properties	+
Show 10 • entries				Search:
skills	id	team	designation	name
Java, Big Data	201	BU 10	Software Developer	Ranjana
Java, Big Data	202	BU 10	Sr Big Data Developer	Saquib
Java, Big Data	203	BU 10	Sr Big Data Developer	Mayur
Java, Big Data	204	BU 10	Big Data Developer	Ishana
Java+UI	205	BU 10	Sr Software Developer	Arnav
Java+UI	206	BU 10	Sr Software Developer	Kanakpriya
Java+UI	207	BU 10	Sr Software Developer	Vijay
Java	208	BU 10	Sr Software Developer	Arghya
Java	209	BU 10	Sr Software Developer	Anamika
iOS Dev, Java	210	BU 10	iOS Developer	Gurdeep

Note:

- a. The expression should retain Boolean output.
- b. Users can not use Data manipulation functions.



c. The Row Filter functionality provided under the Spark workspace takes the specific column name in between the @ symbols.

E.g., @cat@ as displayed below.

General	Row Filter
Row Filter	cat=@cat@
Condition Filter	un grange
	Columns
	Number
	PetalLength PetalWidth
	SepalLength
	SepalWidth
	cat

7.3. Missing Value Replacement

Users can replace the missing data in the specified variable with the determined value. The user is provided with a list of options that can be considered for replacement.

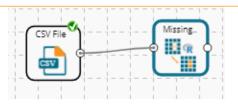
i) Drag a data source on the workspace, configure it, run it, and check the data using the 'Result' tab. (in this

case, the selected input data is displayed in the following image)

Search										
joining_date	previous_ctc	team	expyrsper_ctc	monthly_salary	cur_monthly_payment	name	current_status	designation	referral_of	joining_stat
	2000000	BU 6	120000	150000	125000	Ahsan R	Transferred	QA Manager		Joined
	2000000	BU 6	150000	125000	125000	Rajive Raveendra Pai	Resigned	QA Architect		Joined
	650000	BU 11	256000	85333	85333	Amit Kumar Soni	Terminated	Senior Software Engineer	Ritu	Joined
	580000	BU 6	130000	54167	52000	Ritu	Transferred	QA Engineer	Ahamad	Joined
	500000	BU 6	208000	43333	43333	Vedprakash	Transferred	QA Engineer	Ahamad	Joined
	730000	BU 7	233333	81667	0	Vedprakash	Declined	Senior Software Engineer		Declined
	510000	BU 7	216667	54167	Ō	Animesh Srivastava	Absconded	AWS Consultant		Absconded
	650000	BU 11	281667	70417	0	Vikram Bharti	Declined	Senior Software Engineer		Declined
	500000	BU 6	260000	43333	0	Sudharshan Reddy	Declined	QA Engineer	Tania	Declined
	380000	BU 11	325000	54167	0	Ajish.T.Thomas	Declined	Business Analyst		Declined

- ii) Select and drag the 'Missing Value Replacement' component onto the workspace.
- iii) Connect the 'Missing Value Replacement' component to a configured data source.
- iv) Use the Right-click on the 'Missing Value Replacement' component to configure.





- v) Choose the replacement value by configuring the following fields:
 - a. **Column Name**: Select a column using the drop-down that contains some missing values.
 - b. **Replacement Options**: Select a replacement option using the drop-down menu. The following replacement options are provided under this field:
 - 1. Mean
 - 2. Median
 - 3. Mode
 - 4. Maximum
 - 5. Minimum
 - 6. Remove Entire Row
 - 7. Remove Entire Column
 - 8. Custom Replacement
- vi) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console Summ	ary Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>↓</u> <u>↑</u>
General	Replacement Value	5			
Properties	Column Nam	Replacement O Custom Replac no record found	ceme 🔹 🛨		
					Apply

- vii) Run the workflow by clearing the previous cache.
- viii) The user can be redirected to the 'Console' tab to display the progress of the process.

			CSV File		issing.
	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization
•	11/07/2019 - 16:2 11/07/2019 - 16:2 11/07/2019 - 16:2 11/07/2019 - 16:2	25:32 : CSV0 25:32 : Miss			ted

ix) After the Console process gets completed, the user can view the Result data using the 'Result' tab.



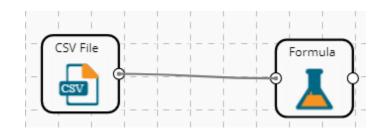
- x) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged data preparation component on the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.
- xi) The missing values in the selected column get replaced with the selected custom replacement value.

Component Console		Summary	Result	alization Pro	operties	*	
lary	cur_monthly_payment	name	current_status	designation	referral_of	joining_status	
	125000	Ahsan R	Transferred	QA Manager	no record found	Joined	
	125000	Rajive Raveendra Pai	Resigned	QA Architect	no record found	Joined	
	85333	Amit Kumar Soni	Terminated	Senior Software Engineer	Ritu	Joined	
	52000	Ritu	Transferred	QA Engineer	Ahamad	Joined	
	43333	Vedprakash	Transferred	QA Engineer	Ahamad	Joined	
	0	Vedprakash	Declined	Senior Software Engineer	no record found	Declined	
	0	Animesh	Absconded	AWS Consultant	no record	Absconded	

7.4. Formula

The user can create a calculated column using **'Formula.'** A formula can be formed by using available columns, functions, and operators.

- i) Select and drag the 'Formula' component onto the workspace.
- ii) Connect the 'Formula' component to a configured data source.
- iii) Click on the 'Formula' component.

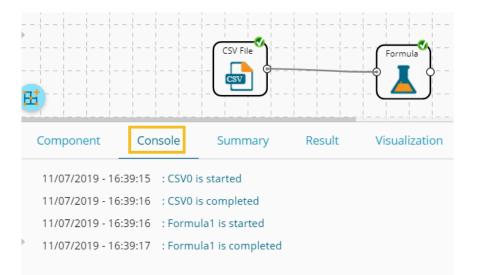


- iv) Configure the required component fields to Apply a formula:
 - a. 'Columns,' 'Functions,' and 'Operators': Double click on these lists enter a formula in the given box.
 - **b.** Formula Name: Enter a formula name in the given field.
 - c. Click 'Apply' to configure the formula.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualiz	zation	Properties		*	<u>+</u>
General		Formula Name	Formula			0			
Formula			[usd_billing]+[r	nonthly_salar	ry]				
			Columns		Functions	1	Operators		
Þ			offered_ctc expected_join previous_ctc team expyrsper_ctc monthly_sala	;	MONTI YEARS DAYNA DAYNU	ETWEEN HSBETWEEN BETWEEN IME IMBEROFMO IMBEROFWE	Multiply Divide Add Subtract Power of Exponential		
								Apply	,

- v) Run the workflow by clearing the previous cache.
- vi) The 'Console' tab opens displaying the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



- vii) After the Console process gets completed, the user can view the Result data using the 'Result' tab.
- viii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged data preparation component on the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.
- ix) A new column containing the data based on the inserted formula gets added to the Result data. (E.g., the '**Formula**' column as displayed below.)



	Component Console	e Summary	y Result	Visualization	Properties		<u>+</u> <u>↓</u>
r	cur_monthly_payment	name	current_status	designation	referral_of	joining_status	Formula
	125000	Ahsan R	Transferred	QA Manager		Joined	154000
	125000	Rajive Raveendra Pai	Resigned	QA Architect		Joined	129000
	85333	Amit Kumar Soni	Terminated	Senior Software Engineer	Ritu	Joined	87933
	52000	Ritu	Transferred	QA Engineer	Ahamad	Joined	56467
	43333	Vedprakash	Transferred	QA Engineer	Ahamad	Joined	45083
Þ	0	Vedprakash	Declined	Senior Software Engineer		Declined	81667
	0	Animesh Srivastava	Absconded	AWS Consultant		Absconded	54167

7.5. Normalization

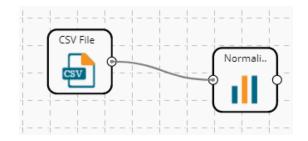
This component controls the relevant data. It attempts to convert the available data from a larger range to a smaller range. It can be done over numerical columns.

7.5.1. Min-Max Normalization

It implements a linear transformation of the original data values and sets a new range for all the data values to fit in. The user can fix the New Maximum and New Minimum Value for the data from the new field. Consequently, each value "v" from the original interval gets mapped into value "new_v" following the below-given formula:

$$new_v = \frac{v - min_x}{max_x - min_x} \cdot (new_max_x - new_min_x) + new_min_x$$

- i) Select and drag **the 'Normalization'** component onto the Workspace.
- ii) Connect the **'Normalization'** component to a configured data source.
- iii) Click the 'Normalization' component.



iv) Configure the following component fields:

Properties

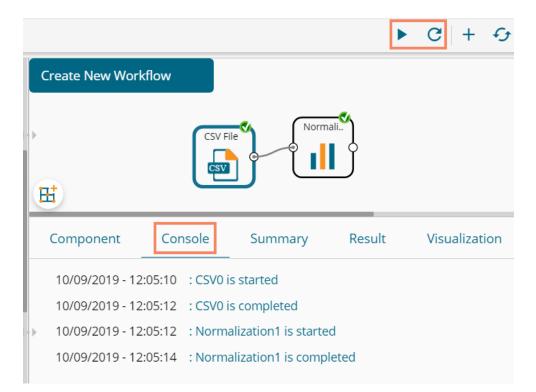
a. Column Selection



- i. **Select a Column**: Select a column using the drop-down menu (Only the numerical column gets selected)
- b. Behavior
 - i. Normalization Type: Select 'Min-Max' normalization type from the drop-down menu
 - ii. New Maximum: Set a new maximum value (the Default value for this field is 1)
 - iii. **New Minimum:** Set a new minimum value (the Default value for New Minimum field is 0)
- v) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console Summar	ry Result	Visualization	Properties	+ †	Ŧ
General	Column Selection					
Properties	Select Columns	1 checked	• 0			
	Behavior					
	Normalization Type	Min-Max	. 0			
	New Maximum	100				
	New Minimum	0				
•						
						-
					Apply	

- vi) Run the workflow by clearing the previous cache.
- vii) The 'Console' tab opens displaying the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks.





- viii) After the Console process gets completed, the user can view the Result data using the 'Result' tab.
- ix) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged Formula component in the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.

how 10 • en	tries								Search:	
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joining_date	pr
72.727272727272727	Male	Indeed	15	1	Management, Selenium	Athenahealth	1	1800000	02-07-2018	200
72.727272727272727	Male	Orgspire	10	2	Selenium	Support.com	2	1500000	12-01-2018	200
47.2727272727273	Male	Orgspire	4	3	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	3	1024000	18-07-1980	650
41.8181818181818	Female	Referral	5	4	Selenium	Inventateq	4	650000	18-03-2018	58
31.8181818181818	Male	Referral	3	5	Selenium	Tekinspy	5	520000	15-04-1972	500
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	4	6	Java	CGI Information Systems	6	980000	20-05-2018	730
0	Male	Orgspire	3	7	AWS	Cognizant Technology solutions	7	650000	10-06-2018	51(
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	3	8	Java+UI	HCL Technologies	8	845000	20-05-2018	650
36.3636363636364	Male	Referral	2	9	Selenium	Support.com	9	520000	20-02-2017	50
D	Male	SkillRecruit	2	10	XLS, Report	Altisource	10	650000	06-02-2017	38

7.5.2. Zero-Score

This normalization is known as **Zero Mean Normalization**, which is calculated on the **mean** and **standard deviation** for each attribute. It determines whether a specific value is above or below average. It also signifies the exact proportion of the variance from the fixed limit of aver3age. After Applying **'Zero-Score'** normalization, each feature has a mean value of zero (0). The unit of each value is the number of (estimated) standard deviations away from the (estimated) mean. Zero score normalization may be sensitive to small values of **'**^{σ_x} ' new value the **'new_v'** can be found by using the following expression:

$$new_v = \frac{v - \mu_x}{\sigma_x}$$

- i) Select and drag 'Normalization' component onto the Workspace
- ii) Connect the 'Normalization' component to a configured data source
- iii) Click the 'Normalization' Component
- iv) Configure the required component fields:

Properties

a. Column Selection



- i. **Select a Column**: Select a column using the drop-down menu (Only the numerical column gets selected)
- b. Behavior
 - i. **Normalization Type:** Select '**Zero-Score**' normalization type from the drop-down menu
- v) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summa	ry	Result	Visua	lization	Properties	. <mark>↓</mark> †	<u>+</u>
General	Column Sele	ction							
Properties	Select Columns		1 chec	ked	•	6			
	Behavior								
	Normalization T	ype	Zero-S	core	•	0			
•									
								Арр	ly

- vi) Run the workflow by clearing the previous cache.
- vii) The user gets redirected to the 'Console' tab to display the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process is marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.

				►	C
	Create New Workflow				
(₽₫	(CSV File	Normali	
	Component	nsole	Summary	Result	١
	10/09/2019 - 13:26:43	: CSV	/0 is started		
L	10/09/2019 - 13:26:45	: CSV	/0 is completed		
0	10/09/2019 - 13:26:45	: Nor	rmalization1 is starte	ed	
	10/09/2019 - 13:26:47	: Nor	rmalization1 is comp	leted	



- viii) After the Console process gets completed, the user can view the Result data using the 'Result' tab.
- ix) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged algorithm component in the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.

how 10 • ent	tries								Search:	
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joining_date	pr
72.727272727272727	Male	Indeed	15	1	Management, Selenium	Athenahealth	1	1800000	02-07-2018	200
72.727272727272727	Male	Orgspire	10	2	Selenium	Support.com	2	1500000	12-01-2018	200
47.2727272727273	Male	Orgspire	4	3	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	3	1024000	18-07-1980	650
41.8181818181818	Female	Referral	5	4	Selenium	Inventateq	4	650000	18-03-2018	58
31.8181818181818	Male	Referral	3	5	Selenium	Tekinspy	5	520000	15-04-1972	500
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	4	6	Java	CGI Information Systems	6	980000	20-05-2018	730
0	Male	Orgspire	3	7	AWS	Cognizant Technology solutions	7	650000	10-06-2018	510
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	3	8	Java+UI	HCL Technologies	8	845000	20-05-2018	65
36.3636363636364	Male	Referral	2	9	Selenium	Support.com	9	520000	20-02-2017	50
0	Male	SkillRecruit	2	10	XLS, Report	Altisource	10	650000	06-02-2017	38

Showing 1 to 10 of 224 entries

Previous 1 2 3 4 5 ... 23 Next

7.5.3. Decimal-Scaling

The decimal point of the value of each element is moved by its maximum absolute value. A modified value **'new_v'** can be obtained using the following formula:

$$new_v = \frac{v}{10^c}$$

Note: In the decimal-scaling expression, 'c' is the smallest integer so that $max(new_v) < 1$.

- i) Select and drag **the 'Normalization'** component onto the Workspace.
- ii) Connect the 'Normalization' component to a configured data source.
- iii) Click the 'Normalization' Component.
- iv) Configure the required component fields:

Properties

- a. Column Selection
 - i. **Select a Column**: Select a column using the drop-down menu (Only the numerical column gets selected).
- b. Behavior
 - i. **Normalization Type:** Select '**Decimal Scaling**' normalization type from the drop-down menu.
- v) Click **'Apply'** to configure the fields:



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>↓</u> ↑	Ŧ
General	Column Se	lection					
Properties	Select Colum	ns	1 checked	•	0		
	Behavior						
	Normalization	n Type	Decimal Scaling	•	0		
•							
						Apply	/

- vi) Run the workflow by clearing the previous cache.
- vii) The 'Console' tab opens displaying the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.

Normalization			► C
*	CSV F	ile Norm	ali
Component	Console	Summary	Result
11/09/2019 - 11:1 11/09/2019 - 11:1		0 is started	
		malization1 is start malization1 is com	

- viii) After the Console process gets completed, users can view the Result data using the 'Result' tab.
- ix) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged data preparation component on the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.



IOW 10 V	entries								Search:	
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joining_date	pre
0.4	Male	Indeed	15	1	Management, Selenium	Athenahealth	1	1800000	02-07-2018	2000
0.4	Male	Orgspire	10	2	Selenium	Support.com	2	1500000	12-01-2018	2000
0.26	Male	Orgspire	4	3	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	3	1024000	18-07-1980	6500
0.23	Female	Referral	5	4	Selenium	Inventateq	4	650000	18-03-2018	580
0.175	Male	Referral	3	5	Selenium	TekInspy	5	520000	15-04-1972	5000
)	Male	BMS Innolabs	4	6	Java	CGI Information Systems	6	980000	20-05-2018	7300
)	Male	Orgspire	3	7	AWS	Cognizant Technology solutions	7	650000	10-06-2018	510
)	Male	BMS Innolabs	3	8	Java+UI	HCL Technologies	8	845000	20-05-2018	650
.2	Male	Referral	2	9	Selenium	Support.com	9	520000	20-02-2017	500
)	Male	SkillRecruit	2	10	XLS, Report	Altisource	10	650000	06-02-2017	380

Note:

- a. Normalization displays columns containing only numerical data.
- b. 'New Maximum Value' must be higher than 'New Minimum Value.

7.6. Sample

This component can be used to select a subsection of data from a large dataset. The sample component supports the following sample types:

7.6.1. Sampling Methods

- 1. **First N:** It selects the first N records from the data source. E.g., If the chosen value for "N" is 10, then it will select the first ten records from the data.
- 2. Last N: It selects the last N records from the data source. E.g., If the chosen value for "N" is 5, then it will select the last five records from the data.
- **3.** Every Nth: It selects every Nth record from the data source, wherein "N" indicates an interval. E.g., If N=3, then 3rd, 6th, and 9th records get selected from the data.
- 4. **Simple Random:** It selects records randomly as per the value of "N" or percentage mentioned for "N" from the data source. E.g., If the selected value for "N" is four then, it selects randomly any four records from the data source. If the selected value for "N" is 4% then, it selects 4% of records from the data source.
- 5. **Systematic Random:** It selects data based on the bucket size. E.g., If the chosen value for the bucket is two then, it selects 1st, 3rd, 5th records or 2nd, 4th, 6th records from the data source.

7.6.2. Steps to Apply a Sampling Method

- i) Select and drag the 'Sample' component onto the workspace.
- ii) Connect the 'Sample' component to a configured data source.
- iii) Click the 'Sample' component.





iv) Configure the required component fields: Properties

a. Sampling Information

- i. Sampling Type: Select an option from the drop-down menu
- ii. Limit Rows by Select an option from the drop-down menu. This field will offer two options, as described below:
 - 1. Numbers of Rows: By selecting this option, it will display a new field 'Number of Rows.'
 - 2. **Percentage of Rows**: By selecting this option, it will display the new field '**Percentage of Rows**.'

b. Sample Size Limit

- i. **Maximum Rows**: The maximum number of rows that can be viewed in the 'Result' tab (It is an optional field)
- v) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console Sum	mary	Result	Visual	ization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	<u> </u>
General	Sampling Informati	on						
Properties	Sampling Type	First N	1	•				
	Limit Rows by	Numb	er of Rows	•				
	Number of Rows	5						
	Sample Size Limit							
	Maximum Rows	9						
•								
							_	
							Apply	y

- vi) Run the workflow by clearing the previous cache.
- vii) The 'Console' tab opens displaying the progress of the process. The completion of the process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



				► C
	Create New Workflow			
•			CSV File	Sample
	Ħ			
	Component	onsole	Summary	Result
	11/09/2019 - 11:55:42	2 : CSV0	is started	
	11/09/2019 - 11:55:43	3 : CSV0	is completed	
•	11/09/2019 - 11:55:43	3 : Samp	le1 is started	
	11/09/2019 - 11:55:45	5 : Samp	le1 is completed	

- viii) After the Console process gets completed, open the 'Result' tab to view Result data.
- ix) While accessing the 'Result' tab, the user gets the Result view based on the selected Sampling Type.

7.6.3. Result View for the Available Sampling Methods

1. First N (Where 'N' is 1 number of the row)

Component	Console	Summa	ry	Result	Visua	alization	Properties	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	Ŧ
General	Sampling Info	ormation							
Properties	Sampling Type		First N		•]			
	Limit Rows by		Numbe	r of Rows	•				
	Number of Row	S	5						
	Sample Size I	Limit							
	Maximum Rows		9						
•									
								Арр	y



Component	Console	Sum	mary Result	Visualization	Properties					<u>+</u> ⊥
how 10 🔻	entries								Search:	
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joining_date	previous
4000	Male	Indeed	15	1	Management, Selenium	Athenahealth	1	1800000	02-07-2018	2000000
4000	Male	Orgspire	10	2	Selenium	Support.com	2	1500000	12-01-2018	2000000
2600	Male	Orgspire	4	3	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	3	1024000	18-07-1980	650000
2300	Female	Referral	5	4	Selenium	Inventateq	4	650000	18-03-2018	580000
1750	Male	Referral	3	5	Selenium	Tekinspy	5	520000	15-04-1972	500000

2. Last N ('N' is 10% and maximum rows are 7)

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatio	on Properties	*	Ţ
General	Sampling In	formation					
Properties	Sampling Type		Last N	•			
	Limit Rows by		Percentage of Rows	•			
	Percentage of	Rows	10		0		
	Sample Size	Limit					
	Maximum Row	/S	7				
•							
					_		_
						Apply	,

now 10 🔻	entries									Search:		
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joining_date	previous_ctc	team	expy
3025	Male	BDB	5	202	Java, Big Data	BDB	202	1382400	01-12-2016	1123200	BU 10	27648
2625	Male	BDB	4	203	Java, Big Data	BDB	203	1041600	01-12-2016	892800	BU 10	29760
1500	Female	BDB	2	204	Java, Big Data	BDB	204	480000	01-12-2016	480000	BU 10	24000
2625	Male	BDB	4	205	Java+UI	BDB	205	924000	01-12-2016	792000	BU 10	26400
3025	Female	BDB	5	206	Java+UI	BDB	206	864000	01-12-2016	702000	BU 10	17280
2625	Male	BDB	4	207	Java+UI	BDB	207	907200	01-12-2016	777600	BU 10	25920
2225	Male	BDB	4	208	Java	BDB	208	748800	01-12-2016	662400	BU 10	21394

3. Every Nth (Interval is 3, and the maximum rows are 7)



Component	Console Sun	nmary	Result	Visualizatio	n Propertie	rs †	<u>+</u>
General	Sampling Informa	tion					
Properties	Sampling Type	Eve	ry Nth	•			
	Step Size	1					
	Sample Size Limit						
	Maximum Rows	7					
•							
						Арр	ly

10 T	entries								Search:	
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joining_date	previe
4000	Male	Indeed	15	1	Management, Selenium	Athenahealth	1	1800000	02-07-2018	200000
4000	Male	Orgspire	10	2	Selenium	Support.com	2	1500000	12-01-2018	200000
2600	Male	Orgspire	4	3	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	3	1024000	18-07-1980	650000
2300	Female	Referral	5	4	Selenium	Inventateq	4	650000	18-03-2018	580000
1750	Male	Referral	3	5	Selenium	Tekinspy	5	520000	15-04-1972	500000
1750	Male	BMS Innolabs	4	6	Java	CGI Information Systems	6	980000	20-05-2018	730000
2300	Male	Orgspire	3	7	AWS	Cognizant Technology solutions	7	650000	10-06-2018	510000

4. Simple Random (the 'Maximum Rows' are 7). The randomly selected seven rows will be displayed.

Component	Console	Summar	ry Result	Visuali	zation	Properties		↓ ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Sampling Inf	formation							
Properties	Sampling Type		Simple Random	•					
	Limit Rows by		Percentage of Rows	•					
	Percentage of F	Rows	10		0				
	Sample Size	Limit							
	Maximum Row	S	7						
•									
							-		_
								Apply	,



Component	Console	sumr	mary Result	Visualization	Proper	ties						÷ 1
Show 10 🔻	entries									Search:		
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joining_date	previous_ctc	team	expyr
1750	Male	CareerNet	2	17	Selenium	Aspire Infinite Solutions And	17	460000	20-05-2018	350000	BU 6	230000
2300	Male	BMS Innolabs	4	29	Selenium	Test Mile Software Testing Pvt	29	1050000	03-04-2017	700000	BU 6	262500
2200	Male	BMS Innolabs	3	31	Java	Aptean India Pvt Ltd	31	725000	15-05-2017	525000	BU 7	241667
0	Male	Referral	3	35	Selenium	Genpact	35	750000	15-05-2017	650000	BU 6	227273
3600	Male	CareerNet	7	38	Selenium	Wipro Technologies	38	1500000	15-05-2017	1150000	BU 8	202703
2200	Male	CareerNet	4	40	AngularJS	ConnectM Technology	40	840000	11-04-2017	600000	BU 1	233333
0	Male	CareerNet	5	48	Java	Oracle	48	1300000	15-05-2017	830000	BU 7	260000
Showing 1 to 7 c	f 7 entries									Previ	ous 1	Next

5. Systematic Random (Bucket Size is 10).

Component	Console Summa	ary Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Sampling Information	n				
Properties	Sampling Type	Systematic Random	•			
	Bucket Size	10				
	Sample Size Limit					
	Maximum Rows	7				
•						
					Apply	,

how 10 •	entries									Search:		
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joining_date	previous_ctc	team	e
2600	Male	Orgspire	4	3	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	3	1024000	18-07-1980	650000	BU 11	25
	Female	CareerNet	4	13	Selenium	Harman Connected Services	13	850000	08-03-2017	600000	BU 6	21
0	Male	CareerNet	3	23	Java	NTT Data	23	770000	17-04-2017	450000	BU 7	24
0	Male	Emuser	6	33	DotNet	CitiusTech Healthcare Technolo	33	1050000	15-05-2017	775000	BU 4	17
4000	Male	Referral	20	43	Java, Management	Trigent	43	2100000	31-03-2017	2750000	BU 7	10
2200	Male	CareerNet	3	53	DotNet	HP	53	950000	05-06-2017	700000	BU 4	27
4600	Male	Referral	16	63	Selenium, Management	TEK Systems Global Services	63	2800000	28-04-2017	0	BU 8	17

7.7. Split Data

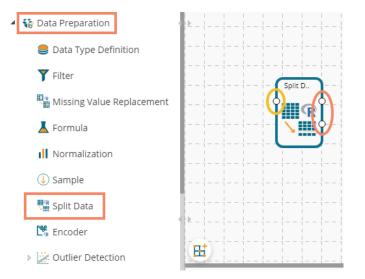
The Split Data component is used to split a dataset into training and testing per percentage and method. Once the most suitable model is decided from the trained data, users can pass



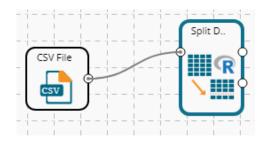
test data to validate the model.

Split Data appears as a leaf node under the Data Preparation Tree node (the current description displays the Split Data component provided under the R Workspace).

The Split Data consists of two connector nodes: Upper node for the **training data set** and a lower node for the **testing data set**.



i) Select the 'Split Data' component and connect it with a valid data source.



- ii) Click the '**Split Data**' component in the workspace.
- iii) The user gets directed to the Properties fields provided under the 'Components' tab
- iv) The user can choose the size of the first partition:
 - a. Relative (train): Enter a value to decide the ratio of train data out of the dataset (Type: Decimal, Range: 0-1 and sum of train and test data should be 1)
 - b. Relative (test): Enter a value to decide the ratio of train data out of the dataset (Type: Decimal, Range: 0-1 and sum of train and test data should be 1)

Note: If the user does not want to configure the Advanced tab then the 'Apply' option provided for the '**Properties**' tab must be clicked, otherwise click the 'Apply' option provided for the Advanced tab.



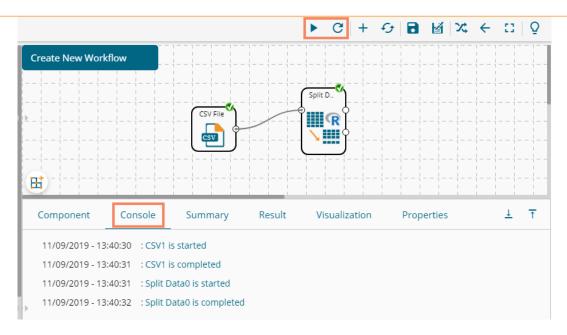
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Choose Split	Ratio					
Properties	Train Split Ratio	0.7	7		9		
Advanced	Test Split Ratio	0.3	0				
						Apply	y

- v) The user can configure the sampling type using the Advanced fields if needed.
 - a. Sampling Type: Select any one option from the drop-down menu
 - i. Linear Sampling
 - ii. Shuffled Sampling
 - iii. Stratified Sampling
- vi) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ⊥	
General	Sampling Ty	/pe					
Properties	Sampling Type	e L	inear Sampling.	•			
Advanced			Search				
•			 Linear San Shuffled Samp Stratified Samp 	ling			
						Apply	

- vii) Run the workflow after clearing the cache.
- viii) The 'Console' tab opens displaying the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.





- ix) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component in the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.

The Result tab displays two data sets separated by a sub-tab. As shown in the below-given images:

Split 1 Split 2				
sepal_length	es sepal_width	petal_length	Search:	species
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa
4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa
4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa

i. Select the 'Split 1' tab to see one set of data (the training dataset)

ii. Select the 'Split 2' tab to see another set of data (the testing dataset)



Component	Console Summary	Result \	/isualization Propertie	s +.
Split 1 Split 2 Show 10 ▼ ent	tries		Search:	
sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
7.6	3	6.6	2.1	virginica
4.9	2.5	4.5	1.7	virginica
7.3	2.9	6.3	1.8	virginica
6.7	2.5	5.8	1.8	virginica
7.2	3.6	6.1	2.5	virginica
6.5	3.2	5.1	2	virginica
6.4	2.7	5.3	1.9	virginica
6.8	3	5.5	2.1	virginica
5.7	2.5	5	2	virginica
5.8	2.8	5.1	2.4	virginica
Showing 1 to 10 of 4	5 entries		Previous 1 2 3	4 5 Next

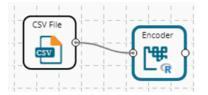
Note:

- a. The current document covers steps to deal with a CSV File dataset for all the R Data Preparation components. Similar steps can be followed for a Data Service data set.
- b. The Data Preparation list may vary based on different workspaces, but the configuration process remains the same. All the unique Data Preparation components are explained under this section.

7.8. Encoder

Encoding operation determines the existence of a string value in a selected column within each row in a worksheet. It converts categorical values in a worksheet to numeric values (only zero and one) required by machine learning algorithms.

i) Drag the Encoder component and connect it with a configured data source.



- ii) Click the Encoder component to configure the Properties tab:
 - a. Column Selection
 - i. Feature: Select a column using the drop-down option. All the string value columns get listed.
 - b. Output Data Behaviour
 - i. Remove First Dummy: Select an option from the drop-down menu (out of True/False)
 - ii. Remove Most Frequent Dummy: Select an option from the drop-down menu (out of True/False)
 - iii. Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Column Sel	lection					
Properties	Features		1 checke	d 👻			
	Output Dat	a Behaviour					
	Remove First	Dummy	False	-			
	Remove Most Frequent Dun		False	-			
						Apply	,

- iii) Run the workflow.
- iv) The Console tab opens displaying the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green marks on the top of the dragged components.

			► C
	Create New Workflow		
	CSV File		der F
Γ	Component Console Sum	mary	Result
	11/09/2019 - 16:14:59 : CSV0 is started		
	11/09/2019 - 16:15:00 : CSV0 is comple	ted	
÷	11/09/2019 - 16:15:00 : Encoder1 is sta	rted	
	11/09/2019 - 16:15:01 : Encoder1 is cor	npleted	

- v) Open the Result tab to see the processed data.
 - a. Click the Encoder component.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab to open the Result view.(The data of the selected column gets displayed by the 0 and 1 numbers)



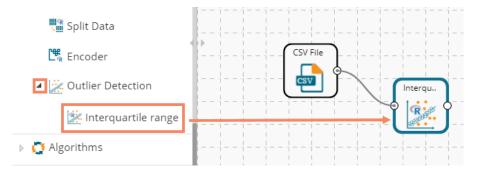
how 10 🔻	entries					Search:	
sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species	species_setosa	species_versicolor	species_virginic
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	1	0	0
4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	1	0	0
4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	1	0	0
4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	1	0	0
5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	1	0	0
5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	1	0	0
4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	1	0	0
5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	1	0	0
4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa	1	0	0
4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa	1	0	0

7.9. Outlier Detection

This component is used to discover patterns in data set that do not follow the expected behavior. It lists the outlying values based on the statistical distribution between the first and third quartiles. Interquartile Range has been provided as a sub-algorithm type.

7.9.1. Interquartile Range

i) Drag the Interquartile Range component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.



- ii) Configure the following fields in the 'Properties' tab:
 - a. Output Information
 - i. Output Mode: Select a mode of display for output data.
 - 1. **Show Outlier**: Select this option to add a Boolean column to the input data identifying whether the Resultant value is an outlier.
 - 2. **Remove Outlier**: Select this option to remove outlying values from the input data.
 - b. Column Selection
 - i. Feature: Select an input column that can be used to perform the analysis.
 - c. Behavior
 - i. **Fence Coefficient:** Enter the permissible deviation limit for values from the Interquartile Range (The default value for this field is 1.5)



d. New Column Information

i. New Column Name: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values (This column appears only when 'Show Outliers' is selected as an Output Mode).

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Output Infor	mation					
Properties	Output Mode		Show Outliers	•			
Advanced	Column Sele	ction					
	Feature		Wind_speed	•	0		
	Behavior						
	Fence Coefficie	nt	1.5		0		
	New Columr	n Informatio	n				
	New Column N	ame	OutliersDetected1		0		
						Apply	

Properties fields with the 'Remove Outliers' option selected to display Output Information.

Component	Console Summar	y Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	Ŧ
General	Output Information					
Properties	Output Mode	Remove Outliers	•			
Advanced	Column Selection					
	Feature	Wind_speed	- 0	•		
	Behavior					
	Fence Coefficient	1.5	0			
•						
					Apply	y

Note: If the user does not need to configure the 'Advanced' tab, then the 'Apply' option must be clicked from the Properties tab.

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:
 - a. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Missing Values**: Select a method to deal with missing values from the drop-down menu.
 - 1. **Ignore**: Select this option to skip the records containing missing values in the columns.
 - 2. **Stop**: Select this option to stop the application of the algorithm if a value is missing in any column.
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Input Data I	Handling					
Properties	Missing values	;	Ignore	•			
Advanced			Search				
			✓ Ignore				
			Stop				
•				_			
						Analy	
						Apply	

- v) Run the workflow after clearing the cache.
- vi) The 'Console' tab opens, displaying the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



- vii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged Outlier component.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.

A new column '**OutliersDetected1'** displays in the Result data (If '**Show Outliers**' option has been selected).



ow 10 🔻 en	tries						Search:	
Wind_speed	Humidity	Temperature_Sandburg	Temperature_ElMonte	Inversion_base_height	Pressure_gradient	Inversion_temperature	Visibility	OutliersDetect
8	20			5000	-15	30.56	200	FALSE
6		38			-14		300	FALSE
4	28	40		2693	-25	47.66	250	FALSE
3	37	45		590	-24	55.04	100	FALSE
3	51	54	45.32	1450	25	57.02	60	FALSE
4	69	35	49.64	1568	15	53.78	60	FALSE
6	19	45	46.4	2631	-33	54.14	100	FALSE
3	25	55	52.7	554	-28	64.76	250	FALSE
3	73	41	48.02	2083	23	52.52	120	FALSE
3	59	44		2654	-2	48.38	120	FALSE

- viii) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- ix) The Result data is displayed via the Box Plot chart.



OR

The outliers column is removed from the Result data (If '**Remove Outliers**' option has been selected).



ow 10	▼ entries								Search:	
f_week	ozone_reading	pressure_height	Wind_speed	Humidity	Temperature_Sandburg	Temperature_ElMonte	Inversion_base_height	Pressure_gradient	Inversion_temperature	Visibili
	3.01	5480	8	20			5000	-15	30.56	200
	3.2	5660	6		38			-14		300
	2.7	5710	4	28	40		2693	-25	47.66	250
	5.18	5700	3	37	45		590	-24	55.04	100
	5.34	5760	3	51	54	45.32	1450	25	57.02	60
	5.77	5720	4	69	35	49.64	1568	15	53.78	60
	3.69	5790	6	19	45	46.4	2631	-33	54.14	100
	3.89	5790	3	25	55	52.7	554	-28	64.76	250
	5.76	5700	3	73	41	48.02	2083	23	52.52	120
	6.94	5700	3	59	44		2654	-2	48.38	120



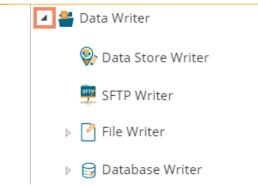


8. Data Writers

Data Writers are provided to store the Results of the Data Science Workspace in flat files or databases for further in-depth analysis. The Data Science Workspace contains the following types of Data Writers across the various Workspaces.

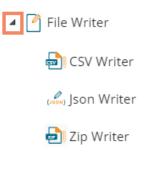
- 1. Data Store Writer
- 2. SFTP Writer (only available for the Python Workspace at present)
- 3. File Writer
- 4. Database Writer





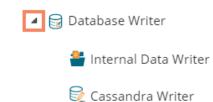
The File writer has the following categories:

- 1. CSV Writer
- 2. JSON Writer
- 3. Zip Writer (only for the Python Workspace)



The Database Writer has the following categories:

- 1. Internal Data Writer
- 2. Cassandra Writer



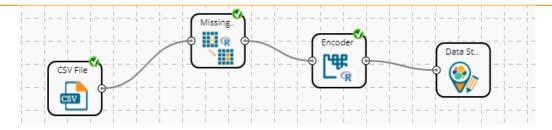
Find the step by step description for each data writer given below:

8.1. Data Store Writer

Elastic Search Writer component is listed under the Data Writer Tree node. The Data Store Writer allows the user to write the processed data onto the Elastic Search server, which makes it more distributed.

 Drag the Data Store Writer component to the workspace and connect it with a configured data source or any valid combination of a data source with other given components. (In this case, there is a combination of CSV file with a Missing Value Replacement and Encoder components to bring the input data to the Data Store writer)





- ii) Click on the connected Data Store Writer component.
- iii) The component tab for the data writer opens.
- iv) Configure the required component properties.
 - i. Select Data Store: Select a data store from the drop-down menu or select the 'Create New Data Store' option from the drop-down menu
 - Select Operation Type: This field appears by choosing an existing Data Store. Select an option from the drop-down menu (Overwrite/Append/Upsert).
 OR

Data Store Name: This field appears by choosing the 'Create New Data Store' option. The user can define a name for the data store.

- iii. **Select Insertion Type**: Select an insertion type from the drop-down menu (Full Insertion/Batch Insertion)
- iv. The user gets all the Dimensions, Measures, and Time fields from the selected data source.
- v. They can define hierarchy by dragging the required Dimensions using the '**Drill Definition**' box.
- v) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console Summary Result Visualization Properties	<u>+</u> <u>↓</u>
General	Data Store Writer Properties	
Properties	Select Data Store Create New Data Store -	
	Data Store Name Data Store Writer	
	Select Insertion Type Full Insertion	
	Dimensions Hierarchy Definition +	
	previous_organisation	
	referral_of	
	designation	
	joining_status	I
	E E	
	skills Ö	
		Apply

Note: If the selected insertion type is '**Batch Insertion**,' the Properties configuration displays the '**Next**' option.



Component Co	nsole Summary Result	Visualization Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General Properties	Data Store Writer Properties Select Data Store	Data Store Writer		
Advanced	Select Operation Type Select Insertion Type	Overwrite Batch Insertion		
>	Dimensions previous_organisation referral_of designation joining_status skills team	Hierarchy Definition + Drill Definition - 1 × team × designation × name × Control Control C		
			Nex	t

The user gets redirected to the '**Advanced**' fields to configure the Batch Query Properties. Select and then click the 'Apply' option as displayed in the following image:

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizat	ion	Properties		*	<u>+</u>
General	Batch C	Query Properties							
Properties		Select Dimension f	or Batch Query		Select Query	ed Dimension for Batch	0		
Advanced		previous_organisa	tion		team				
		referral_of							
		designation							
		joining_status							
		source		+					
		name							
		current_status							
		gender							
•		skills							
									-
								Appl	y i

The user can move only one dimension at a time from the list of 'Select Dimension for Batch Query' value for the batch query.

- vi) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vii) Users will get the process status under the 'Console' tab. The completion of the process is marked with the green checkmarks on the components.





viii) The data will be saved in the desired format to the selected Data Store Writer after the Console process gets completed.

Note:

a. The user also gets the 'General' fields for the Data Store Writer component, but they need not configure it.

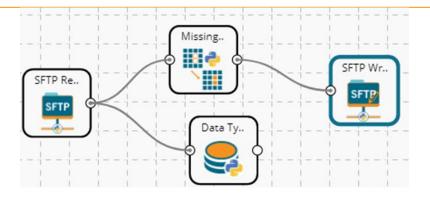
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Basic						
Properties	Component N	Name	Data Store Writer				
Advanced	Alias		Data Store Writer	2			
Þ	Description		Optional				
						Next	

8.2. SFTP Writer

The SFTP Writer is available under the Python Workspace to write the processed data securely.

i) Drag and drop the SFTP writer to the workspace and connect it to the configured combination of the data source and other relevant components to create a workflow.



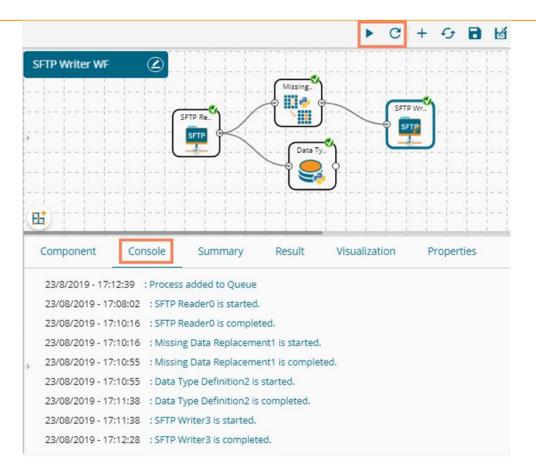


- ii) Click on the writer to get the configuration fields.
- iii) Fill in the required details to configure the properties of the SFTP Writer.
 - a. Host address
 - b. Port Number
 - c. Username
 - d. Password
 - e. Remote path
 - f. Data to Write
 - g. Name
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Configure S	FTP Writer					
Properties	Host						
	Port						
	User name		ftpuser				
	Password						
	Remote path		Second Second				
	Data to Write		2 checked	•			
	Name		dfmdlkjldfg		0		
						Apply	

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The stepwise completion of the process gets displayed in the 'Console' tab. The completion of the Console process is marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the components.





vii) The processed data gets written at the configured SFTP file/location through the SFTP writer.

8.3. File Writer

The user can write output data to flat files like CSV, TEXT, and DAT files using the File Writer.

8.3.1. CSV Writer

i) Drag and drop the **CSV Writer** component and connect it to a configured workflow to get the input.

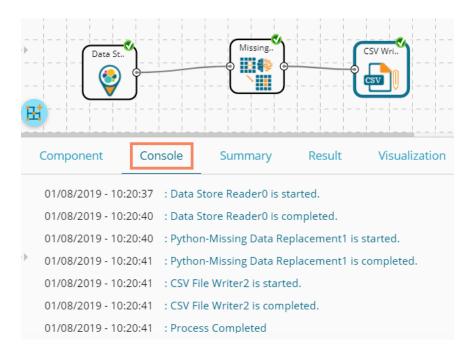




- ii) Click on the CSV Writer component to access component properties.
- iii) Enter the 'File Name' in the displayed field.
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.

, Ħ	Data St		Missing.	CSV Wri)	
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	⊥ ⊺
General	File Name					
Properties	Name		CSV Writer			
						Apply

- i) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- v) The process status gets displayed under the 'Console' tab, and green checkmarks get displayed a the top of the dragged components indicating completion of the process.





- vi) The data gets written in the CSV File.
- vii) Click the 'CSV Writer' component.
- viii) A pop-up message appears with a link to download the CSV file.

~	Download File	×
	Click Here to download CSV Writer.csv	

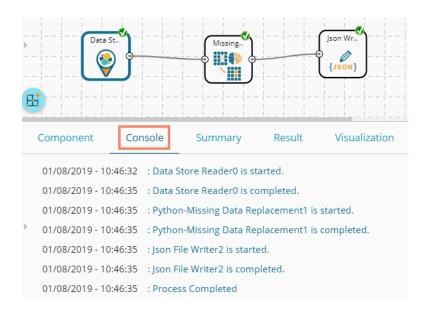
ix) Click the link to download the CSV file.

8.3.2. JSON Writer

- ii) Drag and drop the **'JsonWriter'** component to the workspace and connect it to the configured workflow to get input.
- iii) Click on the 'JsonWriter' component to access component properties.
- iv) Enter 'File Name' in the displayed space.
- v) Click the 'Apply' option.

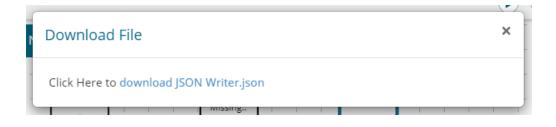
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	± T
General	File Name					
Properties	Name		JSON Writer			
P						
						Apply

- vi) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vii) The process status gets displayed under the 'Console' tab, and the completion of the process gets marked by green checkmarks on the dragged components.





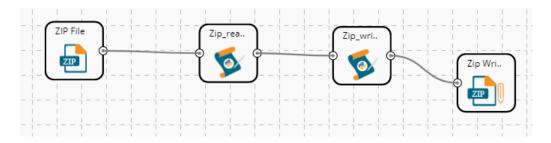
- viii) A pop-up message appears with a link to download the **JSON** file.
- ix) Click the link to download the JSON file.



8.3.3. ZIP Writer

This data writer helps the user to write the processed data into a Zip file.

Drag the 'Zip Writer' from the Data Writer tree-node and connect it to a configured data source and other relevant components to create a workflow.
 (The Zip writer requires a relevant script to write the data in the specified Zip file.)



- ii) Click the dragged Zip Writer component to get the configuration fields.
- iii) Provide the file name to configure the Zip Writer properties.

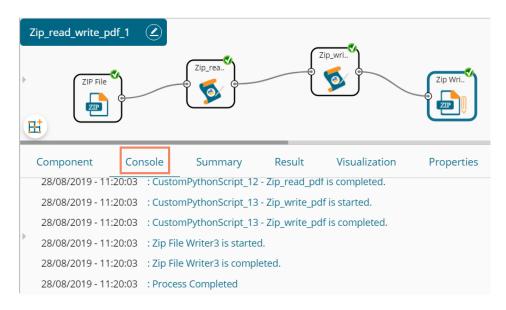
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>⊥</u> <u>⊺</u>
General	File Name					
Properties	Name		Zip_pdf_prod			
Þ						
						Apply

- iv) Run the workflow after getting a success message.
- v) The Console process displays the process step by step.



	Com	ponen	t C	onsole	Su	mmary	y Result	Visualization	Properties
	28/8	3/2019	- 11:20:18	: Proce	ess addec	l to Qu	eue		
Þ	28/0	8/2019	9 - 11:20:0	3 : ZIP() is starte	d.			
	28/0	8/2019	9 - 11:20:0	3 : ZIPO) is comp	leted.			
	28/0	8/2019	9 - 11:20:0	3 : Cus	tomPytho	onScrip	t_12 - Zip_read_p	odf is started.	
	28/0	8/2019	9 - 11:20:0	3:1	Number	sepal_l	ength sepal_wid	th petal_length petal_	width species
	0	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa		
	1	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa		
	2	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa		
	3	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa		
	4	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa		
	5	6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa		
	6	7	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa		
	7	8	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa		
	8	9	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa		
P	9	10	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa		
	10	11	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa		
	11	12	4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	setosa		
	12	13	4.8	3.0	1.4	0.1	setosa		
	13	14	4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1	setosa		

vi) The completion of the success process gets indicated by a green checkmark on the top of all components in the selected workflows.



- vii) The processed data gets written in a Zip file through the Zip Writer.
- viii) After the process gets completed, click on the Zip writer component from the workflow.
- ix) The 'Download File' dialog box appears to download the Zip file.
- x) The user can download the Zip file by clicking on the link mentioned in the dialog box.

		\cup	
Download File		×	
Click Here to download Zip_pdf_prod.zip	_		

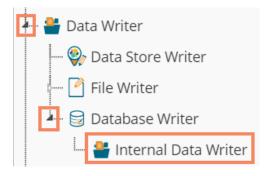


8.4. Database Writer

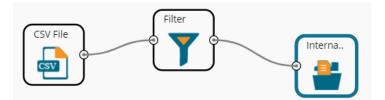
8.4.1. Internal Data Writer

The user can store data in databases like MySQL, MSSQL, and Oracle by Internal Data writer.

- i) Click the **'Data Writer'** tree node option.
- ii) Select the 'Database Writer' option.
- iii) Select and drag the 'Internal Data Writer' component to the workspace.



iv) Drag and Connect the 'Internal Data Writer' component to a configured data source and other related components to create a workflow.



- v) Click the 'Internal Data Writer' component to access the Component properties. The user gets different 'Properties' fields based on the selected table operation as described below:
 a. Selecting the 'Create a New Table' option as the 'Table Operation':
 - i. **Data Connector Name**: All the available data connectors in particular user id get listed. Select a data connector from the drop-down menu.
 - ii. **Type**: This field is preselected based on the selected data Connector.
 - iii. **Number of Rows in a batch**: Enter a number to limit the entries of rows for one batch
 - iv. Database Name: Select a database name from the drop-down menu
 - v. **Password:** Enter the database password
 - vi. Table Name: Select 'Create New Table' option from the list
 - vii. Table Operation: Select an option from the drop-down menu
 - viii. Create a New Table: It is an optional field. It appears when the user selects the 'Create New Table' option from the 'Table Name' drop-down menu.
 - ix. **Auto Increment:** Select an option to enable or disable the auto increment. By enabling this option, a new column gets added to the dataset, and the same column gets selected as the primary key by default.
 - x. Auto Increment Label: Enter a name for the auto increment label



- xi. **Column Selected from a model**: Select columns that are needed to be written into the selected database.
- vi) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console Summary	Result Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> <u>+</u>
General	Internal Data Writer Pro	perties		
Properties	Data Source Name	predictive_prod -	£	
Schema Viewer	Туре	mysql		
	Number of Rows in a	1000	0	
	batch			
	Database Name	predictive_analysis -		
	Password			
	Table Name	Create New Table 🗸		
	Table Operation	Upsert -		
	Create New Table	RCNRWF	0	
•	Auto Increment	Disable -		
	Column selected from	7 checked 🗸		
	model			
				Next

- vii) The user gets the 'Schema Viewer' tab to select the primary keys.
- viii) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summar	y Result	Visuali	zation	Properties	± T
General	Internal Dat	a Writer Pr	operties				
Properties	Select Primary	Keys	Select	•			
Schema Viewer							
							Apply

Note: The selected Auto Increment Label appears as the selected Primary Keys by default, if the '**Auto Increment**' option is enabled.

- 1. Enable the 'Auto Increment' option from the 'Properties' tab.
- 2. Click the 'Next' option.



Component	Console Summary	Result Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Internal Data Writer Prope	erties			
Properties	Data Source Name	predictive_prod -	Ð		
Schema Viewer	Туре	mysql			
	Number of Rows in a batch	1000	0		
	Database Name	predictive_analysis -			
	Password				
	Table Name	Create New Table			
	Table Operation	Append to Table -			
	Create New Table	Internal_DW_new	0		
	Auto Increment	Enable -			
•	Auto Increment Label	AIL	•		
	Column selected from	7 checked -			
	model				_
				Next	i

- 3. The Schema Viewer tab opens.
- 4. The configured Auto Increment Label gets selected as a Primary Key by default.
- 5. Click the 'Apply' option to save the configuration.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	Ţ
General	Internal Data	a Writer Proj	perties				
Properties	Select Primary I	Keys 1	checked	•			
Schema Viewer			previous_organisa	ation			
			id				
			team				
			monthly_salary				
			name				
•			designation				
			🖌 AIL				
						Apply	/

b. Selecting an Existing Table as the 'Table Operation':

- i. Data Connector Name: Select a data connector from the drop-down menu
- ii. Type: Displays a type based on the selected data connector
- iii. Number of Rows in a batch: Enter a number to limit the entries of rows for one batch
- iv. Database Name: Select a database name from the drop-down menu
- v. Password: Enter the database password
- vi. Table Name: Select an existing table name from the drop-down menu
- vii. **Table Operation**: Select an option using the drop-down menu. The following are the provided choices:



- 1. Append Table
- 2. Overwrite Table
- viii. **Column Selected from a model**: Select columns that are needed to be written into the selected database.

Component	Console Summary	Result Visua	ization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Internal Data Writer Pro	operties				
Properties	Data Source Name	predictive_prod	• G			
Schema Viewer	Туре	mysql				
	Number of Rows in a	1000		0		
	batch					
	Database Name	predictive_analysis	•			
	Password					
	Table Name	InternalDW_new	•			
	Table Operation	Overwrite Table	•			
•	Column selected from	7 checked	•			
	model					

ix. **Details of the Selected table**: Displays column headers from the selected table. ix) Click the '**Next**' option.

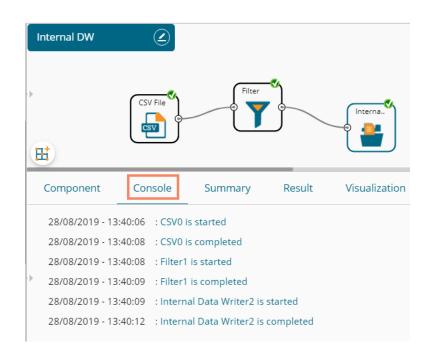
The internal data writer can extract new or changed records while loading data from the MySQL database. The Schema View tab has been added to the internal database writer to extract data using the delta data load type.

x) The Schema Viewer tab opens displaying the selected Primary Keys (in this case, no Primary Keys is selected).

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Ŧ	Ť
General	Internal Dat	a Writer Prope	rties				
Properties		Selected	Primary Keys	5			
Schema Viewer		No prim	ary keys For	this table			
<i>,</i>							
						Apply	y



- xi) Click the 'Apply' option.
- xii) Run the Workflow after getting the success message.
- xiii) The progress of the process gets displayed in the 'Console' tab, and the completion of the process gets marked by the green tick marks on the dragged components.

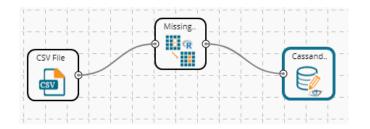


xiv) The processed data gets saved in the selected database.

8.4.2. Cassandra Writer

Cassandra Writer can be used to store the data science executions.

- i) Open the 'Database Writer' tree node.
- ii) Select and drag the 'Cassandra Writer' component to the workspace.
- iii) Connect the Cassandra Writer to a configured data source or relevant components to create a Workflow.



- iv) Click the 'Cassandra Writer' component to access it.
- v) Configure the following Properties details:
 - a. Selecting Create New Table as a Table option
 - i. Select Data Connector: Select a data connector using the drop-down menu
 - ii. **Host Name**: Based on the chosen data connector a hostname gets displayed (the user cannot edit this field)
 - iii. Port Name: The server port number gets displayed (the user cannot edit this field)



- iv. **Username**: Username of the selected connection appears by default. (the user cannot edit this field)
- v. Password: the database password
- vi. No. of rows in a batch: Enter a number to limit the entries of rows for one batch
- vii. Select Key Space: Select a keyspace using the drop-down menu
- viii. **Replication Factor**: The replication factor mentioned in the selected '**Key Space**' get displayed (the user cannot edit this field)
- ix. Select Table: Select the 'Create a New Table' option from the drop-down list
- x. Select Columns: Select the columns that you want to write
- xi. Consistency: Select an option from the drop-down list
- xii. New Table: Provide a name for the newly created table
- xiii. New time uuid column name: Enter a UUID column name
- xiv. Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console Summary	Result Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> <u>+</u>
General	Data Service Properties			
Properties	Select Data Connector	Cassandra_06	•	
Key Specification	Host name	cassandra-0.cassandra-prod		
	Port Number	9042		
	Username	cassandra		
	Password			
	No: of rows in a batch	100	0	
	Select Key Space	ра	•	
	Replication Factor	2		
	Select Table	Create new table	•	
	Select columns	7 checked	•	
	Consistency	TWO	•	
•	New table	Cassandra_Writer_New		
	New time uuid column	uuid		
	name			
				Next

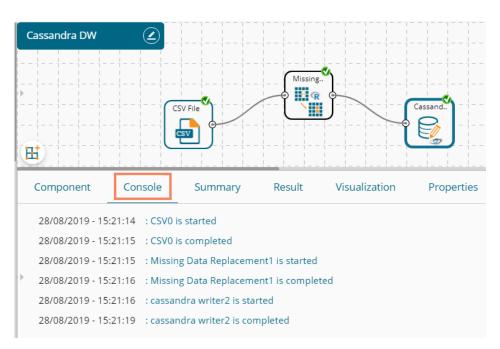
- vi) The 'Key Specification' tab opens.
- vii) Configure the following information:
 - a. Headers: All the columns from the data set get listed.
 - b. **Partition Key (Name)**: The Partition Key determines which node stores the data. It is responsible for data distribution across the nodes.
 - The UUID Column name gets displayed under the 'Partition Key' window.
 - The user can select and move any column from 'Header' (Select Column) to 'Partition Key' space.
 - The sequence of the columns listed under Partition Key can be arranged by using 'Up' or 'Down' options.
 - c. **Clustering Key**: The Clustering Key is a storage engine process that sorts data within the partition. It determines per-partition clustering.
 - The items listed under the Clustering Key box can be arranged by using 'Up' or 'Down' options.
 - The user can select any column from 'Headers' (Select Column) to the 'Clustering Key' space.



viii) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		+	<u>+</u>
General	He	aders			Partition Key			
Properties		team			Name			
Key Specification		skills		>	uuid			Up
		name		<				Down
		current_status						
		designation						
		joining_status			Clustering Key			
		referral_of			Name	Order		
				>				Up
				<				Down
•								
r								
							Ар	oly

- ix) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- x) The step by step process gets displayed under the Console tab. The completion of the process gets marked by the green checkmarks.



- Note: The user gets some defined consistency levels while defining the KeySpace, which can be overridden based on the selected replica nodes. The user gets the following options for the Consistency field:
 - One
 - Two
 - Three
 - Quarum



b. Selecting an Existing Table as Table Operation

Configure the following Properties details:

- i. Select Data Connector: Select a data connector from the drop-down menu
- ii. Host Name: Enter database server details (from where the user wants to fetch data)
- iii. Port Name: The server port number
- iv. **Username**: Username of the selected connection appears by default (Users cannot edit this field)
- v. **Password**: the database password
- vi. No. of rows in a batch: Enter a number to limit the entries of rows for one batch
- vii. Select Key Space: Select a keyspace using the drop-down menu
- viii. **Replication Factor**: Replication factor in the selected '**Key Space**' gets displayed (Users cannot edit this field)
- ix. Select Table: Select a table from the drop-down menu
- x. **Choose Columns**: Select columns from the drop-down menu that users want to be written in the data writer.
- xi. Consistency: Select an option using the drop-down menu
- xii. **Settings**: Select an option using the drop-down menu The following choices are provided:
 - 1. Append Table (to select an existing table the selected settings option should be Append)
 - 2. Overwrite Table

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	÷ 1
General	Data Service	Properties				
Properties	Select Data Con	nector	Cassandra_06	-		
Key Specification	Host name		cassandra-0.cass	andra-prod		
	Port Number		9042			
	Username		cassandra			
	Password		•••••			
	No: of rows in a	batch	100		0	
	Select Key Spac	e	ра	-		
	Replication Fact	or	2			
	Select Table		Cassandra_Writer	_new 👻		
•	Select columns		7 checked	•		
·	Consistency		ONE	-		
	Settings		Append	*		

- xiii. The list of column headers existing in the table gets displayed once the user selects an existing table.
- xiv. Click the 'Apply' option.



OR

Configure the Key Specification settings and click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		+	<u>+</u>
General	He	eaders		[Partition Key			
Properties		skills			Name team			
Key Specification		name current_status designation		~	lean			Up Down
		joining_status referral_of			Clustering Key			
•				>	Name	Order		Up Down
							Ар	ply

- xi) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- xii) The process status gets displayed under the '**Console**' tab. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the dragged components.
- xiii) The data gets saved in the selected Cassandra Writer.

9. Saved Workflows

The user can save a workflow by clicking the '**Save**' con provided on the workspace menu row. All the saved Workflows the selected Workspace gets listed under the '**Saved Workflow**' tree node. This section explains various options assigned to a saved workflow.

- i) Navigate to any Data Science Workspace (in this case, the Python Workspace has been selected).
- ii) Click the 'Saved Workflow' tree-node.
- iii) Select a saved workflow from the list and use a right-click on it.
- iv) A context menu opens with various options (As shown below):



Dat	Data Science Workbench							
=	C Search Tree	٩						
2 ⊡Ľ	Saved Workflows	-						
3	🗋 jupyterWorkflow							
	Open	-						
	Delete	-						
	Rename	-						
4	Auto Save	or E						
	Share	or E						
	Publish as Service	-						
	Pull from VCS	-						
	Push into VCS							

9.1. Opening a Workflow

- i) Select a workflow from the list of **Saved Workflows** and use a right-click on it.
- ii) Select the '**Open**' option from the context menu.
- iii) The selected workflow gets displayed in the right pane of the screen.

≡ C Search Tree	jupyterWorkflo	w 🖉 -							
Caved Workflows			CSV File		Jupyter.				
jupyterWorkflow									·
Delete Rename									
Auto Save	or E Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	Ŧ	Ť
Publish as Service Pull from VCS									
Push into VCS									

Note: The workflow name gets displayed on the left side of the workspace menu row while opening a workflow.

9.2. Deleting a Workflow

- i) Select a workflow from the list of **Saved Workflows** and use a right-click on it.
- ii) Select the 'Delete' option from the context menu.



Saved Workflows						
) jupyterWorkflow					
	Open					
2	Delete					
	Rename					
	Auto Save					
	Share					
	Publish as Service					
	Pull from VCS					
	Push into VCS					

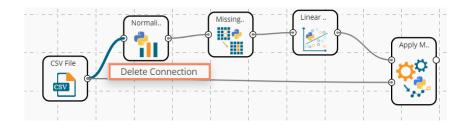
- iii) A dialog box appears to confirm the deletion.
- iv) Click the '**Ok**' option.

Delete work flow		×
Do you want to delete selected workflow ?		
	4 Ok	Cancel

v) The selected workflow gets removed from the list.

9.2.1. Delete Connection in a Workflow

A Right-click on the inter-node connection displays the '**Delete Connection**' option in the workflow. Click the '**Delete Connection**' option to delete a connection.



9.3. Renaming a Workflow

- i) Select a workflow from the list of **Saved Workflows** and use a right-click on it.
- ii) Select the 'Rename' option from the context menu.



Saved Workflows						
	🗋 jupyterWorkflow					
	Open					
	Delete					
2	Rename					
	Auto Save					
	Share					
	Publish as Service					
	Pull from VCS					
	Push into VCS					

or

Open a Saved Workflow.

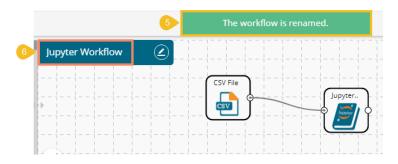
Click the '**Rename**' icon provided next to the workflow name.



- iii) The Rename Workflow window opens.
- iv) Enter a new/modified name for the workflow.
- v) Click the 'Yes' option.

3 Rename Workflow		×
4 Workflow name Jupyter Workflow		
	5 Yes	No

- vi) A success message appears.
- vii) The workflow gets renamed.





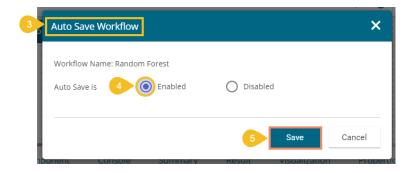
9.4. Auto-Save

The workflow gets auto-saved by enabling this option for a saved workflow.

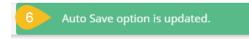
- i) Select a workflow from the list of Saved Workflows and use right-click on it.
- ii) Select the 'Auto Save' option from the context menu.

Saved Workflows							
0	🎦 Random Forest						
	Open						
	Delete						
	Rename						
2	Auto Save						
	Share						
	Publish as Service	i					
	Pull from VCS						
	Push into VCS						

- iii) The 'Auto Save Workflow' window opens.
- iv) Select the 'Enabled' option by using the checkbox.
- v) Click the 'Save' option.



vi) A message appears to inform the user that the Auto-Save option is updated.



- vii) Open the Workflow.
- viii) Edit some Component information.
- ix) Click the 'Apply' option.



≡ C 👪 Search Tree Q	Random Forest					
A 🖺 Saved Workflov 7	/					
🗋 Random Forest	CSV File	Random				
Open Delete						
Rename		onsole Summary Res	ult Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	
Addo Sale	Component	onsole Summary Res	uit visualization	Properties	Datamsignt	± 1
Share Publish as Service	General	Output Information				
Pull from VCS	Properties	Algorithm Type	Classification	-		
Push into VCS	Advanced	Show Probability	True	-		
🗋 Max Absolute scale						

- x) A message confirms that the edited information has been applied.
- xi) Another message on the top appears to inform the user that the Workflow is auto-saved.

BBB@					ର 🏢	💾 💿 🖤
Data Science Workbench 🗬		10 The workflow is a	uto-saved.	▶ C +	9 🖬 📓	$\mathfrak{F} \mid \leftarrow \ \mathfrak{m} \mid \tilde{\mathfrak{G}}$
E C 🐇 Search Tree Q	Component C	Console Summary R	esult Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	<u>+</u> <u>↓</u>
▲ 🖺 Saved Workflows	General	Output Information				
🗅 Random Forest	Properties	Algorithm Type	Classification	•		
Normalizer	Advanced	Show Probability	True	•		
🗋 Normalization_Min Max		Column Selection				
Naive Bayes		Features	5 checked	•		
MVRcheck		Target Variable	gender	• 0		
🗋 Multi-Linear Regression_Iri:		New Column Information				
Missing Value Replacement	•	Predicted Column Name	PredictedValues1	0		
🗋 Max Absolute scaler		Probability Column Name	Probability1	θ		
Logistic Regression_Perforr			11 Apply Suc	cessful		

9.5. Sharing a Workflow

The user can share a saved workflow with other users and groups through this option.

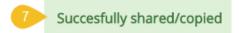
The following options are available to share a selected workflow:

- 1. **Share With**: This option allows the user to share a file with the selected users or user groups. Any changes made to file gets transferred to all the users with whom the file has been shared.
 - i) Select a workflow from the list of **Saved Workflows** and use right-click on it.
 - ii) Select the 'Share' option from the context menu.
 - iii) The 'Share With' option gets displayed (by default)
 - iv) Select either 'Group' or 'Users'
 - a. By selecting a group, all group members inside the group get listed. You can exclude the users by not selecting them from the group.
 - b. The users can also get excluded by not selecting a username from the list when the 'Users' option has been selected.
 - v) Select a specific group or user from the list by putting a checkmark in the given box.
 - vi) Click the 'Apply' option.



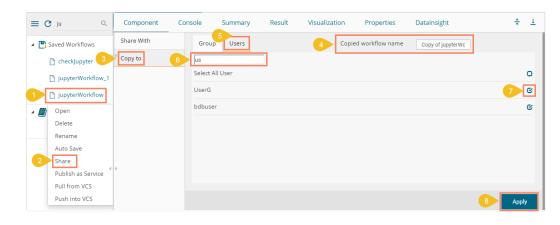
≡	C ju Q	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	<u>+</u> <u>↓</u>
- E	Saved Workflows	Share With	4 Group	Users					
	CheckJupyter	Copy to	Search						
	🚹 jupyterWorkflow_1		Select A	ll Group					0
	🗋 jupyterWorkflow		Admin F	tole					5 🕑
	Open		Viewer	Role					∨ 0
	Delete		PAPerm	issions					∨ 0
	Rename		Data sci	entist					v 0
2	Auto Save Share		permiss	ions					∨ 0
	Publish as Service	• >	PAGrou	p					∨ 0
	Pull from VCS								
	Push into VCS								6 Apply

vii) A success message appears.



viii) The selected workflow gets shared with the chosen user(s)/group(s).

- 2. **Copy To**: This option creates a copy and shares the copy with the selected users and user groups. Any change to the original file after sharing does not display for the users that received the shared file via the '**Copy To**' method.
 - i) Select a workflow from the list of Saved Workflows and use right-click on it.
 - ii) Select the 'Share' option from the context menu.
 - iii) Select the 'Copy To' option.
 - iv) The Workflow name gets displayed with the 'copy of' prefix.
 - v) Select either 'Group' or 'Users'
 - a. By selecting a group, all group members inside the group get listed. The users can be excluded by not selecting them from the group.
 - b. The user can also get excluded by not selecting a username from the list when the 'Users' option has been selected.
 - vi) Use search space to search for a specific user.
 - vii) Select a specific group or user from the list by putting a checkmark in the given box.
 - viii) Click the '**Apply**' option.



ix) A success message appears.



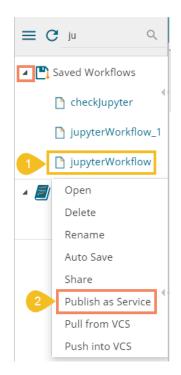


x) The copied workflow gets shared with the chosen users/groups.

9.6. Publish a Workflow as Service

The Data Science Workflows can be deployed to the BDB Dashboard Designer as a service.

- i) Select a Workflow from the list of **Saved Workflows** and use a right-click on it.
- ii) Select the '**Publish as Service**' option from the context menu.



- iii) A success message appears to assure that the workflow has been published.
- iv) The published workflows get marked by a checkmark (as displayed below).

Data Science Workbench	n 🥐	3	The workflow is published.				
E C ju Q	Create New Workflow		7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -				
Saved Workflows							
🎦 checkJupyter	A B A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A						
🎦 jupyterWorkflow_1							
4 jupyterWorkflow			i i				

- v) Navigate to the Dashboard Designer homepage.
- vi) Click the 'New' option.
- vii) Click the 'Dashboard' option.



Take a t			Welcome, anaghakn	🕂 New 🗸
				Workspace
				Dashboard
				🚊 Manage
view the interactive	Mobile, Tablet and Deskt Customizable layouts to view th	Highly Interactive and Drill Down Each dashboard can have multiple widgets and	Simple Drag and Drop UI Drag any chart or grid from the Component Panel	📂 Open 🗸
cessible all the time f	dashboards from phones, tablets, Making the data insights accessible our users.	filters which can be altered in a click to get data analytics at the speed of thought. SDK methods help to achieve the various functional	and drop to your designer canvas. It is incredibly intuitive and smooth functionality for designing dashboard.	★ Preferences
		requirements based on the customer needs.		Bave as
				? Help
				😃 Exit
Component	Import Custom Comp	Advanced Visualizations	60+ Components and Themes	
	Incorporate any third-party visuali dashboard, including D3 Charts, D	Explore complex business data in the most simplified way using our advanced visualization components. Avail a series of interactive charting	Check out our exclusive range of visualization components to select the most suitable for your data. You can govern the overlook and feel of the	
0		simplified way using our advanced visualization	components to select the most suitable for your	

- viii) The Dashboard canvas opens.
- ix) Click the 'Data Connectors' icon \ge to display all the available data connectors.

BBB@	
	1
	• •
	¢
	1=
	8
	Q

- x) Click the '**Create New Connection**' option + provided Next to the '**Data Science Models'** option on the Data Connector page.
- xi) A new connection gets created and added below.
- xii) The connection-specific details get displayed on the right.
- xiii) Select the deployed Data Science workflow as a data source via the drop-down menu.
- xiv) After selecting the Data Science Workflow the FIELD SET tab displays the available fields.

BBB®®	Home Untitled x +	
CSV	12 + Name Connection-1	() ×
Excel	13 Data Science Workflows jupyterWorkflow	G -
Data Service	+ Load at Start Yes No	
Data Science Service 10	Timely Refresh Yes No	1
Connection-1	Refresh Interval 5	Minute(s)
Data Store	+ FIELD SET CALCULATED FIELDS CONDITION	
Data Sheet	14 diameter	
Web Socket	+ height	
Merged Data	+ length	



xv) Once the data connection is established the selected predictive workflow can be used as a data source to the Dashboard Designer.

Note:

- b. If a deployed Predictive Workflow has a summary, it can be viewed using the Dashboard Designer tool.
- c. If the model included in the selected saved NN Workflow contains NumPy script, then after the successful deployment of that workflow still users cannot create a dashboard based on it.
- d. The dashboards created based on the deployed Python workflows also support Bokeh charts.

9.7. Pull from VCS

The option helps to pull the workflow from the Version Controlling Service.

- i) Select a workflow from the Saved Workflow list.
- ii) Click the 'Pull from VCS' option.
- iii) A window opens like below:
 - a) The branch name for pull comes pre-written.
 - b) The details of the existing version get displayed from where the user can select the desired version using the radio button.
 - c) Click the '**Pull**' option.

Pull from Version C	ontrolling System		×
Branchname for Pull *			
VCS_branch			
Version	Commit Date	Committed by	
O v1	22 Aug, 2019 12:07:27 GMT	team-pa@bdb.ai	
O v2	22 Aug, 2019 12:10:01 GMT	team-pa@bdb.ai	
Commit Message			
Warning: Deployed w	vorkflow will undeploy after Pull op	eration.	
		Pull Cano	el

d) A success message appears to indicate that the selected entity has been pulled from the VCS.



9.8. Push into VCS

The option helps to push the workflow into the Version Controlling Service.



- i) Select a workflow from the Saved Workflow list.
- ii) Click the 'Pull from VCS' option.
- iii) A window opens like below:
 - a) The branch name for push comes pre-written.
 - b) Provide Commit message (it is mandatory)
 - c) Click the '**Push'** option.

Push into Version Controlling System	×
Branchname for Push *	
VCS_branch	
Commit Message (required) *	
vcstest_push	
Warning: Please save data if selected entity has been updated to prevent any data lose. In case if updated version exists on configured repository, data will be updated.	
Push	Cancel

d) A success message appears to indicate that the selected entity has been pushed into the VCS.



Note: At present, the Pull from VCS and Push into VCS options are available only for the Python workflows.

10. Scheduler

The Scheduler component helps to schedule the Data Science workflows as per the requirement.

10.1. New Schedule

This section explains the steps to schedule a new job. Scheduling a new job is a continuous step by step process as described below:

- i) Navigate to the Predictive homepage.
- ii) Click the 'Scheduler' tree node.
- iii) Two options get displayed:
 - a. New Scheduler
 - b. Status
- iv) Select the 'New Schedule' option from the menu.



💶 i Scheduler								
	New Schedule							
	討 Status							

v) The 'General' tab opens.

10.1.1. Configuring General Tab

- i) The 'General' tab opens (by default) by clicking the New Schedule.
- ii) Fill in the required information:
 - a. Model Name: Select a model name using the drop-down menu.
 - b. Job Name: Enter a job name.
 - c. **Description**: Describe the job (optional field).
 - d. Use Existing Data Connector: Use radio buttons to select an option.
 - i. Select '**Yes**' to use an existing data connector.
 - ii. Select 'No' for not using an existing data connector.

(Only Data service and Data Store data connectors can be allowed to use an existing data connector option.)

- e. Use Existing Datawriter: Use radio buttons to select an option.
 - i. Select 'Yes' to use an existing data writer.
 - ii. Select 'No' for not using an existing data writer.
- iii) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualiza	tion	Properties		+	<u>+</u>
General	Basic								
Data Source	Workflow Name		Scheduler WF	•					
Data Writer	Job Name		Sample Schdeule	: Job					
Schedule	Description		Optional						
Notification	Notification Select Server for			Sample R Server					
	Scheduling								
	Use Existing Data	C) Yes	No					
. >	Connector								
	Use Existing Data	writer) Yes	No					
								Next	

iv) The 'Data Source' tab opens.

10.1.2. Configuring Data Source

Provide the required information to configure a data source:

- i) The 'General' fields to configure the data source appears by default.
- ii) The user can fill in the required fields:



- a. Component Name: A default name provided for the component.
- b. Alias Name: User can enter a name for the component.
- c. Description: Users can describe the component (optional).
- iii) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console	Summar	y Result	Visualizati	on Pr	operties	+	<u>+</u>
General	General	Properties	Conditions					
Data Source	Mapping							
Data Writer	Basic							
Schedule	Component N	ame	Data Service					
Notification	Alias		Data Service					
	Description		Optional					
				//				
•								
							Next	

- iv) The user gets redirected to the 'Properties' fields.
- v) Configure the following fields (to configure a new data source):
 - a. Select Data Connector: Select a data connector from the drop-down menu
 - b. Select Data Service: Select a data service from the drop-down menu
 - c. Based on the selected data service the below-given columns get displayed
 - i. Column Header
 - ii. Data Type
- vi) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualiza	ation	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	General	Properties	Conditions					
Data Source	Mapping							
Data Writer								
Schedule	Select Data	Н	iringData DB	•				
Notification	Connector							
	Select Data Service		eam_det	-				
	Column Head	er Dat	a type					
	emp_name	stri	ng					
	gender	stri	ng					
	source	stri	string					
	referral_of	stri	ng					
							Next	t



- vii) The '**Conditions**' tab opens (If conditions are available, else the user gets redirected to the 'Mapping' page).
- viii) Configure the required 'Conditions' fields.
- ix) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Vis	sualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	General	Properties	Conditions					
Data Source			Mapping					
Data Writer	Filter Name	Con	trol Type					
Schedule	tm	T	ext v		BU10			
Notification								
4								
							Nex	t

- x) The user gets redirected to the 'Mapping' tab.
- xi) Configure the column header information from the data service that is used for the selected model columns.
- xii) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	General Properties	Conditions				
Data Source	Mapping					
Data Writer	Column selected from model	C	olumn Header from dat	a service		
Schedule						
Notification	emp_name		emp_name •			
	gender		gender 🔻			
	source		source 🔻			
	referral_of		referral_of •			
•	designation		designation 🔹			
	team		team 🔻			
					Next	

xiii) The 'Data Writer' tab opens.

Note: The user can skip this step if the existing data connector is used. The user needs to configure the data source.



10.1.3. Configuring a Data Writer

The Data Writer fields are reliant on the selected data writer types. The scheduler is provided with two kinds of data writers: 1. Data Writer, and 2. Data Store Writer.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization
General	Data Write	er		
, Data Source	Data Writer	Туре	Data Writer	
Data Writer	Data Source	Name	Search	
Schedule	Number of I	_		
Notification	batch		🖌 Data V	Vriter
	Database N	ame 2	Data Store	Writer
	Password			
	Table Name			
•	Table Opera	ition		- 1
	Column Sele	ected	13 checked	•

1. Data Writer

- i) Fill in the required details to configure a database writer.
- ii) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console Summary	Result Visualization	Properties	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	<u>+</u>
General	Data Writer				
Data Source	Data Writer Type	Data Writer	•		
Data Writer	Data Source Name	HiringData DB	•		
Schedule	Туре	mysql			
Notification	Number of Rows in a batch	1000	0		
	Database Name	BDB_Hiring_Data	•		
	Password				
	Table Name	Create New Table	-		
	Table Operation	Overwrite Table	•		
	Create New Table	InternalDW	0		
• •	Auto Increment	Enable	•		
	Auto Increment Label	AIL	0		
	Column Selected	8 checked	¥		
				Next	

iii) The 'Schedule' tab opens.



2. Data Store Writer

Users can directly use the predictive workflows to create Business Stories if the workflows are written using the Elastic Search Writer.

- i) Select 'Data Store Writer' as a Data Writer Type to schedule a Predictive workflow.
- ii) The Data Store Writer Properties appears.
- iii) Drag and drop the required dimensions to define a hierarchical drill.
- iv) Click the '**Next**' option.

Component	Console Summa	ary Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Data Writer					
Data Source	Data Writer Type	Data Store Writer	•			
Data Writer				_		
Schedule	Data Store Write	er Properties	Hierarchy Defini		+	
Notification	Dimension		Drill Definition	designation 🗙	×	
	emp_nar		emp_nam			
	gender	© 1	cmp_nan			
	source	Q L				
	referral_	of 🖁				
•	designat	ion 🖁				
	+	11				
					Ne	xt

v) The 'Schedule' tab opens.

Note: The user can skip this step if the existing data writer has been marked to use.

10.1.4. Scheduling a New job

The user can select a time to schedule a new job using this section. The refresh interval option appears as per the selected scheduling time.

- i) **Start Date**: Select a start date and time for the scheduled job (It should be higher than **the Current System Date and Time)**
- ii) Select a Job Refresh Interval option:

E.g., When the selected time range is '**Hourly**,' the selected interval option can be as described below:

Every_hour: Selecting this option refreshes the scheduled job after every selected interval. OR

At: Selecting this option refreshes the scheduled job at the selected hour.

- iii) **Start Time:** Select a start time higher than the current system time.
- iv) **End Date**: Select an end date and time for the scheduled job (It should be higher than the Start date and the Current System Date and Time).
- v) Run Now: Select this option to run the scheduled job on Applying.
- vi) Click the 'Next' option.
- vii) The 'Notification' tab opens.



10.1.4.1. Job Refresh Intervals Details

- **Hourly**: By selecting this option, the user can schedule the job on an hourly basis.
 - Select a specific hour by using the below-given options: Every_hour: Selecting this option refreshes the scheduled job after the selected hourly interval.

OR

At: Selecting this option refreshes the scheduled job at the selected hour.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Hourly	Daily Weekly	Monthly	Yearly			
Data Source	Custom Cr	on Expression					
Data Writer Schedule	Start Date		g 27 2019 00:00 our(s)				
Notification) At	12 • 0					
	End Date 🗷 Run Now		g 29 2019 00:00				
•							
						Next	

• **Daily:** By selecting this option, the user can schedule the job daily.

1. Select a specific day by using the below-given options:

Every_ Days: the scheduled job gets refreshed after every selected number of days. E.g., if 2 is selected then; the scheduled job gets refreshed every alternate day at the set time.

OR

Every Week Day: the scheduled job gets refreshed daily till the end date.

1. Select the Start time.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Hourly Da	aily Weekly	Monthly	Yearly			
Data Source	Custom Cron	Expression					
Data Writer	Start Date	Τυς Δι	g 27 2019 00:00:				
Schedule	Start Date		g 27 2019 00.00.				
Notification	 Every 	1 D	ays				
	O Every Week	Day					
	Start Time	12 🔻 0	• 0				
	End Date	Thu Au	g 29 2019 00:00:				
•	🗷 Run Now						
						Next	

• Weekly: By selecting this option, the user can schedule the job on a weekly basis. Select a day or

days of the week when the scheduled job can be refreshed.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Hourly [Daily Weekly	Monthly	Yearly			
Data Source	Custom Cror	n Expression					
Data Writer	Start Date	Sat Au	g 24 2019 00:00:C				
Schedule			-				
Notification	🖉 Monday 📄 🗌 Saturday 🗌		dnesday 🔲 Ir	nursday 🔲 Friday			
	Start Time	12 • 0	0 •				
	End Date	Fri Aug	21 2020 01:00:0	i			
	🗷 Run Now						
Þ							
						Next	

• **Monthly**: By selecting this option, users can schedule the job on a monthly basis. This time the range can be used to set schedule refresh for more than a month. Select a specific day of the month by using the below given options:

E.g., Set monthly refresh interval (E.g., the first day of every month)

OR

Set a specific day after the desired monthly interval (the first Monday of the every month)



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Hourly	Daily Weekly	Monthly	Yearly			
Data Source	Custom Cr	on Expression					
Data Writer Schedule	Start Date		g 24 2019 00:00:0 month(s)	Ħ			
	O The First	• Monday	• of every 1	month(s)			
	Start Time	12 • 0	0 *				
•	End Date	Fri Au	g 21 2020 01:00:0				
						Next	

• Yearly: By selecting this option, users can schedule the job on a yearly basis. This time range is provided for jobs that run for more than one year.

Select a specific day of the month by using the below-given options:

Set a date for any month (E.g., The 1st January of every year till it approaches the end date) Or

Select a day of any month (E.g. The 1st Monday of January every year until it approaches the end date)

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Hourly Da	ily Weekly	Monthly	Yearly			
Data Source	Custom Cron I	Expression					
Data Writer Schedule Notification	Start Date	January Monday	▼ of Janu				
>	Start Time End Date <i>ඔ</i> Run Now	12 ▼ 00	21 2020 01:00:0	1		Next	

• **Custom Cron Expression:** The user can schedule a more flexible and customizable schedule runs by using the 'Custom Cron Expression' option. The scheduled workflow can be more specific with the custom cron expression that supports timing up to minutes and seconds. Users need to enter a valid Cron Expression in the given field.



Component	Console Sumr	mary Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ţ
General	Hourly Daily	Weekly Monthly	Yearly			
Data Source	Custom Cron Expre	ssion				
Data Writer	Start Date	Tue Aug 27 2019 00:00:1	-			
Schedule	Start Date	Tue Aug 27 2019 00.00.				
Notification	Cron Expression	0 0 12 * *				
	End Date	Thu Aug 29 2019 00:00:	m			
•						
						_
					Next	

Note: By selecting the 'Use Existing Data Connector' and 'Use Existing Data Writer' options the 'Schedule' tab gets displayed immediately after the 'General' tab.

10.1.5. Notification

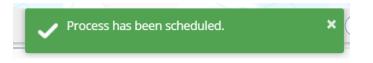
The '**Notification**' tab opens to configure the email settings to get a notification.

- i) Configure the below-given fields:
 - a. Enable Email Notification: Use a checkmark in the box to enable email
 - b. Email Address: Enable this option by using checkmarks in the box
 - c. **Send Mail when Server is not running**: Users can checkmark in the box to enable this option. By enabling this option, the user gets an email when the R server is not running.
 - d. Send Mail when Process is Completed Successfully: Users can put a checkmark in the box to enable this option. By enabling this option, the user gets mail after the process is completed.
 - e. Send Mail when the Process is a Failure: Users can checkmark in the box to enable this option. By enabling this option, the user gets an email when the process fails.
- ii) Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console Sum	imary	Result	Visualiz	zation	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Email Notification							
, Data Source	Enable Email							
Data Writer	Notification							
Schedule	Email Address	bdb	ouser@bdb.ai					
Notification	Send Mails When							
	Server is not Running							
	Send mail when	¢						
	process is completed							
	successfully							
•	Send mails when the	1						
	process is a failure							
							Apply	

iii) A success message appears.



iv) The scheduled job/ process gets added to a list provided under the 'Status' tab.

C Refresh								Search		
Task Name	Frequency	Start Date	End Date	Next Run	Status	Scheduled By	Workflow Name	Data Source	Logs	Actions
Sample Schdeule Job	customCronExpression	27/Aug/2019- 0:0:0	29/Aug/2019- 0:0:0	NA	Stopped	Will	Scheduler WF	team_det	View Logs	×F
Sample Schdeule Job	Hourly	27/Aug/2019- 0:0:0	29/Aug/2019- 0:0:0	27/Aug/2019- 0:0:0	Active	Will	Scheduler WF	team_det	View Logs	X.

Note:

- a. The PDF summary gets sent through email for the scheduled workflows.
- b. Multiple email addresses can be entered into a comma separated value.
- c. At present, Spark Workflows are not supported by Scheduler.

10.2. Status

This section displays detailed information for all the scheduled jobs.

- i) Click the 'Scheduler' tree node.
- ii) Select the 'Status' option.



🔺 i Scheduler	
New Sch	edule
📸 Status	

- iii) The Component tab opens with a list of all the scheduled jobs.
- iv) Click the 'View Logs' icon.

C Refresh								Search:		
Task Name	Frequency	Start Date	End Date	Next Run	Status	Scheduled By	Workflow Name	Data Source	Logs	Actions
Sample Schdeule Job	customCronExpression	27/Aug/2019- 0:0:0	29/Aug/2019- 0:0:0	NA	Stopped	Will	Scheduler WF	team_det	View Logs	×.
Sample Schdeule Job	Hourly	24/Aug/2019- 0:0:0	29/Aug/2019- 0:0:0	24/Aug/2019- 0:0:0	Active	Will	Scheduler WF	team_det	View Logs	.≼ ₽
job 23 aug	Hourly	23/Aug/2019- 14:0:0	23/Aug/2019- 16:0:0	23/Aug/2019- 14:0:0	Active	Will	Scheduler WF	team_det	View Logs	X.

- v) The logs of the selected workflow get displayed under the '**Component**' tab.
- vi) Click the 'Refresh Log' option to refresh the logs.

	Component	onsole	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	÷	<u> </u>
	23/Aug/2019 - 01:19:4	43	Data Service0 is st	arted.			C Refrest	ı Log
ľ	23/Aug/2019 - 01:19:4	15	Number of Rows f	etched: 8				
	23/Aug/2019 - 01:19:4	45	Data Service0 is co	ompleted				
	23/Aug/2019 - 01:19:4	15	Filter2 is started.					
	23/Aug/2019 - 01:19:4	16	Filter2 is complete	d				
	23/Aug/2019 - 01:19:4	16	Data Store Writer	is started.				
	23/Aug/2019 - 01:19:5	55	Data Store Writer	is completed				

Related Actions for a Scheduled Job:

Options	Name	Description
1	Edit	To edit/update the scheduled job details
	Stop	To stop the scheduled job
×	Remove	To remove the scheduled job from the list
	Start	To start the scheduled job

Note:

- a. The 'Edit' option allows the user to update/ edit all the tabs for the selected job.
- b. The user can click the '**Start**' button to restart the scheduler for a scheduled job until it reaches the end date.



c. The user can enable 'Edit' and 'Remove' actions only after stopping the Scheduled job.

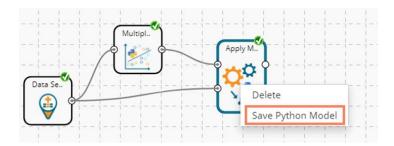
10.2.1. Model Retraining in Scheduler

The users can monitor the model retraining steps through the scheduler.

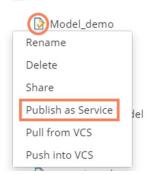
- i) Create a Workflow or select a workflow with an Apply Model component.
- ii) Run the workflow.



iii) Save the Model.

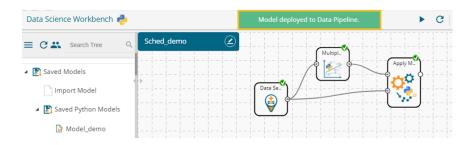


- iv) Navigate to the Saved model.
- v) Select the '**Publish as Service**' option to deploy the model to the Data Pipeline.
 - ▲ 🛐 Saved Python Models





vi) A success message appears to confirm the deployment.



Navigate to the Scheduler and select the same workflow using the 'General' tab. vii) viii)

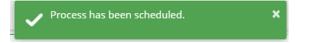
Select the saved model from the 'Model to Retrain' drop-down menu.

E C Search Tree	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	+	<u>+</u>
Performance	General	Basic							
🕨 🚢 Data Writer	Data Source	Workflow Na	ame	Sched_demo	•				
🕨 💆 Custom Scripts	Schedule	Job Name		sched_mar					
Jupyter Notebooks	Notification	Description		Optional					
 ✓ Scheduler New Schedule Status Saved Models 	•	Use Existing Connector Model To Re		Yes Model_demo	No Vo				
								Next	1

Configure the required steps to schedule the workflow. ix)

Data Science Workbench 🥐				•	G + G	B 🖌 🤞	← 📾 : 🤉
E 🖸 🚢 Search Tree 🔍 Q	Component	Console Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	÷ 1
💵 Performance	General	Email Notification					
🚔 Data Writer	Data Source	Enable Email Notification	×				
🕵 Custom Scripts	Schedule	Email Address	pa@bdb.ai				
🗾 Jupyter Notebooks	Notification	Send Mails When Server is	×.				
📸 Scheduler		not Running					
New Schedule		Send mail when process is					
📆 Status		completed successfully					
🚯 Saved Models		Send mails when the	۲				
		process is a failure					

A message appears to inform that the process has been scheduled. x)



- xi) The users get redirected to the Status option displaying all the scheduled processes.
- xii) Click the 'View Log' option.



									Search:	
Task Name	Frequency	Start Date	End Date	Next Run	Status	Scheduled By	Workflow Name	Data Source	Logs	Actions
onAdmin_Sched	Hourly	16/Jan/2020-16:0:0	16/Jan/2020-18:0:0	NA	Stopped	anaghakn	scheduler_nonadmin	Burnedforest_Forecast	View Logs	/ = ×
nodelRetrain	Hourly	21/Jan/2020-16:0:0	21/Jan/2020-19:0:0	NA	Stopped	admin	Correlation_Model_save	lris_dataset	View Logs	/ = ×
ched_model	Hourly	28/Jan/2020-12:0:0	28/Jan/2020-16:0:0	NA	Stopped	anaghakn	sched_model	lris_Nov19	View Logs	/ = ×
chedd1	Hourly	29/Jan/2020-16:0:0	29/Jan/2020-22:0:0	NA	Stopped	anaghakn	schedd	lris_Nov19	View Logs	/ = ×
chedule_Feb5	customCronExpression	5/Feb/2020-17:0:0	5/Feb/2020-18:0:0	NA	Stopped	ShyamPd	Schedule_Feb5	German_credit_card_data	View Logs	/ = ×
rain_blubrich_01	Daily	5/Feb/2020-19:0:0	13/Feb/2020-19:0:0	NA	Stopped	admin	blubirch_train	input_blubirch_train	View Logs	/ = ×
est_Blurich	Daily	6/Feb/2020-13:0:0	14/Feb/2020-14:0:0	NA	Stopped	admin	Blubirch_infer	input_blubirch_train	View Logs	/ = ×
est_infer2	Daily	6/Feb/2020-21:0:0	12/Feb/2020-12:0:0	NA	Stopped	admin	Blubirch_infer	input_blubirch_train	View Logs	/ = ×
est_infer3	Daily	7/Feb/2020-14:0:0	13/Feb/2020-5:0:0	NA	Stopped	admin	Blubirch_infer_350	input_blubirch_train	View Logs	2 = X
ched_mar	Hourly	20/Mar/2020-16:0:0	20/Mar/2020-23:0:0	20/Mar/2020-16:0:0	Active	admin	Sched_demo	iris_filter	View Logs	/ = ×

xiii) The stepwise logs get displayed confirming the model retaining and upload to the Data Pipeline.

Componer	t Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	<u>+</u> <u>⊥</u>
20/Mar/20	0 - 03:06:55	Data	Service0 is st	arted.			C Refresh Log
> 20/Mar/20	0 - 03:06:55	Data	Service0 is co	mpleted.			
20/Mar/20	0 - 03:06:55	Multi	ple Linear Re	gression1 is started.			
20/Mar/20	0 - 03:06:55	Multi	ple Linear Re	gression1 is complete	ed.		
20/Mar/20	0 - 03:06:55	Appl	/ Model2 is st	arted.			
20/Mar/20	0 - 03:06:55	Mode	el Retrain is st	arted for Model_dem	0		
20/Mar/20	0 - 03:06:55	Appl	/ Model2 is co	mpleted.			
20/Mar/20	0 - 03:06:55	Mode	el Retrain is c	ompleted for Model_d	lemo		
20/Mar/20	0 - 03:06:55	Mod	el Retrain is co	ompleted and update	d into PipeLine.		

11. Saved Models

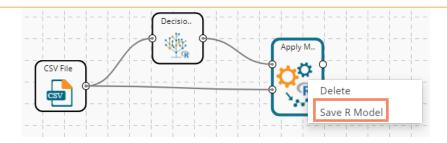
The user can save a trained model through the Apply Model component. The user can either split the dataset into training and testing, create a model with training data, and Apply the testing data. Another approach is to save the model and Apply the model over a new test data set.

The user can save a model after successful execution. The saved R models get listed under the '**Saved R Model**' tree node. Users can select a saved R model from the list and use it to create a new workflow.

11.1.1. Saving a Trained Model

- i) Create a Workflow with Apply Model or Open a saved workflow that contains an Apply Model.
- ii) Use right-click on the 'Apply Model' component.
- iii) A context menu opens.
- iv) Select the 'Save R Model' option (The 'Save' option for Python and Spark, which gets displayed as 'Save Python Model' and 'Save Spark Model' based on the selected workbench).





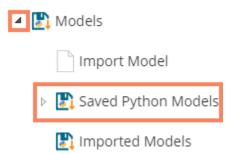
- v) The **Save R Model** window opens (The heading of the Save R Model gets changed as '**Save Python Model**' and '**Save Spark Model**' based on the selected workbench).
- vi) Enter the model name by which you wish to save the model.
- vii) Click the '**Ok**' option.

Save R Model		×
Save Model Name RModel		
	Ok	Cancel

- Note: The 'Save Model Name' is a mandatory field. The user cannot give in-between space for two words. The first character of the model name should be an alphabet and must be mentioned in a capital case.
- viii) The selected model gets saved in the 'Saved Models' list.



Note: The heading for Python Workbench is '**Models**' as it includes Imported Models together with **Saved Python Models**.



11.1.2. Importing a Model



This component lets a user import any localized model in the Python workbench to use it directly in the BDB platform.

- xiv) Navigate to the Models tree-node from the Python Workspace.
- xv) Click the '**Import Model**' component tree node.

⊳ 🦿	🖇 Custom Scripts
Þ	🔋 Scheduler
4	🕽 Models
	Import Model
	Saved Python Models
	🛐 Imported Models

- xvi) The General tab for the Import model opens.
- xvii) The user can edit the Component Name.
- xviii) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>⊥</u> <u>⊺</u>
General	Basic					
Properties	Component N	Name	Flower_Classific	ation_Model		
	Component 1	Туре	Custom Python I	Model		
r	Component [Description	Optional	1		
						Next

- xix) The Properties tab opens.
- xx) Upload the model file.
 - a. Select a file from the system.
 - b. Click the 'Upload' option.
 - c. A success message appears to convey that the selected file has been uploaded.



		The file is uploa	ided.		► C + G E	। Ra ≄ ← ∷ b
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	÷ <u>1</u>
General	Upload	l Custom Mode	Files			
Properties	Step 1	Sele	tt File	iris.zip	Upload	
	2	Ente	r Python	 - Include instru- - Include instru- - CUSTOM_INP - Include Instru- - Include Instru- - Include Instru- - CUSTOM_OUT - Include Instru- - CUSTOM_MMO O Please Proparation - Please Proparation - Reading Propagation - Reading Propagation	Write Python Code Juction(s) to Acquire Model from "CU Juction(s) to Prepare Input Data for M UT_DATA" Variable Juction(s) to Assign Output Result of FPUT_DATA" Variable Juction(s) to Assign Summary of Mod DEL_SUMMARY Variable re Model Input Data as per the Mod Cleaning is require for Model	lodel using Model into iel (if any) into el requirement, for

- xxi) Enter a Python Code (Script)
- xxii) Click the 'Apply' option.

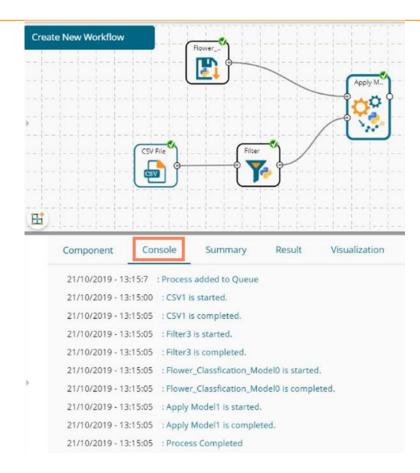
Upload Custom Model	ct File r Python	predicted = regresse a CUSTOM_OUTPUT_	oad(CUSTOM_MODEL_DIR + 'iris.sav') or.predict(CUSTOM_INPUT_DATA)		
Step Enter	r Python	1 from sklearn.extern 2 regressor = joblib.k 3 predicted = regress 4 CUSTOM_OUTPUT_	als import joblib oad(CUSTOM_MODEL_DIR + 'iris.sav) or predict(CUSTOM_INPUT_DATA)		
		2 regressor = joblib.lo 3 predicted = regressor 4 CUSTOM_OUTPUT_	oad(CUSTOM_MODEL_DIR + 'iris.sav') or.predict(CUSTOM_INPUT_DATA)		
		6 CUSTOM_MODEL_S	UNIA - publicarraine() DATA(PredictedValues") = predicted UMMARY = 'Custom Model Summary ()' m Model execution finished()		
			10 11 12 13 13 14 16	10 11 12 13 14 16	10 11 12 13 14 16

xxiii) A success message appears to convey that the custom model has been imported.

The Custom Model is imported.

- xxiv) Click the Run or Refresh icon to run the model.
- xxv) Stepwise completion of the process can be seen under the 'Console' tab. The green checkmarks at the top of the dragged components mark the completion of the console process.





xxvi) Click the '**Result**' tab to get the processed data (To open the Result tab first click on the Apply Model component, then click the 'Result' tab).



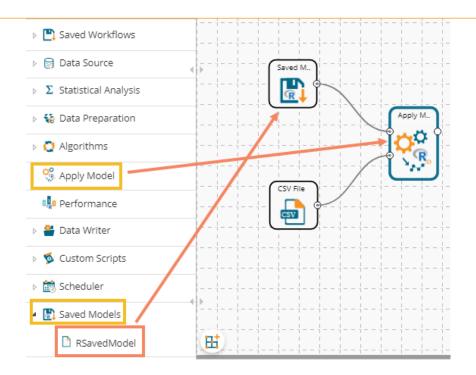
E C Search Tree Q	Creat	e New Workflow				
E Saved Workflows				Flower		Apply M.
> 😝 Data Source						ÎÇĂ Î
▷ ∑ Statistical Analysis	•					Ŭ <u>~</u>
👂 🎲 Data Preparation		· (CSV File	Filter		
Algorithms						
😤 Apply Model		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Performance	E:					
👂 🚢 Data Writer		Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization
 Data Writer Scustom Scripts 	-			Summary	Result	Visualization
		Show 10 • ent		Summary	Result	Visualization
Scustom Scripts	-			Summary	Result	Visualization
Scheduler	-	Show 10 rent		Summary	Result	Visualization
 Custom Scripts Scheduler Models Import Model Saved Python Models 		Show 10 ent PredictedValues setosa		Summary	Result	Visualization
 Custom Scripts Scheduler Models Import Model Saved Python Models 	-	Show 10 • ent PredictedValues setosa setosa		Summary	Result	Visualization
 Custom Scripts Scheduler Models Import Model Saved Python Models Imported Models 		Show 10 • ent PredictedValues setosa setosa setosa		Summary	Result	Visualization
		Show 10 ent PredictedValues setosa setosa setosa setosa		Summary	Result	Visualization

11.1.3. Reading a Saved Model

The user can drag a saved model to the workspace and reuse the model for test data. A saved model can be connected to only Apply Model and new test data source to create a workflow.

- i) Select and drag a saved R model component onto the workspace.
- ii) Connect the dragged saved model component and a configured data source to an Apply Model component. Pass the Saved model data in the training node and data source's data in the testing node of the dragged Apply Model component (As shown in the following image).





- iii) Click on the dragged Saved Model component.
 - a. The 'Summary' tab opens by default displaying the model summary.
 - i. Click the 'Apply' option for the saved model component.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizat	ion P	roperties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Summary	/						
Summary	rpart(fo weig 0, na.a Variable weight_ 193 weight_s	- ction = na.rpart, minsplit = 10, cp Importance _shell weight_w 18.176 17313 hucked he	<pre>stage 1 ~~ the model - diameter + tht_shell + method = 0 = 0.005, whole 0.580 tight</pre>	height + weight + length, data = "anova", contro usesurrogate = diameter	<pre>- RProcessbd ol = rpart.c 1)) length w</pre>	88420a4ee44c21929816dd7626a ontrol(, eight_viscera	2cf_11	-
Þ		36.468 1512 End of Summa www End of stage	ary 1 summary	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			Apply	

b. Click the '**General**' tab to display the Basic information of the concerned Saved Model component.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	\pm	Ť
General	Basic						
Summary	Component Nar	me R	Saved Model				
	Alias	RI	Model1				
r	Description	0	ptional	1			
						Apply	

iv) Click the 'Apply' option provided in the Apply Model component.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Ŧ	Ť
General	Basic						
	Component Nar	ne R A	opply Model				
•	Alias	Ap	ply Model2				
	Description	Op	tional				
				//			
						Apply	/

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The 'Console' tab opens displaying the progress of the process.





vii) After the process gets completed under the Console tab, click the '**Result**' tab to see the processed data.

	COMPONE	NT CONSOLE	SUMMARY	RESULT	SUALIZATION PF	ROPERTIES			$\left(\frac{+}{\uparrow}\right)$	
-	Show 10	▼ entries							Search:	
Þ	Month	Day_of_month	Day_of_week	ozone_reading	pressure_height	Wind_speed	Humidity	Temperature_Sandburg	Temperature_ElMonte	h
	1	1	4	3.01	5480	8	20			50
	1	2	5	3.2	5660	6		38		
	1	3	6	2.7	5710	4	28	40		26
	1	4	7	5.18	5700	3	37	45		59
	1	5	1	5.34	5760	3	51	54	45.32	14
	1	6	2	5.77	5720	4	69	35	49.64	15
	1	7	3	3.69	5790	6	19	45	46.4	26
	1	8	4	3.89	5790	3	25	55	52.7	55
Þ	1	9	5	5.76	5700	3	73	41	48.02	20
	1	10	6	6.94	5700	3	59	44		26
	Showing 1 to	o 10 of 358 entries						Previous 1 2 3	3 4 5 36 Ne	ext

Note:

- a. A mandatory condition to run the workflow with a 'Saved R Model' component is that the column headers and data type of the test data source should match with the selected saved model. Otherwise, an error notification of validation failure appears while running the workflow.
- b. The user can connect a data writer to the '**Apply Model**' component in a workflow containing a saved model.

11.1.3.1. Renaming a Saved Model

- i) Select a model from the 'Saved Models' list.
- ii) Use a right-click on the selected saved model component.
- iii) A context menu opens.
- iv) Select the 'Rename' option.

🔺 💽 Saved Models				
	🗋 RModel			
	Rename			
	Delete			
	Publish as Service			

- v) A pop-up window appears to rename the model.
- vi) Enter a new 'Model Title' or modify the existing model title in the given field (if desired)
- vii) Click the 'Yes' option.



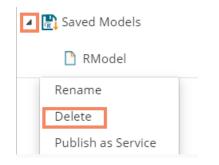
Rename Model		×
Model Title *Workflows used by this model will not work after rename		
RSavedModel		
	Yes	No

viii) The selected Saved Model gets renamed. A success message appears to notify for the same action.

Data Science Workbench 🧟				The model is renamed.				
Search Tree	Q		Compo	onent	Console	Summary	R	
∑ Statistical Analysis		T.	Show	10 • ent	tries			
🛛 🎲 Data Preparation		P	sex	length	diameter	height	wei	
O Algorithms			Μ	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	
🤗 Apply Model			Μ	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.225	
-		-11	F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	
📲 Performance			Μ	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	
🐣 Data Writer			1	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	
蓫 Custom Scripts			T	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.351	
📸 Scheduler		-11	F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.777	
			F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	
🚯 Saved Models			Μ	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.509	
RSavedModel			F	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.894	

11.1.3.2. Deleting a Model

- i) Select a model from the 'Saved Models' list.
- ii) Right-click on the selected model.
- iii) A context menu opens.
- iv) Select the 'Delete' option.





- v) A new window opens, asking confirmation for the deletion.
- vi) Click the '**Ok**' option.
- vii) The selected saved model gets removed from the **Saved Models** list.

Note: After renaming or deleting a Saved R Model, workflows used by the same model don't work.

11.1.3.3. Sharing a Python Model

The user can share a saved model with other users or user groups. There are two options to share a selected model:

- 1. **Share With**: This option allows the user to share a file with the selected users or user groups. Any changes made to file are transferred to all the users with whom the file has been shared.
 - i) Use right-click on a model from the list of **Saved Models** (In this case, a Python saved model is selected from the Python Workspace).
 - ii) Select the 'Share' option from the context menu.

4	Models
	Import Model
4	🛃 Saved Python Models
1	PythonSavedModel
	Rename
	Delete
2	Share
	Publish as Service
	Pull from VCS
	Push into VCS

- iii) The 'Share With' option gets displayed by default.
- iv) Select either 'Group' or 'Users' option.
 - a. By selecting a group, all group members inside the group get listed. Users can be excluded by not selecting them from the group.
 - b. Users can be excluded by not selecting a username from the list when the '**User**' option has been selected.
- v) Select a specific group or user from the list by using checkmarks in the box.
- vi) Click the '**Apply**' option.



	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	⊥ ↑	
3	Share With	Group	Users					I
	Copy to	Search						l
		Select All Gro	oup				0	l
	>	Admin Role					5 🕑	ł
		Viewer Role					∀ ©	
							6 Apply	

- vii) The saved model gets shared with the selected group of users.
- 2. **Copy To**: This option creates a copy and shares the copy with the selected users and user groups. Any changes to the original file after sharing will not show up for the users that received the shared file via the '**Copy To**' method.
 - i) Use right-click on a model from the list of the **Saved Models** (In this case, a Python saved model is selected from the Python Workspace).
 - ii) Select the 'Share' option from the context menu.

🔺 🛃 N	Vodels
[b Import Model
4	💦 Saved Python Models
1	PythonSavedModel
	Rename
	Delete
2	Share
	Publish as Service
	Pull from VCS
_	Push into VCS

- iii) Select the 'Copy To' option.
- iv) The copied model name gets displayed.
- v) Select either 'Group' or 'Users' option with a click.
 - a. By selecting a group, all group members inside the group get listed. Users can be excluded by not selecting them from the group.
 - b. Users can be excluded by not selecting a username from the list when the '**Users**' option has been selected.
- vi) Select a specific group or user from the list by using checkmarks in the box.
- vii) Click the 'Apply' option.



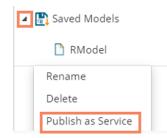
	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>⊥</u> ↑
	Share With	Copied w	orkflow c	opyOfPythonSave	dMo		
3	Copy to	Group	Users				
		archnewsp	ace				0
	>	Administra	tor				6 🕑
							7 Apply

viii) A copy of the model gets shared with the selected user or group.

11.1.3.4. Publishing a Saved Model as Service

The user can publish the saved Data Science models to the Data Pipeline module using this option. The user can access the published Data Science model using the ML model runner component to use them in a pipeline workflow.

- i) Select a model from the Saved Models list.
- ii) Open the context menu provided for the selected saved model.
- iii) Select the 'Publish as Service' option for the selected model.



iv) A success message appears to notify the user that the selected saved model is deployed to the Data Pipeline plugin.



v) Navigate to the Data Pipeline plugin using the 'Apps' menu.





- vi) Open the 'Settings' page.
- vii) The published saved model gets added to the Data Science Models list.

Kafka Configuration	Da	ata Science Models				Search Script	٩
Dataprep Scripts		Model Name	Model Type	Created On		RSavedModel	
Data Science Models		FRAUD_AIINFINITY	Python Model	Tuesday, Oct	ober 1, 2019	Linked pipelines	
Logger		Iron_Ore	Python Model	Thursday, Oo			
		RSavedModel	R Model	Thursday, O	tober 10,		
				2019			
	Dataprep Scripts Data Science Models	Dataprep Scripts Data Science Models	Dataprep Scripts Model Name Data Science Models FRAUD_AIINFINITY Logger Iron_Ore	Data Science Models Model Name Model Type Data Science Models FRAUD_AIINFINITY Python Model Logger Iron_Ore Python Model	Data prep Scripts Model Name Model Type Created On Data Science Models FRAUD_AIINFINITY Python Model Tuesday. Oct Logger Iron_Ore Python Model Thursday. Oct	Dataprep Scripts Model Name Model Type Created On Data Science Models FRAUD_AIINFINITY Python Model Tuesday, October 1, 2019 Logger Iron_Ore Python Model Thursday, October 10, 2019 Process Pothon Model Thursday, October 10, 2019	Data Science Models Model Name Model Type Created On RSavedModel Data Science Models FRAUD_AIINFINITY Python Model Tuesday, October 1, 2019 Inixed pipelines Logger Iron_Ore Python Model Thursday, October 10, 2019 EssuelModel EssuelModel

- viii) Access the R Model runner component from the Component Pallet.
- ix) Open the Meta Information tab and scroll down the provided drop-down list.
- x) The published saved model from the Data science Workbench appears in the drop-down list.

Search Component	R Model
System Custom	Basic Information Meta Information
Reader 🔹	
Writer 🔹	popo01
Transformation 🔹	Insurance_Forecast
ML	Fraud_detection
	save_credit_data
Spark 🦻	HR_Model
~	RSavedModel

11.1.3.5. Pull from VCS

The option helps to pull models from the Version Controlling Service.

- i) Select a model from the Saved Workflow list.
- ii) Click the 'Pull from VCS' option.
- iii) A window opens like below:
 - a) The branch name for pull comes pre-written.
 - b) The details of the existing version get displayed from where the user can select the desired version using the radio button.
 - c) Click the '**Pull**' option.



Pull from Version	Controlling System	×
Branchname for Pull *		
VCS_branch		
Version	Commit Date	Committed by
(O) v1	17 Oct, 2019 06:10:50 GMT	SUPPORT
Commit Message		
VCS_push		
Warning: Deployed	workflow will undeploy after Pull o	peration.
		Pull Cancel

d) A success message appears to indicate that the selected entity has been pulled from the VCS.

		Data is pulled.	
--	--	-----------------	--

11.1.3.6. Push into VCS

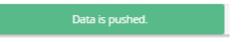
The option helps to push the workflow into the Version Controlling Service.

- i) Select a workflow from the Saved Workflow list.
- ii) Click the 'Pull from VCS' option.
- iii) A window opens like below:
 - a) The branch name for push comes pre-written.
 - b) Provide Commit message (it is mandatory)
 - c) Click the 'Push' option.

	Push into Version Controlling System	×
	Branchname for Push *	
l	VCS_branch	
ł	Commit Message (required) *	
I	VCS_push	
In the second se	Warning: Please save data if selected entity has been updated to prevent any data lose. In case if updated version exists on configured repository, data will be updated.	1



d) A success message appears to indicate that the selected entity has been pushed into the VCS.

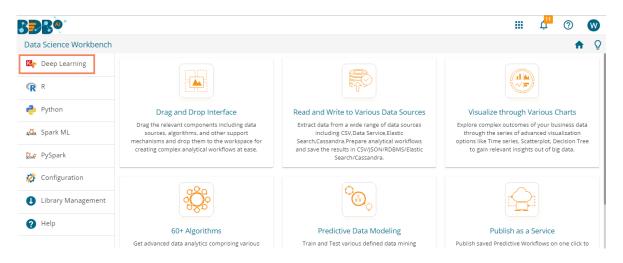


Note:

- a. At present, the **Pull from VCS** and **Push into VCS** options are available only for the Python Workspace.
- b. Data Science Models can get deployed multiple times to the Data Pipeline module and get marked to identify the deployed models.

12. Deep Learning Workspace

The user can select the Deep Learning Workspace from the Data Science landing page to access the Neural Network Environment under the Data Science Workbench.



The user gets redirected to the following screen by selecting the NN Workspace:



CR Search Tree Q Create New Workflow				
Saved Workflows Data Source Data Preparation Pre Packaged Models Models Sustom Scripts Model Training	ata Science Workbench	⊠ç-	The Neural Network Workbench is loaded.	- ci 9
Saved Workflows Data Source Data Preparation Pre Packaged Models Models Source Models Model Training Apply Model	C 🎝 Search Tree Q			
The preparation	🎦 Saved Workflows			
Pre Packaged Models & Models S Custom Scripts % Model Training % Apply Model	Data Source			
Models	🎲 Data Preparation)		
S Custom Scripts	-			
Model Training Apply Model				
🥦 Apply Model				
	•			

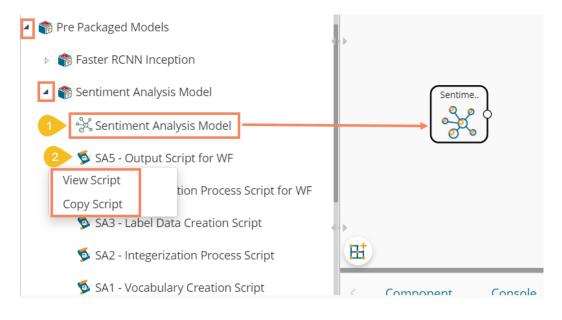
Note:

- a. Neural Network Space is applicable only for Python Environment.
- b. Keras (as High-level API) is supported by the Tensorflow Backend.
- c. Tensorboard is attached for the Live Visual Tracking of Model during Training.
- d. Model Creation using Python Script is supported.
- e. Pre-trained Model of Sentiment Analysis is Provided along with its feature scripts.

The Component Tree-node menu displays various components with their sub-components to be used in the NN workspace as per requirement.

12.1. Pre-Packaged Models

The component tree-node provided on the NN Workspace contains one node as Pre-Packaged Models which contains the Pre-trained Sentiment Analysis Model and its feature scripts.



• The user can use the Pre-trained Model in a Workflow.

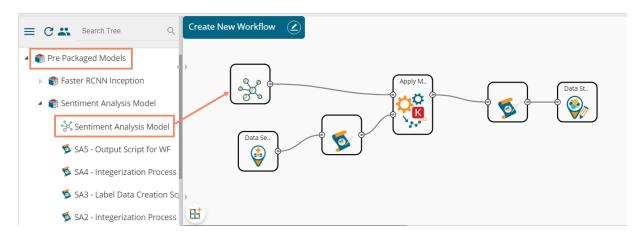
Copyright © 2015-2020 BDB



- These Scripts can be used directly in Workbench Area using drag-n-drop Functionality.
- The user can Copy the Script, Modify the Code, and then use them as per their need.
- The user must use the 'NN Apply Model' that applies the selected NN-Model over input data to get predicted Results.
- Along with these Pre-trained Models and Scripts, you get support files for training this model (these can be viewed in 'Supporting Files' tabs of View Model). These supporting files users can access using SHARED_PATH variable in the scripts.

Note: The featured scripts are provided with a Pre-trained Sentiment Analysis Model. If the users wish to modify the scripts OR refer these scripts for other user-defined models, then it must be modified as per their requirements and need to avoid error(s) & incorrect calculation.

The following image displays a workflow created by using a pre-trained model:



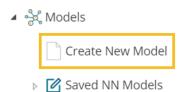
12.2. Working with Deep Learning Workspace

This section explains the general steps for Training a Neural Network Model. The entire process can be described in the below-mentioned parts:

12.2.1. Creating a New Model

The user needs to start the process from the creation of a new model.

i) Click on the 'Create New Model' option from the Models tree-node.



- ii) A Dialog Box opens.
- iii) Provide a name for the Deep Learning model.
- iv) Click the 'Save' option.



Create New Neural Network Model	×
Neural Network Model Name NN_TestModel	
Save	Cancel

Note:

- a. The user can use the maximum of 20 characters to provide a name for the newly created Model
- b. No other Special Character(s) except Underscore (_) is allowed
- c. Model Name cannot begin with Space/Numeric Digit or Underscore
- d. Model Name should be unique
- v) A success message appears to assure that the new model has been created.
- vi) The new model gets listed under the 'Saved NN Models' tree node.

Data Science Workbench 🛚	•			The mode	el is created.	
E C 🎝 Search Tree 🔍	Create New Workflow				$\frac{1}{1} = -\frac{1}{1} =$	
Saved Workflows			-		$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ \end{vmatrix} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ \end{vmatrix} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\$	$\frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$
🗐 Data Source						
🎲 Data Preparation					$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
窬 Pre Packaged Models					1 = - 1 = - 1 = - 1 = - 1 = - 1 = -	
ခွံႏွံ Models						
Create New Model					$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\left \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \right = -$
🔺 🗹 Saved NN Models					1 = -1 = -1 = -1	
NN_TestModel						

vii) Use a right-click on the model and select the 'View Model' option.

Models
 Create New Model
 Saved NN Models
 Saved NN_TestModel
 View Model
 Delete Model

Copyright © 2015-2020 BDB



- viii) The component details open for the selected model, as shown in the following image:
 The user can view only the General tab displaying the Basic information about the newly created NN Model.
 - a. General: The Basic Details regarding NN model is displayed in this tab.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Basic						
Supporting Files	Component	Name	Neural Netwo	rk Model			
Summary	Alias		NN_TestMod	el			
Model Script	Description		Description				
Model Status				/i			
Tensor Board							

Note: The remaining tabs do not display any information until the model gets trained.

12.2.2. Data Preprocessing

12.2.2.1. Creating a NumPy Script

This section describes data preprocessing from creating NumPy files to have the required data in a binary format that a Model Script can use for training or prediction purposes. In this section, the user must pre-process the data that is required for a model to get trained; we call this process '**Data Preprocessing**' or NumPy-fication.

Here, the user creates NumPy files; these files have the information of data in a binary format that can be fed into the model during/after training.

Use the '**Custom Script**' tree-node to create a new script inside the NN Workspace. The workflow for creating a new script is like the Python Workspace. The user can also choose an option to create a Utility Module Script.

- i) Select the 'Create New Script' option using the 'Custom Python Script' tree-node.
- ii) The Component tab displaying the General tab opens.
- iii) Provide the Basic component information:
 - 1. Provide a Component Name.
 - 2. The Component Type comes pre-filled.
 - 3. Provide relevant Description about the component.
 - 4. Select a script type by using the radio button.
 - 5. Click the '**Next**' option.



	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatior	Properties		+	<u>+</u>
	Basic								
	Component Name		SA_1						
	Component Type		Algorithms						
	Description		Optional						
	Script Type		Custom Pytho Script	ⁱⁿ O	Utility Module Script				
• •									
	General	Script	Settings				Nex	t	

- iv) The 'Script' tab opens.
- v) Insert script syntax in the Script Editor space.
- vi) Click the 'Validate' option. It should get the success message to move ahead.
- vii) Click the 'Next' option.

*
8
-

- viii) The 'Settings' tab opens.
- ix) Select a Script Type using the checkbox.

1. Normal Python Script

If the selected script type is **Normal Python Script**, then the Primary Function Details gets displayed immediately after the Script Type to be configured:

- ii. Select a Primary Function Name from the drop-down list
- iii. Select an Input Data Frame option from the drop-down list
- iv. Provide a name for the Output Data Frame
- v. Provide the Summary Variable Name (if the View Summary option is enabled)
- vi. Enable 'Show Visualization' and 'Show Summary' options by enabling in the boxes.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
Script Type							
	Normal Python Scri	pt 🔿 Mod	lel Object File Scri	pt			
Primary Func	tion Details						
	ary Function Ir	nput DataFrame	Output DataFrame	Summary Variable Nam	e		
create	_labels v df	- -	Output Data F	Summary			
Short Short	w Visualization			ary			

2. Model Object File Script

If it is a Model Object File Script (i.e., NumPy File Creation), then the user needs to provide the following details to configure the Primary Function details:

- i. Select any one NN Model using the drop-down list, which can be associated with an Output NumPy Filename.
- ii. The Output File Name appears in the given box.
- iii. Describe the NumPy File.
- iv. Configure the Primary function details
 - a) Select a Primary Function Name using the drop-down list
 - b) Select an Input Data Frame using the drop-down list
 - c) Provide an Output name for the NumPy

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	
Script Type	rmal Python Scrip	it 🔘 Moo	del Object File S	Script			
Select a	Select any NN Model Output File Name			-			
Output				labeled_data			
Numpy	File Description	Option	Optional				
Primary Functio	n Details						
Primary Name	Function Inp	out DataFrame	Output Num	тру			
create_la	df	•	Output Dat	aFra			

Note: The user needs to create a model object File Script to get it listed along with the model.

- x) Configure the Function Parameters by providing relevant Property Display Name and defining the Control Type:
- xi) Click the 'Apply' option.



Compo	nent	Console	Summary	Result	Visu	alization	Propertie	S		<u>↓</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
	create_lab	els 🔻 di	· •	Output Dat	taFra						
			_								
Functio	n Parame	eter Definitio					-				
		Parameters		Property Display Name		Control Type					
	column_	header	column	column_header		Column se	elector(Single)	•	\$		
	no_of_cl	asses	no_of_	no_of_classes		TextBox		•	\$		
-											
Genera	al	Script	Setting	şs			Pre	vious	Ар	ply	

- xii) A Success message appears to confirm the creation of a Python script.
- xiii) The newly created NumPy script gets added to the model folder.

Search Tree Q	Component	Console	Summary Res	ult Visualizat	ion Propertie	s		+	⊥
Pre Packaged Models	create_lab	els 🔻 df	▼ Out	put DataFra					
🔺 🔆 Models									
Create New Model	Function Parame	eter Definition							
Saved NN Models		Parameters	Property Display	Name Con	trol Type				
NN_TestModel	column_	header	column_header		Column selector(Single)	•	¢		
💆 SA_1	no_of_cl	asses	no_of_classes		FextBox	Y	¢		
Scustom Scripts									
Model Training	General	Script	Settings		The Python Script	is saved.			
📽 Annly Model									

12.2.2.2. Copying a Pre-Packaged Script

The user can copy the existing scripts and use it if he wants to use the pre-packaged script instead of creating a new NumPy Script.

- i) Navigate to the pre-packaged Scripts option.
- ii) Select a pre-packaged script and click on it avail of the options.
- iii) Click the 'Copy Script' option.

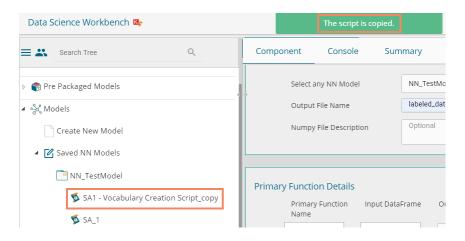


🕘 🌍 Pre Packaged Models
▷ 🌍 Faster RCNN Inception
4 🌍 Sentiment Analysis Model
ိုင်္ဂီ Sentiment Analysis Model
蓫 SA5 - Output Script for WF
蓫 SA4 - Integerization Process Script for WF
View Script Creation Script
Copy Script
SA1 - Vocabulary Creation Script

- iv) The Copy Pre-Packaged Script dialog box opens.
- v) Select the NN Model to Copy the script using the drop-down option.
- vi) Provide a name that you wish to display for the copied pre-package script.
- vii) Click the 'Yes' option.

Copy Pre-Packaged Scri	pt	×
Select NN Model to Copy Script into Copy Pre-Packaged Script as	NN_TestModel	v
SA1 - Vocabulary Creation	Script_copy	
		Yes No

- viii) A success message appears.
- ix) The copied script gets listed below the model.





Data Science Workbench	12 ₆ -	The script is copied.					
≡ C ♣ Search Tree Q	Create New Workflow						
<u></u>							
🕨 🛟 Data Preparation		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
▶ 🎲 Pre Packaged Models							
🔺 📚 Models							
Create New Model		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
Saved NN Models							
NN_TestModel		$\begin{array}{c} -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 $					
💆 SA3		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
🕵 SA2							
🕵 SA1	H						

x) The copied script for the 'NN_TestModel' is as displayed below:

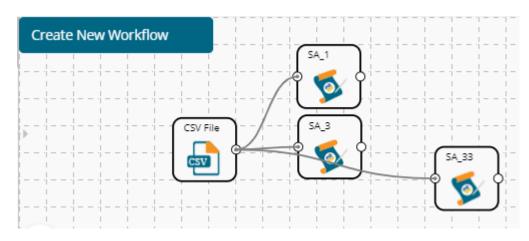
Note:

- a. Output for NumPy Script must be a NumPy array. The created NumPy script can be used with any Data-Source, and as the workflow gets completed, the NumPy file gets created and stored for future use with the selected NN Model.
- b. To access a NumPy file from the selected model use, FAKE_PATH+ '/<filename>.'
- c. To access the shared NumPy file from the Pre-packaged models provided use, SHARED_PATH+ '/<filename>.'
- d. The user can also add multiple files/script and click the 'Apply' option to enable them for the saved model.

12.2.3. Running the NumPy Script(s)

The user needs to run the script(s) created or copied to the selected model.

i) Connect the script component(s) to a data source.





- ii) Configure the required fields (The fields for all the script components and data source should be configured)
 - a) Data Source
 - i. Browse a file
 - ii. Click the 'Upload' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť			
General	Configure	CSV								
Properties	Select File	te	estNN666.csv							
	Please ensu	Please ensure csv file follows the format given below:								
	1) First row in the CSV file should contain the column headers.									
						Uplo	ad			

- b) Script 1 (SA_1)
 - i. Configure the Custom Group options
 - 1. Utility Module Script Form
 - a. Select Utility (Package(s) to import (optional)
 - b. Select Utility Script(s) to import (optional)
 - 2. Dynamic Fields
 - a. Select Column Header from the drop-down.
 - 3. Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ⊥
General	Utility Mod	ule Script Form				
Custom Group	Sele	ect Utility Package(s)	Select	•	(optional)	
	to li	nport				
	Sele	ect Utility Script(s) to	Select		(optional)	
	Imp	ort				
	* So	ript(s) listed under a	ny Utility Pack	age will be		
	ava	ilable in Package itse	lf			
	Dynamic Fi	elds				
•	Select	Column Header	text		•	
						Apply

- c) Script 2 (SA_2)
 - i. Configure the Custom Group options
 - 1. Utility Module Script Form
 - a. Select Utility (Package(s) to import (optional)
 - b. Select Utility Script(s) to import (optional)
 - 2. Dynamic Fields
 - a. Select Column Header from the drop-down.
 - b. Provide Maximum Sequence Length



3. Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properti	es †	Ŧ
General	Utility Mod	ule Script Form					
Custom Group	Sele	ect Utility Package(s)	Select		 (option) 	nal)	
	to Ir	mport					
	Sele	ect Utility Script(s) to	Select			nal)	
	Imp	ort					
	* Sc	ript(s) listed under a	any Utility Pack	age will be			
	ava	ilable in Package its	elf				
	Dynamic Fi	ields					
	Select	: Column Header	text		•		
	Maxin	num Sequence	140				
	Lengt	h					
						Appl	у

- d) Script 3 (SA_3)
 - i. Configure the Custom Group options
 - 1. Utility Module Script Form
 - a. Select Utility (Package(s) to import (optional)
 - b. Select Utility Script(s) to import (optional)
 - 2. Dynamic Fields
 - a. Select Column Header from the drop-down.
 - b. No. of Output Classes.
 - 3. Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Pro	operties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Utility Mod	ule Script Form]					
Custom Group	Sele	ct Utility Package(s) Select		•	(optional)		
	to Ir	nport						
	Sele	ct Utility Script(s) to	Select		•	(optional)		
	Imp	ort						
	* Sc	ript(s) listed under	any Utility Pack	age will be				
	avai	lable in Package its	elf					
	Dynamic Fi	elds						
	Select	Column Header	Sentim	ents	•			
	No. of	Output Classes	3					
							Ар	ply

- iii) Run the workflow.
- iv) The completion of the process is marked with the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



									►	C	>
 	reate New Work	flow CSV File	SAT SAT	5A2							
Œ	E) Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatio	n P	ropertie				
	Component Console Summary Result Visualization Properties 5/9/2019 - 16:53:33 : Process added to Queue 05/09/2019 - 16:53:33 : CSV0 is started. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CSV0 is started. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CSV0 is completed. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CustomPythonScript_13 - SA1 is started. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CustomPythonScript_12 - SA1 is completed. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CustomPythonScript_12 - SA2 is started. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CustomPythonScript_12 - SA2 is completed. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CustomPythonScript_11 - SA3 is started. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CustomPythonScript_11 - SA3 is started. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CustomPythonScript_11 - SA3 is completed. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CustomPythonScript_11 - SA3 is completed. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CustomPythonScript_11 - SA3 is completed. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : CustomPythonScript_11 - SA3 is completed. 05/09/2019 - 16:53:17 : Process Completed 05/09/2019 - 1										

v) The script files listed under the Supporting File tab for the selected model.

= C 🎝 Search Tree Q	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+
🕨 🎲 Data Preparation	General	Suppor	rting Files				
🕨 🌍 Pre Packaged Models	Supporting Files		Name of File		Shape of File	File Description	
د المحلق Models 🖌 🖌	Summary		vocabulary.npy		(2216)	This file consist the vocab in dictionary format. Eg: {word: word_id}	
Create New Model	Model Script		integrized_logit_0	data.npy	(159, 140)	This file consist of Logit_data (learning data))
Delete Model	Model Status		labeled_data.npy		(159, 3)	This file consist numpy array for Training Labeled_data for No.of Output Classes as	
Image: NN_TestModel	Tensor Board					provided by user	
SA3							
🕵 SA2							
🕵 SA1							

12.2.4. Model Training

This part of the document describes the steps involved in the model training. The entire process of the Model training involves '**Model Structure**' and '**Model Training**' sections. The user can create a Neural Network Model structure based on his/her problem statement. The user gets three options to form a structure for the selected model:

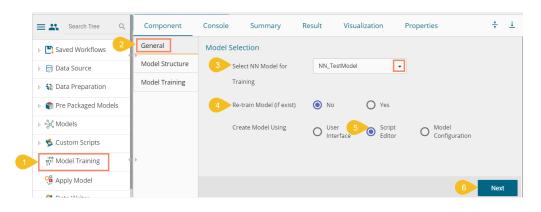
- i) User Interface
- ii) Script Editor
- iii) Model Configuration

This section describes steps to create a Keras Model Structure using the preprocessed file details. The created model can then be used for training purposes.

i) Click the 'Model Training' tree-node.

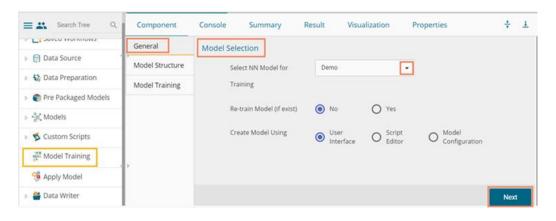


- ii) Configure the Model Selection fields provided under the 'General' tab:
 - a. Select the NN Model for Training: All Created Neural Network Models list here. The user needs to select a Model for which it needs the training.
 - b. Re-train Model (if exist): Opt for this option if the selected model is already created and required to re-train the existing model
 - c. Create Model Using: Select a medium through which the model structure can be created
 - i. User Interface
 - ii. Script Editor
 - iii. Model Configuration
 - d. Click the 'Next' option to proceed.



12.2.4.1. Create Model using User Interface

- i) Select the 'User Interface' as a model creation option.
- ii) Click the 'Next' option.



iii) The user gets another page to create the model by drag and drop of the various layers.

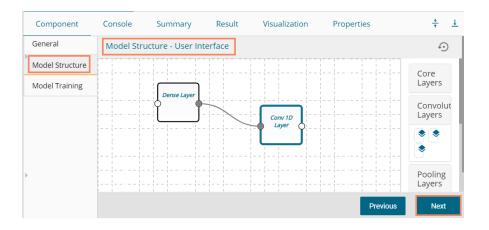


Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> <u>↓</u>
General	Model Stru	ucture - User Int	erface			Ð
Model Structure Model Training		Dense Layer				Core Layers
						Convolut Layers
>						Pooling Layers

iv) The user needs to configure each of the dragged layers.

Model Structure - User I	taufaca		
	Layer Node Configuration	ns	⊙ ⊗
	units	3	
Dense Layer	activation	None 🔻	
	use_bias	True •	
	kernel_initializer	glorot_uniform 🔻	
	bias_initializer	Zeros 🔻	
	plas_initializer	Zeros	

v) Click the 'Next' option to proceed.



- vi) If users have chosen the '**User Interface**' option to create a model, then a script for the dragged components display on this page. However, the users need to edit the script using the Script Editor to proceed further in the creation of a model.
- vii) Validate the script. A success message should appear after script validation.
- viii) Click the 'Next' option to open the 'Model Training' tab.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	4 †	<u>+</u>
General	Model Stru	ucture - Script E	ditor				
Model Structure Model Training	Validate successfully!	O Python script	has been valida	ated	0		
>	2 import k 3 4 model = 6 model.a 7 bias_init 8 kernel_c 9 10 model.a	tializer = 'zeros', ker constraint = None, b udd(Layers.Conv1D(rs nits = 3, activatio nel_regularizer = ias_constraint = filters = 3, kernel	None, bias_regularizer None, input_shape = (3, Lsize = 3, strides = 1, pa	ue, kernel_initializer = 'gl = None, activity_regulariz 3), output_shape = (3,3)) idding = 'valid', dilation_rr itializer = 'zeros', kernel_r	zer = None,) ate = 1, activation	
					Previou	ıs Nex	đ

12.2.4.2. Create Model using Script Editor

- i) Select the 'Script Editor' as a model creation option.
- ii) Click the '**Next**' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Re	sult	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Model Selec	tion						
Model	Select	NN Model for	NM	N_TestMode	el 👻			
Model Training	Traini	ng						
	Re-tra exist)	in Model (if	۲	No	O Yes			
	Create	Model Using	0	User Interface	Script Editor	O Model Configuration		
•								
							Next	

- iii) The 'Model Structure' tab opens displaying the Script Editor.
- iv) Provide a relevant python script.
- v) Validate the script. The success message should appear after the script validation.
- vi) Click the 'Next' option to open the Model training tab.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ⊥
General	Model Struct	ture - Script Edi	tor			
Model Structure Model Training	Validate successfully!	Python script ha	s been validated	I	0	
	 import ker model = St model.add glorot_uni activity_re output_sha model.add activity_re activitation kernel_reg 	(Layers.Dense(units form', bias_initializer gularizer = None, ker ape = (3,3))) (Layers.Conv1D(filte = None, use_bias = ~ ularizer = None, bias	= 3, activation = = 'zeros', kernel nel_constraint = ers = 3, kernel_si. [rue, kernel_initia _regularizer = Ni	ze = 3, strides = 1, padd Ilizer = 'glorot_uniform',		e = 1,

12.2.4.3. Create Model using Model Configuration

This option can be used for the object deduction models only.

- i) Select the 'Model Configuration' as the Model Creation option.
- ii) Click the 'Next' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Res	ult	Visualization	Pro	perties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Model Selectio	on							
Model Training	Select N	N Model for	NN_T	estModel	•				
	Training								
	Re-train exist)	Model (if	🔘 No)	O Yes				
	Create N	Nodel Using	()	er erface	O Script Editor	O Moc Con	lel figuration		
•									
								Next	

- iii) Selecting Model Configuration option redirects the user to the '**Model Training**' page with the Model Configuration fields displayed as below
- iv) Configure the required fields.
 - a) Model Reference for Training: Select a reference model that can be used to refer the inputs (At present, it displays RCNN Inception model only).
 - b) Number of Classes: Provide value (number) of distinct classes present in your training data.
 - c) Number of Steps: Define the number of steps required for training.
 - d) Initial Learning Rate: Provide the value of learning rate to start the model training (it should be in 0.00 to 1.00 where 0 and 1 are included).
 - e) Momentum Optimizer Value: Provide value for the optimization function (it should be in 0.00 to 1.00 where 0 and 1 are included).



- f) Schedule Stepwise Learning Rate: enable this option if you wish to schedule the stepwise learning rate.
- g) After enabling the Schedule Stepwise Learning Rate, the user gets to configure the following options
 - 1. No of Steps
 - 2. Learning Rate
- v) Enable the 'Email Notification' option and provide the required information for the same.
- vi) Click the 'Start Model Training' option to begin with the model training.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visua	lization	Prop	perties				*	<u>1</u>
General	Model Co	onfiguration										
Model Training		Model Reference fo	Training		Faster RCNN	l Incepti	on	-				
		Number of Classes			3							
		Number of Steps			3							
		Initial Learning Rate			0.3							
		Momentum Optimiz	er Value		0.6							
		Schedule Stepwise l	earning Rate	6								
				[No of Steps 1		Learning Rat	e	+			
Þ	Email No	tification Enable Email Notific	ation	(0							
								Previou	IS	Start Mode	l Traini	ng

Note:

- a. The 'Model Structure' tab does not appear if the selected option for creating the model is Model Configuration.
- b. If the selected model is already undergoing training, it throws an error message.

12.2.4.4. Model Training Tab

This section describes steps to select and interpret the variable files to proceed with the model training.

The user can interpret Logit File as independent variables data, which is preprocessed already, and Label File as target (or labeled) data. The selected model learns using the Label File data over the Logit File data and builds up weights internally, which can be used for prediction using the trained model.

- i) Navigate to the Model Training tab using the Model Training tree-node.
- ii) Configure the required fields to Train Model:
 - a. Select Logit Data File: Select the file with logit data using the drop-down option.
 - b. Select Label Data File: Select the file with labeled data using the drop-down option.
 - c. Enter Batch Size: Enter a value for batch size
 - d. Enter Epochs Value: Enter Epochs Value (the suggested value for this fields is 4)



- e. Perform Validation Split: Select an option out of Yes/No
- f. Enter Validation Split Value: Enter a value indicating the validation split (the suggested value for this fields is .3)
- g. Shuffle: Select an option out of True/False.
- h. Save Intermediate Checkpoint's Weights: Select an option out of **Yes/No**.

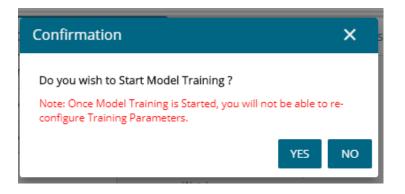
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatio	on Prope	rties
General	Train Mode	el				
Model Structure	Sele	ect Logit Data File		integrized_log	it_data 🗸	
Model Training	Sele	ect Label Data File		labeled_data	-	
	Ente	er Batch Size		32		ĺ
	Ente	er Epochs Value		4		j
	Pert	form Validation Spli	it	• Yes	O No	
	Ente	er Validation Split V	alue	.3		
	Shu	ffle		True	O False	
•		e Intermediate Che ghts	ckpoint's	O Yes	No No	

- iii) Configure the following fields to send Email Notification for success or failure of the model training.
 - a. Enable Email Notification: Enable the box to get email notification.
 - b. Email Address: Provide a valid email address where the notification can be sent.
 - c. Send Mail when Model Training gets Completed: Enable this option if you wish to get notified when the Model training gets completed.
 - d. Send Mail when Model Training gets failed: Enable this option if you wish to get notified when the Model training gets failed.
- iv) Click the 'Start Model Training' option to begin the training.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Prop	perties	+	<u>+</u>
General								
Model Structure								
Model Training	Email Notific	e Email Notification		9				
	Email	Address		bdbuser@bdb.ai				
		Mail When Model Tr Completed	aining					
· .	Send gets F	Mail When Model Tr ailed	aining 🛛	8				
					Previou	s Start	Model Traini	ng

- v) A dialog box appears to confirm the action of Model Training.
- vi) Click the 'YES' option to confirm the model training.



- vii) A notification message appears asking the user to check the model status.
- viii) Once the model is trained successfully, the user can use the model for prediction purposes.



x) The 'Stop Training' option appears for the model that is undergoing training.

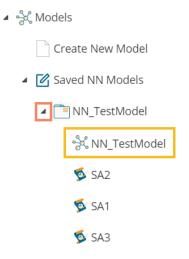


E C Search Tree Q	Component	Console Summary Result Visualization Properties	
Saved Workflows	General	Model Status	
👂 😝 Data Source	Supporting Files	C Refresh Status	
👂 🎲 Data Preparation	Summary		
Pre Packaged Models	Model Script	No Model Status Available, Please Train the Model for Model Status to be Avail	able
4 😽 Models	Model Status		
Create New Model	Tensor Board		
 Saved NN Models 			
▷ 🛅 NN_TestModel			
👂 🚳 Custom Scripts			
Model Training			

- xi) Click the 'Refresh Status' option if the user needs to refresh the model status.
- xii) The 'Model is Trained & Saved Successfully' message appears for the model once the training gets completed.

ble Summary Model Status CRefresh Status Epoch 1 val loss → 0.8208		Visualization Trained & Saved Succ	Properties					*	Ŧ
C Refresh Status		Trained & Saved Succ	essfully						
Epoch 1		Trained & Saved Succ	essfully						
Epoch 1		Trained & Saved Succ	essruny						
val_acc => 0.3542 loss => 0.8218									
acc => 0.6937									
loss => 0.6648									
<pre>val_loss => 0.6142 val_acc => 0.7292</pre>									
	<pre>val_loss => 0.5975 val_acc => 0.6458 loss => 0.6648 acc => 0.5946 Epoch 3 val_loss => 0.6142 val_acc => 0.7292</pre>	val_loss ⇒ 0.5975 val_acc ⇒ 0.6458 loss ⇒ 0.6648 acc ⇒ 0.5946 Epoch 3 val_loss ⇒ 0.6142 val_acc ⇒ 0.7292	<pre>val_loss => 0.5975 val_acc => 0.6458 loss => 0.6648 acc => 0.5946 Epoch 3 val_loss => 0.6142</pre>	val_loss ⇒ 0.5975 val_acc ⇒ 0.6458 loss ⇒ 0.6648 acc ⇒ 0.5946 Epoch 3 val_loss ⇒ 0.6142 val_acc ⇒ 0.7292	val_loss ⇒> 0.5975 val_acc ⇒> 0.6458 loss ⇒> 0.6648 acc ⇒> 0.5946 Epoch 3 val_loss ⇒> 0.6142 val_acc ⇒> 0.7292	<pre>val_cos => 0.5975 val_acc => 0.6458 loss => 0.6648 acc => 0.5946 Epoch 3 val_loss => 0.6142 val_acc => 0.7292</pre>	val_loss ⇒> 0.5975 val_acc ⇒> 0.6458 loss ⇒> 0.6648 acc ⇒> 0.5946 Epoch 3 val_loss ⇒> 0.6142 val_acc ⇒> 0.7292	val_loss ⇒> 0.5975 val_acc ⇒> 0.6458 loss ⇒> 0.6648 acc ⇒> 0.5946 Epoch 3 val_loss ⇒> 0.6142 val_acc ⇒> 0.7292	<pre>val_acc => 0.5975 val_acc => 0.6458 loss => 0.6648 acc => 0.5946 Epoch 3 val_loss => 0.6142 val_acc => 0.7292</pre>

xiii) After successful completion of the model training, the trained NN model gets added to the created model folder containing the same folder name.





Note:

- a. The selected Logit and Label data files should not be the same.
- b. Users can provide details of Batch Size, Epochs, Validation Split as per the model requirement.
- c. Users can track the status of the Model for each epoch, including visual tracking using Tensorboard when the model is undergoing the training process.
- d. Users can stop the model training in between during the period when the model training process is going on.
- e. Users cannot process a Neural Network Model for Model Training if it is already in between the training process.
- f. The user must provide specific parameter values for Model Training purposes.
- g. Since training a model is a time-consuming task, the user can set the Model for training and provide email details to get a notification when the training gets finished or if an error occurs.
- h. Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model summary using the 'View Model' option provided for the selected NN Models. The Summary appears for the trained model.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Prop	oerties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Summary							
Supporting Files								
Summary	Layer (typ	e)	Output Sha		Param # =======			
	embedding_	1 (Embedding)	(None, 140	, 128)	51199872			
Model Script	lstm_1 (LS	TM)	(None, 140	, 64)	49408			
Model Status	lstm_2 (LS	TM)	(None, 140), 32)	12416			
Model Data		(Flatten)	(None, 448	(0)	0			
Tensor Board	dense_1 (D	ense)	(None, 128	3)	573568			
	dense_2 (D	ense)	(None, 3)		387			
•	Trainable	ms: 51,835,651 params: 51,835,0 ble params: 0	551					

i. Click the '**Model Script**' tab to view the Model script using the '**View Model**' option provided for the Saved NN Models. The Model Script appears for the trained model.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Model Scri	pt					
Supporting Files	from keras	.models import S	equential				
Summary	from keras import num)ense, Embedd	ing, LSTM, Flatten,	Dropout		
Model Script	vocab = np	.load(SHARED_PAT	H+ 'SA-Vocab	ulary.npy').tolist()		
Model Status		equential() Embedding(len(vo	ocab), 128, i	nput length=140))			
Model Data	model.add(LSTM(64, return_	sequences=Tr	ue, dropout = 0.2)) ue, dropout = 0.2))			
Tensor Board		(Flatten()) (Dense(128, activ	vation='relu'))			
		(Dense(3, activat Dile(loss='catego		,,	'nadam', metrics=['a	ccuracy'])	



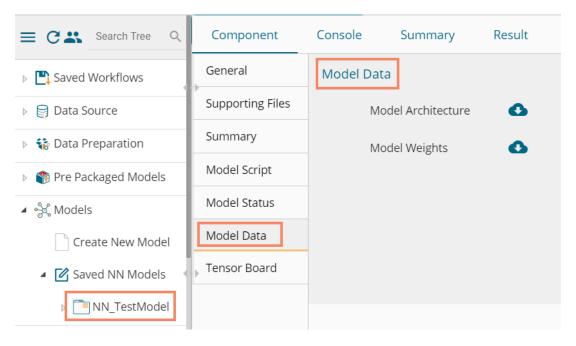
j. Please note that the above given 'Model Training' fields display only when the model creation option is either User Interface or Script Editor. The Model Training tab displays different fields when the model creation option is 'Model Configuration' (which has been already explained within section 10.2.4.3)

12.2.5. Model Data

The user can see the Model Data tab with the Model Architecture and Model Weights options, both provided with the download option.

Model Architecture: It is metadata for the selected model. It contains the details of layers and the configured parameters. The architecture file gets downloaded in the JSON format as it is a simplified way to recreate the model from JSON with Keras API.

Model Weight: The Model Weight option consists of Resultant assigned weights for each layer present in the model architecture during training and/or after the training is completed. The model weights file gets downloaded in the .h5/HDF5 as it is suitable to store multiple data types and extensive data. It can be loaded over a model using the Keras API.



12.2.6. Tensor Board

This tab displays live Tensor Board Visualization for the selected model (if enabled). The below image displays a sample visual for the reference of the user.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties
General	Те	nsorBoard			
Supporting Files			800		
Summary	Sr	eothing	0.6 ecc		
Model Script	Ho	rizontal Axis		459 658 654	•
Model Status	-	STOP RELATIVE	WALL 0	857 857	
Model Data			0	8.000 1.000 2.000 3	1.000
Tensor Board			loss		
				879 885 880 855 850 846	.000

12.3. Apply Model

This component is provided to generate predictions based on NN trained model. The user can view predicted column value for each label class.

Users can create an NN Apply Model via the following ways:

- Generate a model by pre-processing the selected data and training the model based on the created structure.
- Generate a new NN Apply Model using the saved NN model

The Apply Model within the Deep Learning Workspace consists of 2 input nodes and 1 output node.

- Input Nodes
 - Upper node Model/Training data
 - Lower node Testing data
- Output Node
 - Node Result data

Data Science Workbench 🛯
E C Search Tree Q Create New Workflow
▶ 😝 Data Source
Apply M. Apply M.
Pre Packaged Models
> 🔆 Models
S Custom Scripts
រូរ៉៍មី Model Training
🧏 Apply Model



- i) Drag the Apply Model component onto the workspace and connect it with a valid combination of data source and other components to create a valid workflow.
- ii) Click the dragged 'Apply Model' component.
- iii) Basic component details get displayed.
- iv) Click the '**Next**' option to move ahead.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Basic						
Advanced	Component Na	ame	Neural Network App	bly Model			
•	Alias		Apply Model0				
	Description		Optional				
						Next	

- v) The Advanced tab opens.
- vi) Select the required columns from the drop-down menu.
- vii) Click the 'Apply' option.

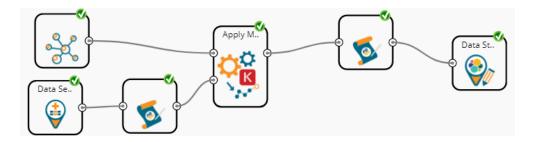
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		Ŧ	Ť
General	Advanced							
Advanced	1 checked			•		0		
•								
							Apply	y

- viii) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- ix) The process status gets displayed under the 'Console' tab.

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties
	2/9/2019 - 16:39:52	2 : Process ac	lded to Queue			
Þ	02/09/2019 - 16:38	3:41 : Demo5	is started.			
	02/09/2019 - 16:38	3:41 : Demo5	is completed.			
	02/09/2019 - 16:38	3:41 :Data Se	rvice0 is started.			
	02/09/2019 - 16:39	9:32 : Data Se	rvice0 is complet	ed.		
	02/09/2019 - 16:39	9:32 : Custom	PythonScript - SA	4 - Integeriza	tion Process Script fo	r WF is started.
	02/09/2019 - 16:39	9:33 : Custom	PythonScript - SA	4 - Integeriza	tion Process Script fo	r WF is completed.
	02/09/2019 - 16:39	9:33 : Apply M	odel2 is started.			
	02/09/2019 - 16:39	9:36 : Apply M	odel2 is complet	ed.		
	02/09/2019 - 16:39	9:36 : Custom	PythonScript_19	- SA5 - Output	t Script for WF is start	ted.
,	02/09/2019 - 16:39	9:36 : Custom	PythonScript_19	- SA5 - Output	t Script for WF is com	pleted.
	02/09/2019 - 16:39	9:36 : Data Sto	ore Writer5 is sta	rted.		
	02/09/2019 - 16:39	9:38 : Data Sto	ore Writer5 is cor	npleted.		
	02/09/2019 - 16:39	9:38 : Process	Completed			



x) The completion of the Console process gets marked with green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



- xi) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged Apply Model component on the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.
- xii) The columns displaying numpied_output probability get added to the Result view. The Apply Model displays the Result in the array format.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		*
how 10 🔻	entries					Sear	ch:
text						Sentiments	numpied_output
Normally, a rest save two dollars would bring me	aurant worker wou AND get a mediur back to this restau	uld say "Állow me t n drink instead of ırant! When I brou	o save you some a small AND a co ght this to the er	! I ordered a bowl and e money by making th pokie". This is the type nployees attention, h Id have dramatically o	is a combo. You'll of service that e made no attempt	Positive	[0.999974250793457, 4.973092018190073e-06, 2.0761452105944045e-05]
bucket had 8 an included in the I not want to bac	d they forgot to ind bag It's very frustra k out to get the res hicken in Brunswid	clude the chocolat iting when you get t of your order. Le	e chip cookies. T home to discove arn to get your c	Today instead of gettin here was no napkins er your order is not co orders right. There are bigger pieces of chicke	or condiments prrect and you do other places to	Positive	[0.9999808073043823, 5.054907319390622e-07, 1.8671187717700377e-05]

Note:

- a. The user can connect the Apply model output to a related Python script to convert the predicted output from the array format to the predicted class Output.
- b. The Result data set of the model can be written to a database using a Data Writer.
- c. The Column header and data type of feature column both should match for the saved model and testing data. If column headers and data types do not match, an alert message will be displayed.
- d. It is not mandatory for the testing data set to contain a label column.
- e. The user can view the model summary by clicking on the 'Summary' tab.

12.4. Prediction using Trained Models

Users can use the Saved NN Model in a workflow as displayed below for the prediction purpose:

- i) Select and drag a Data Source for data reading purpose onto the workspace
- ii) Using Custom Python Script Component, create a script that can pre-process the data and transform the input Data Source data into a consumable form by the Apply Model component.
- iii) Drag a trained Neural Network Model and configure it.



- iv) Drag and Apply Model component. The Apply Model provided for the Deep Learning workspace is the same as the Apply Model component provided for the other workspaces; the only difference is in this, the user needs to select the Column Headers on which the Model predicts the values.
- v) After NN Apply Model, put a Custom Python Script to reverse the transform implemented by the previous script component turns the predicted values into the Predicted class Output.
- vi) The predicted output can be written to a Data Writer (in this case, it is the Data Store writer)
- vii) Run the workflow by clearing the previous cache.
- viii) The steps of the Console process get displayed under the 'Console' tab.
- ix) The completion of the Console process is marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.

prediction	on_WF_check	Deta St	NN_Test.		Apply M	SA5 - 0.:	
Compo	onent Co	nsole	Summary	Result	Visualization	Proper	ties
04/09/ 04/09/ 04/09/ 04/09/ 04/09/	119 - 13:33:56 : (2019 - 13:33:06 (2019 - 13:33:06 (2019 - 13:33:53 (2019 - 13:33:53 (2019 - 13:33:53 (2019 - 13:33:54	: NN_Test : NN_Test : Data Ser : Data Ser : Customf	Model3 is starte Model3 is comp vice0 is started. vice0 is complet vythonScript_14	leted. ted. - SA4 - Intege	erization Process S		

x) The processed data appears under the 'Result' tab.

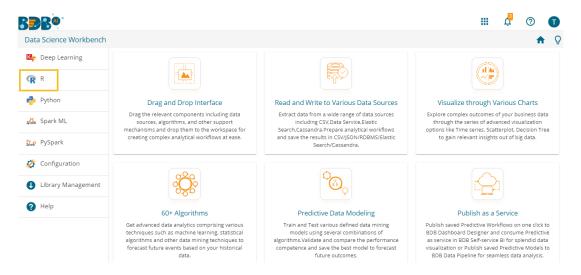
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Propertie	s		+
Show 10 •	entries						Search:	
text						Sentiments	numpied_output	predicted_result
Normally, a restar You'll save two do service that would made no attempt	urant worker would ollars AND get a me d bring me back to	d say "Allow me to edium drink instea this restaurant! W e could have at le	save you some id of a small AN /hen I brought t	! I ordered a bowl and a money by making thi D a cookie". This is the this to the employees a cookie, which would ha	s a combo. type of attention, he	Positive	[0.0017110684420913458, 0.9975250363349915, 0.0007638849201612175]	NEGATIVE
my bucket had 8 condiments inclu- correct and you d There are other p	and they forgot to ded in the bag it's v to not want to back	include the choco very frustrating wi cout to get the res fried chicken in Br	late chip cookie nen you get hor it of your order unswick that ar	oday instead of gettin s. There was no napkii ne to discover your or . Learn to get your ord e less expensive and a Jlishment	ns or der is not ers right.	Positive	[0.6947669386863708, 0.30521681904792786, 1.620476905372925e-05]	POSITIVE
	ve ever had it has g best semi-fast food			even their cookies are į	good! I must	Positive	[0.9267953038215637, 0.07320166379213333, 2.993991984112654e-06]	POSITIVE
away while we we	ere talking. Then w	e were supposed t	o get a free len	at we asked for, and w nonade, and the guy re omes with a 10 piece o	efused to give	Negative	[0.0019309261115267873, 0.9980691075325012,	NEGATIVE



13. R Workspace

This section of the document describes the R environment by focusing on the Statistical Analysis, Data Preparation connectors, Algorithms, Apply Model, Performance, and Custom R script components to build an R workflow under the Data Science environment.

The user can select the R Workspace from the Predictive landing page to access the R Environment under the BDB Data Science Workbench.



The user gets redirected to the following page by selecting the R Workspace:



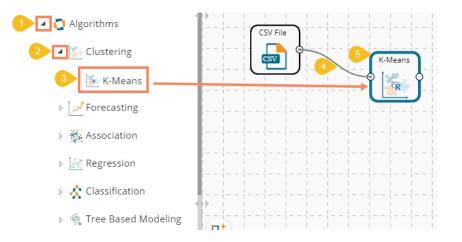
13.1. Algorithms

Algorithms are a statistical set of rules that help users analyze vast quantities of numerical data and extract appropriate information out of it. BDB Predictive Analysis allows users to Apply more than one algorithm to manage the enormous amount of data.

Step by Step Process to Apply an Algorithm:



- i) Click the 'Algorithms' tree-node on the Predictive Analysis home page.
- ii) Click the Algorithm Category tree-node to display the available algorithm subcategories.
- iii) Select and drag an algorithm component onto the workspace.
- iv) Connect the algorithm component to a configured data source.
- v) Click on the algorithm component.

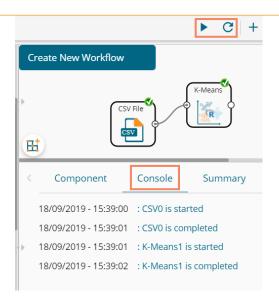


- vi) Configure the following 'Component' fields for the dragged algorithm component.
- vii) Click the 'Apply' option to save the information.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		<u>↓</u> †	<u>+</u>
General	Output Information							
Properties	Number Of Clusters		5		0			
Advanced	Column Selection							
	Features		4 checked	-	0			
	New Column Information							
	Cluster Nar	ne	ClusterNumb	per1	0			
• >								
							Apply	/

- viii) Run the workflow.
- ix) The 'Console' tab opens displaying the step by step completion of the process. The green marks on the top of the dragged components mark the completion of the Console process.



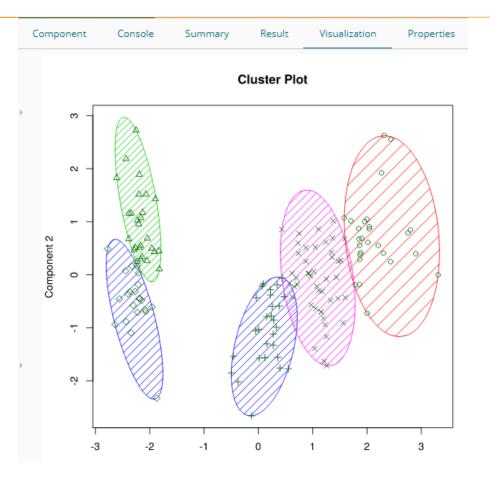


- x) After the Console process gets completed, the user can view Result data using the 'Result' tab.
 - a. Click the algorithm component on the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.
- xi) The newly created Cluster Column gets added to the displayed Result dataset.

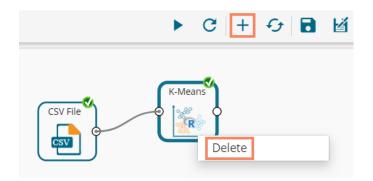
Component Co	nsole Summary	Result Visualizati	on Properties		<u>+</u> ★
Show 10 • entries	5				Search:
sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species	ClusterNumber1
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	2
4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	5
4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	5
4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	5
5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	2
5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	2
4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	5
5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	2
4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa	5
4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa	5

xii) Click the 'Visualization' tab to see a graphical representation of the Result data.





xiii) Click the **'Delete'** option or the icon for the **'Create New Workflow'** option to remove the selected algorithm component from the workspace.



Note:

- a. The user can follow the steps mentioned above to configure all the available R- algorithms.
- b. The user can configure the alias name for the algorithm component via the 'General' tab.
- c. The basic configuration for all the algorithms is done through the '**Properties**' tab. The user is required to configure this tab while Applying an algorithm component manually.
- d. The user can avail of all the default values under the 'Advanced' tab. The user can manually set the 'Advanced' tab or modify the default values, only if the advanced level configuration is required.



e. After execution, The user can click on the respective component to get data. The pipeline component does not have any Result set; it has the only summary. Users need to connect the pipeline components with an 'Apply Model' component and test data set to view the Result.

13.1.1. Clustering

Clustering is the task of grouping a set of objects in such a way that objects in the same group (called a cluster) are more similar (in some sense or another) to each other than to those in other groups (clusters).

13.1.1.1. R-K Means

K- means clustering is one of the most commonly used clustering methods. It clusters data points into a predefined number of clusters. It first assembles observations into 'K' groups, wherein 'K' is an input parameter. The algorithm then assigns each observation to a cluster based on the proximity of the observation.

Applying R-K Means to a Data Source

Users will be redirected to the '**Component**' tabs when Applying the '**R-K Means**' algorithm component to a configured data source.

- i) Drag the R-K Means to the Workspace and connect it to a configured Data Source.
- ii) The Component tabs get displayed on the View space.
- iii) Configure the following fields in the 'Properties' tab:
 - a. Output Information
 - i. **Number of Clusters**: Enter the number of groups for clustering. The default value for this field is 5. The range should be between 1 and the total number of clusters.
 - **b.** Column Selection
 - i. Features: Select the input columns with which you want to perform the Analysis
 - c. New Column Information
 - i. Cluster Name: Enter a name for the new column displaying cluster number.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Propert	ies 🕂	Ŧ
General	Output Info	rmation					
Properties	Number Of Clu	usters	5		0		
Advanced	Column Sele	ection					
	Features	4	1 checked	-	0		
	New Column Information						
	Cluster Name		ClusterNumber		0		
•							
						Ар	oly
						Ар	Juy -

- Rules for Naming a New Column
 - **1.** Do not use space in the name of a new column. It should be a single word, or two words should be connected by an underscore (_). E.g., SampleData or Sample_Data.
 - 2. Do not use any special symbol alone or with any character as the name of a new column. Eg. %, #, \$, @,* or Sample# are not acceptable.



- 3. Do not use single or double quotes, dot, and brackets, to name a new column.
- **4.** Do not use numbers alone while naming a new column. Numbers can be used with at least one character of the alphabet, and the name should not begin with a numeral.
- 5. The name given to a new column should not exceed 50 characters.

Note: Users can access a list of rules for naming a new column by clicking the information

icon 🖸 provided Next to the **'New Column Information'** tab.

- iv) Click the 'Advanced' tab (if required)
 - a. Configure the required 'Behavior' fields:
 - i. **Maximum Iterations**: Enter the number of iterations allowed for discovering clusters. (The default value for this field is 100).
 - ii. **Number of Initial Centroids**: Enter the number of random initial centroid sets for clustering (The default value for this field is 1).
 - iii. Algorithm type: Select an algorithm type from the drop-down menu
 - iv. **Initial Cluster Center Seed**: Enter a number indicating initial cluster center seed (The default value for this field is 10).
- v) Click the 'Apply' option.

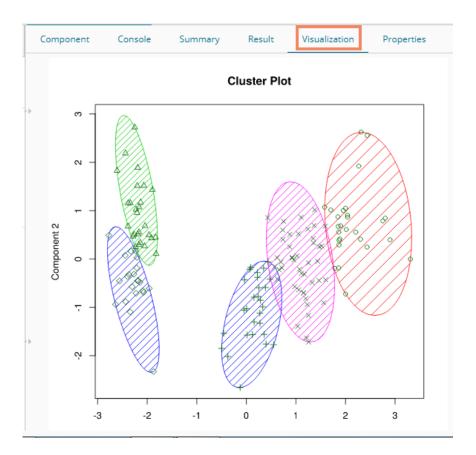
Component	Console Summary	y Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>↓</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Behavior					
Properties	Maximum Iterations	100				
Advanced	Number of intial	1				
	centroids					
	Algorithm Type	Hartigan-Wong	•			
	Initial Cluster Center	10				
•	Seed					
					Apply	/

- vi) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vii) The '**Console**' tab opens describing the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged component.
- viii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.
- ix) A new column 'Cluster Number' gets displayed in the Result view.



	Component	Console Sum	nmary Result	Visualization	Propert	ties 🕂 🕹
	Show 10 🔻 ent	ries			Search:	
•	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species	ClusterNumber
	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	2
	4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	5
	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	5
	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	5
	5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	2
	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	2
	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	5
	5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	2
	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa	5
	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa	5
	Showing 1 to 10 of 15	50 entries		Previous 1	2 3 4	5 15 Next

- x) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- xi) The Result data gets displayed via the Cluster Plot Chart.





13.1.2. Forecasting

Forecasting is a method used extensively in time series analysis to predict a response variable, such as monthly profits, stock performance, or unemployment figures, for a specified period. Forecasts are based on patterns in existing data. For example, a warehouse manager can create a model of how much product to order for the next three months based on the previous 12 months of orders. All the sub-categories of the Forecasting Algorithms provide two Output modes (to be set from the Properties tab):

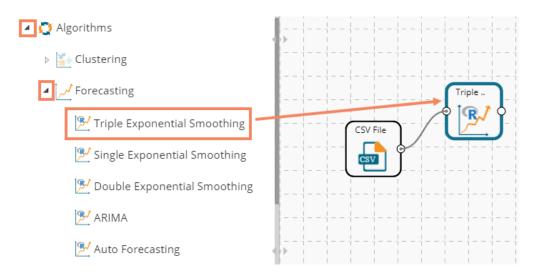
- 1. Forecasting
- 2. Trend

The document describes all the available Forecasting algorithms considering both the output modes as possibilities.

13.1.2.1. Triple Exponential Smoothing

Triple exponential smoothing considers seasonal changes as well as trends (all of which are trends). Seasonality is defined to be the tendency of time-series data to exhibit behavior that repeats itself every L period, much like any harmonic function. The term season is used to represent the period before behavior begins to repeat itself. There are different types of seasonality: 'multiplicative' and 'additive' in nature, much like addition and multiplication are fundamental operations in mathematics.

i) Drag the Triple Exponential Smoothing component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.



ii) Configure the following fields in the '**Properties**' tab:

a. Output Information

- i. **Output Mode**: Select a mode in which you want to display output data. The user gets two options for this field.
 - 1. **Trend**: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set.



- 2. **Forecast**: Selecting this option displays forecasted values for the given period. The forecasted values get appended to the target column when '**Forecast**' output mode has been selected.
- ii. **Period to Forecast**: Enter a period to forecast. This field appears only when the selected **'Output Mode'** option is **'Forecast.'**
- b. Column Selection
 - i. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (First selected option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.)
- c. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Period:** Select a period of forecasting by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu.

Quarter

Month

Custom

- ii. **Start Period:** Enter a value between 1 and the value specified for the selected option for the **'Period'** field.
- iii. **Start Year:** Enter a year from which you want the data entries to be considered. Enter **a** four-digit value for selecting a year (E.g., 2000)

d. New Column Information

i. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing a period value. (This field is predefined, but users can change the value if needed).



Component	Console Su	ummary	Result	Visualization	Properties		+	<u>1</u>
General	Output Informat	ion						
Properties	Output Mode	F	orecast	-				
Advanced	Period To Forecast	1						
	Column Selection	n						
	Target Variable	В	eer_Sales	-	0			
	Input Data Hand	ling						
	Period	q	uarter	-				
	Start Period	1						
	Start Year	2	000					
	New Column Info	ormation						
•	Period Column Nam	e Q	uarter		0			
							nnlu	-
						A	pply	

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure, if required:
 - a. Configure the following 'Behavior' fields:
 - i. Alpha: Enter a valid double value in the given field for smoothing observations (Alpha Range: 0<alpha<=1)
 - ii. **Beta:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for finding trend parameters (Beta Range: 0-1)
 - iii. **Gamma:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for finding a seasonal trend parameter (Gamma Range: 0-1)
 - iv. **Seasonal:** Select a smoothing algorithm type from the drop-down list (Holtwinter's Exponential Smoothing algorithm)
 - v. **No. of Periodic Observation:** Enter the number of periodic observations required to start the calculation. The default value for this field is 2.

General	Behavior		
Properties	Alpha	.3	0
Advanced	Beta	.1	0
	Gamma	.1	0
	Seasonal	Additive 👻	
	No. of Periodic	2	0
	Observation		

- b. Configure the following 'Initial Values' information:
 - i. Level: Enter the initial value for the level. It is an optional field.
 - ii. **Trend:** Enter the initial value for finding trend parameters. It is an optional field.
 - iii. **Season:** Enter initial values for finding seasonal parameters. It depends on the selected column. It is an optional field.



- iv. **Optimizer Inputs:** Enter the initial values given for alpha, beta, gamma required for the optimizer. It is an optional field.
- v. **Confidence**: Enter Confidence level for prediction intervals. It accepts only 0-99 and comma separated value. According to the number of comma-separated values, new low and high range columns get added to the Result dataset. (the default value for this field is 95)
- vi. Show Range: Select an option using the drop-down menu.
 - 1. True: By selecting this option, **Lower Range** and **Upper Range** get displayed in the Result and Visualization of the dataset.
 - 2. False: By selecting this option, Ranges do not get displayed in the dataset
- iv) Click the **'Apply'** option.

General Properties	Initial Values		
Advanced	Level	Optional	
Auvanceu	Trend	Optional	
	Season	Optional	
	Optimizer Inputs	Optional	
	Confidence	95	
Þ	Show Range	False 👻	
			Apply

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The user gets directed to the 'Console' tab displaying the ongoing process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged component.

				► C	+ &
(Create New Work	flow			
Ē	Ħ	CSV Fil	-64	iple	
	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization
Γ	20/09/2019 - 10:	:20:32 : CSV1 i	s started		
	20/09/2019 - 10:	20:33 : CSV1 i	s completed		
••	20/09/2019 - 10:	20:33 : Triple	Exponential Smoo	othing0 is start	ted

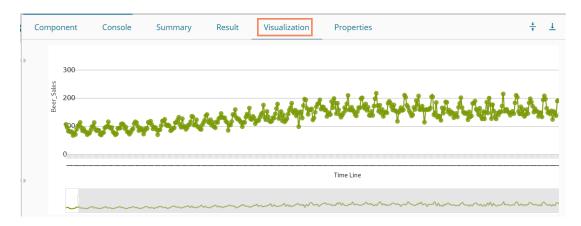
- vii) Follow the below-given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab (In this case, the selected output mode is 'Forecasting')



	Component C	onsole Summary	Result Visualization Pr	roperties $\frac{+}{+}$ \perp
	Show 10 • entrie	es		Search:
•	Year	Month	Beer_Sales	Quarter
	1965	January	93.2	Q1 2000
	1965	February	96	Q2 2000
	1965	March	95.2	Q3 2000
	1965	April	77.1	Q4 2000
	1965	May	70.9	Q1 2001
	1965	June	64.8	Q2 2001
	1965	July	70.1	Q3 2001
	1965	August	77.3	Q4 2001
	1965	September	79.5	Q1 2002
	1965	October	100.6	Q2 2002
	Showing 1 to 10 of 469	entries	Previous 1 2 3	4 5 47 Next

viii) Click the 'Visualization' tab.

ix) The Result data will be displayed via the TimeLine Chart.



x) Click the '**Summary**' tab to view the model summary.



C	omponent	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	1
•	Columns used :							
	Call: HoltWinters(x	= tso, alpha riods = as.nur	= as.numeric(0.3)	, beta = as	tive seasonal compon .numeric(0.1), g optim.start = c())		, seasonal = c("additiv	
•	Coefficients: [,1] a 111.0213 b -3.1634 s1 -4.2978 s2 -1.4135 s3 12.6552 s4 -0.8968							

13.1.2.2. Single Exponential Smoothing

The Single Exponential Smoothing is the simplest of all the smoothing methods, also known as Simple Exponential Smoothing. This method is suitable for forecasting data with no trend or seasonal pattern.

i) Drag the Single Exponential Smoothing component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.



- ii) Configure the '**Properties**' tab.
 - a. Output Information
 - i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data
 - Trend: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set. A new column 'Predicted Values' gets added in the Result view when the 'Trend' output mode has been selected.
 - 2. **Forecast**: Selecting this option displays forecasted values for the given period. The forecasted values get appended to the target column when '**Forecast**' output mode has been selected.



ii. Period to Forecast: Enter a period to forecast. This field appears only when the selected 'Output Mode' option is 'Forecast.'

b. Column Selection

- i. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (the first option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted)
- c. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Period:** Select period of forecasting by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu
 - ii. Period Per Year: This field appears only when the selected 'Period' option is 'Custom.'
 - iii. Start Period: Enter a value between 1 and the value specified for the selected option for 'Period' field
 - iv. **Start Year:** Enter a year from which you want the data entries to be considered. Enter **a** four-digit value for selecting a year (E.g., 2000)
- d. New Column Information
 - i. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing a period value. (This field comes predefined, but the user can change the value if needed).

Component	Console Summary	y Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ţ
General	Output Information					
Properties	Output Mode	Forecast	-			
Advanced	Period To Forecast	1				
	Column Selection					
	Target Variable	Beer_Sales	- O			
	Input Data Handling					
	Period	Custom	•			
	Periods per year	4				
	Start Period	1				
	Start Year	2000				
•	New Column Informati	ion				
	Period Column Name	PeriodColumn	0			
					Applu	
					Apply	

Note: The '**Period Per Year**' field gets displayed only when the selected value for the '**Period**' field is '**Custom**.'

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required.
 - a. Configure the following 'Behavior' fields:
 - i. Alpha: Enter a valid double value in the given field for smoothing observations. Alpha Range: 0<alpha<=1.
 - ii. **No. of Periodic Observation:** Enter the number of periodic observations required to start the calculation. The default value for this field is 2.
 - **b.** Configure the following 'Initial Values' information:
 - i. Level: Enter the initial value for the level. It is an optional field.



- ii. Confidence: Enter Confidence level for prediction intervals. It accepts only 0-99 and comma separated value. According to the number of comma-separated values, new low and high range columns get added to the Result dataset. (the default value for this field is 95)
- iii. Show Range: Select an option using the drop-down menu.
 - 1. True: By selecting this option, **Lower Range** and **Upper Range** get displayed in the Result and Visualization of the dataset.
 - 2. False: By selecting this option, Ranges do not get shown in the dataset.
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	e Result	Visuali	zation	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	Ţ
General	Behavior							
Properties	Alpha		.3		0			
Advanced	No. of Periodic		2		0			
	Observation							
	Initial Values							
	Level		95					
	Confidence		95					
	Show Range		True	•				
P								
							Арр	ly

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The 'Console' tab opens, displaying the ongoing process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.

		Þ	C + 4
Single Exponential s			
CSV File			
Ħ			
Component Co	onsole Summary	Result	Visualization
		Result	Visualization
Component Co 20/09/2019 - 11:00:41		Result	Visualization
Component Co 20/09/2019 - 11:00:41 20/09/2019 - 11:00:42	: CSV0 is started		

- vii) Follow the below-given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace
 - **b.** Click the 'Result' tab.



viii) Predicted values get appended to the target variable column when the selected output mode is Forecasting. The Lower Range and Upper Range columns display when the 'Show Range' field is marked 'True' from the Advanced tab.

Show 10 • entries				Sea	rch:
Year	Month	Beer_Sales	PeriodColumn	Lower_Range_95_12	Upper_Range_95_12
1965	January	93.2	Q1 2000		
1965	February	96	Q2 2000		
1965	March	95.2	Q3 2000		
1965	April	77.1	Q4 2000		
1965	May	70.9	Q1 2001		
1965	June	64.8	Q2 2001		
1965	July	70.1	Q3 2001		
1965	August	77.3	Q4 2001		
1965	September	79.5	Q1 2002		
1965	October	100.6	Q2 2002		

- ix) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- x) The Result data gets displayed via the **TimeLine** Chart.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
300							
Sales - 500				3 In Se Sentral	And the production of the first the test of the	t	
	~~~~	a a fairth	ŴŶ	Solution de .			
0					Time Line	<b>.</b>	
	~~~~~		~~~~~				

xi) Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model summary.

(Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
	S Columns used i	n the algorit	e model thm (double)					
	Call:	- = tso, alpha	Ŭ		ithout seasonal compo .SE, gamma = FALSE,	nent. start.periods = as	.numeric	
	Smoothing para alpha: 0.3 beta : FALSE gamma: FALSE	,						
	Coefficients: [,1] a 116.3							
	E	nd of Summary	у					



13.1.2.3. Double Exponential Smoothing

Single Exponential smoothing method cannot perform well when there is a trend in the data. In such circumstances, several methods were devised under the name Double Exponential Smoothing or Second-order Exponential Smoothing, which is the recursive application of an exponential filter twice. Therefore it was termed Double Exponential Smoothing. The basic idea behind double exponential smoothing is to introduce a term to consider the possibility of a series exhibiting some form of the trend. This slope component is itself updated via exponential smoothing.

i) Drag the Double Exponential Smoothing component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.



ii) Configure the 'Properties' tab

a. Output Information

- i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data
 - 1. **Trend**: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set. A new column '**Predicted Values**' gets added in the Result view when the '**Trend**' output mode has been selected.
 - 2. **Forecast**: Selecting this option displays forecasted values for the given period. The forecasted values get appended to the target column when '**Forecast**' output mode has been selected.
- ii. **Period to Forecast**: Enter a period to forecast. This field appears only when the selected **'Output Mode'** option is **'Forecast.'**
- **b.** Column Selection
 - i. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (First selected option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.)
- c. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Period:** Select a period of forecasting by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu.
 - ii. **Start Period:** Enter a value between 1 and the value specified for the selected option for **'Period'** field



- iii. **Start Year:** Enter a year from which you want the data entries to be considered. Enter **a** four-digit value for selecting a year (E.g., 2000)
- d. New Column Information
 - i. Period Column Name: Enter a name for the column containing period value (This field is predefined, but users can change the value if needed)

Component	Console S	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>1</u>
General	Output Inform	nation					
Properties	Output Mode	Output Mode Fo		-			
Advanced	anced Period To Forecast		1				
	Column Selection						
	Target Variable		Beer_Sales	-	0		
Input Data Handling							
	Period		Month	-			
	Start Period		1				
	Start Year		2000				
	New Column	Informatior	n				
•	Period Column N	lame	Months		0		
						Apply	/

Note: The user can click the 'Apply' option from the Properties tab if the configuration of the Advanced tab is not required.

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required
 - a. Configure the following 'Behavior' fields:
 - i. **Alpha:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for smoothing observations (Alpha Range: 0<alpha<=1)
 - ii. **Beta:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for smoothing observations (Beta Range: 0-1)
 - iii. **No. of Periodic Observation:** Enter the number of periods observations required to start the calculation (The default value for this field is 2)
 - **b.** Configure the following 'Initial Values' information:
 - i. Level: Enter the initial value for the level (It is an optional field)
 - ii. Trend: Enter the initial value for finding trend parameters (It is an optional field)
 - iii. **Optimizer Inputs:** Enter the initial values given for alpha and beta required for the optimizer (it is an optional field)
 - iv. **Confidence**: Enter Confidence level for prediction intervals. It accepts only 0-99 and comma-separated value. According to the number of commas separated values, new low and high range columns get added to the Result dataset (the default value for this field is 95).
 - v. Show Range: Select an option using the drop-down menu



- True: By selecting this option 'Lower Range' and 'Upper Range' get displayed in the Result and Visualization of the dataset
- 2. False: By selecting this option, Ranges do not get shown in the dataset
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summar	У	Result	Visu	alization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Behavior								1
Properties	Alpha		.3			0			
Advanced	Beta		.1			0			
	No. of Periodic		2			0			
	Observation								
	Initial Values								
	Level		Option	al					
	Trend		Option	al					
	Optimizer Inputs	;	Option	al					
•	Confidence		95						
	Show Range		True		•				
								Appl	y

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The 'Console' tab opens, displaying the ongoing process. The completion f the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.

			► C +	- () 🖥 🕍
D	ouble Exponential			
B	CSV File	}	Double	
<	Component	Console	Summary	Result
	20/09/2019 - 12:25:24	: CSV0 is s	tarted	
	20/09/2019 - 12:25:25	: CSV0 is c	ompleted	
	20/09/2019 - 12:25:25 20/09/2019 - 12:25:25		ompleted xponential Smooth	ing1 is started



vii) Follow the below-given steps to display the Result view:

a. Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.

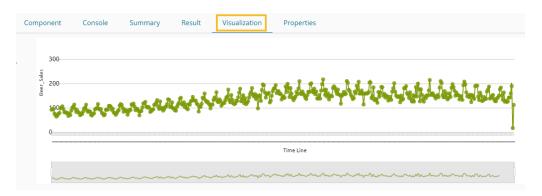
b. Click the 'Result' tab.

The Predicted values get appended to the target column in the Result data if the selected output mode is **Forecasting**.

Component	Console Summary	Result Visualization Pro	operties 🕂 🗄
Show 10 • er	ntries		Search:
Year	Month	Beer_Sales	Months
1965	January	93.2	Jan 2000
1965	February	96	Feb 2000
1965	March	95.2	Mar 2000
1965	April	77.1	Apr 2000
1965	May	70.9	May 2000
1965	June	64.8	Jun 2000
1965	July	70.1	Jul 2000
1965	August	77.3	Aug 2000
1965	September	79.5	Sep 2000
1965	October	100.6	Oct 2000

viii) Click the 'Visualization' tab.

ix) The Result data will be displayed via the TimeLine chart.



x) Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model summary.

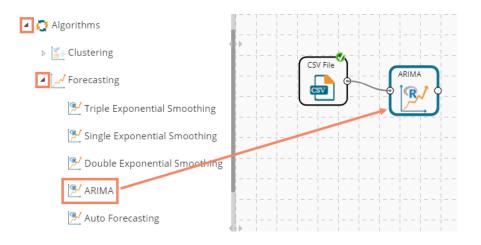


	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
•		Summary of the in the algorith Beer_Sales						
	Call: HoltWinters(x		= as.numeric(0.		ut seasonal compor numeric(0.1),	nent. gamma = FALSE, start	.periods	
	Smoothing par alpha: 0.3 beta : 0.1 gamma: FALSE							
Þ	Coefficients: [,1] a 116.051 b -2.966							
		End of Summary						

13.1.2.4. R-ARIMA

R- ARIMA returns the best ARIMA model according to either AIC, AICC, or BIC value. The function searches for a possible model within the order constraints provided.

i) Drag the R-ARIMA component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.



ii) Configure the 'Properties' tab.

a. Output Information

- i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data
 - 1. **Trend**: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set. A new column '**Predicted Values**' gets added in the Result view when the '**Trend**' output mode has been selected.
 - 2. **Forecast**: Selecting this option displays forecasted values for the given period. The forecasted values get appended to the target column when '**Forecast**' output mode has been selected.



- Period to Forecast: Enter a period to forecast. This field appears only when the selected 'Output Mode' option is 'Forecast.'
- b. Column Selection
 - i. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (the First option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties
General	Output Inf	ormation			
Properties	Output Mode		Forecast	•	
Advanced	Period To Forecast		1		
	Column Se	lection			
	Target Variab	le	Beer_Sales	•	0

c. Input Data Handling

- i. **Period:** Select a period of forecasting by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu.
- ii. Period Per Year: This field appears only when the selected 'Period' option is 'Custom.'
- iii. **Start Period:** Enter a value between 1 and the value specified for the selected option for **'Period'** field
- iv. **Start Year:** Enter a year from which you want the data entries to be considered. Enter **a** four-digit value for selecting a year (E.g., 2000)

d. New Column Information

- i. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing a period value (This field will be predefined, but users can change the value if needed).
- iii) Enable Manual Arima option by putting a checkmark in the given box.
- iv) The 'Next' option appears on the page.

Dueneuties	Input Data Handling				
Properties	Period	Quarter -			
Advanced	Start Period 1				
	Start Year	2000			
	New Column Information				
	Period Column Name	QuarterlySales	0		
•	Manual Arima				
				Next	Apply

v) Click the '**Advanced**' tab and configure if required



- a. Configure the following 'Behavior' fields:
 - i. Autoregressive order(p): It is a mandatory field; only integer values are accepted. The default value for this field is 0.
 - ii. **Degree of differencing(d):** It is a mandatory field; only integer values are accepted. The default value for this field is 0.
 - iii. Moving Average Order(q): It is a mandatory field; only integer values are accepted. The default value for this field is 0.
- **b.** Configure the following 'Initial Values' information:
 - i. **Confidence**: Enter Confidence level for prediction intervals. It accepts only 0-99 and comma separated value. According to the number of commas separated values, new low and high range columns get added to the Result dataset. (the default value for this field is 95)
 - ii. Show Range: Select an option using the drop-down menu.
 - 1. **True**: By selecting this option, **Lower Range** and **Upper Range** get displayed in the Result and Visualization of the dataset.
 - 2. False: By selecting this option, Ranges do not get shown in the dataset.
- vi) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Behavior						
Properties	Auto regress	Auto regressive order (p)					
Advanced	Degree of di	Degree of differencing (d)					
	Moving Aver	rage order (q)	0				
	Initial Valu	Jes					
	Confidence		95				
	Show Range		False	•			
•							
						Appl	ly

- vii) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- viii) The '**Console**' tab opens displaying the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green marks on the top of the dragged components.





- ix) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace
 - **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.
- x) Predicted values get appended to the target column in the Result data (The selected output mode is '**Forecasting**')

how 10 🔻	entries		Search:
Year	Month	Beer_Sales	QuarterlySales
2003	May	131	Q1 2115
2003	June	125	Q2 2115
2003	July	127	Q3 2115
2003	August	143	Q4 2115
2003	September	143	Q1 2116
2003	October	160	Q2 2116
2003	November	190	Q3 2116
2003	December	18	Q4 2116
		136	Q1 2117

- xi) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- xii) The Result data will be displayed via the TimeLine chart.

a. Click thb. Click th



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties
	~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		فعادرته	and a set of the set o
0					
					Time Line
				mm	

xiii) Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model summary.

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<del>*</del>	<u>+</u>
• •		in the algorit	model hm (double)					
	Call: arima(x = tso Coefficients:	, order = c(0,	0, 0))					
	interce 136.01 s.e. 1.58	pt 32						
	sigma^2 estim	ated as 1178:	log likelihood	= -2318.85,	aic = 4641.7			
ľ		End of Summary						

**Note**: When '**Manual Arima**' option is not enabled for the R-ARIMA algorithm, the '**Advanced**' tab does not display Behavior fields. The following images display, respectively, the '**Advanced**,' 'Result,' and '**Visualization**' tabs for the same dataset when manual ARIMA option has been disabled.

#### **Properties Tab**

Component	Console Summar	ry Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Column Selection					
Properties	Target Variable	Beer_Sales	• 0			
Advanced	Input Data Handling	t Data Handling				1
	Period	Quarter	•			
	Start Period	1				
	Start Year	2000				
	New Column Informat	ion				
•	Period Column Name	QuarterlySales	•			
	Manual Arima 🗆					
					Apply	,



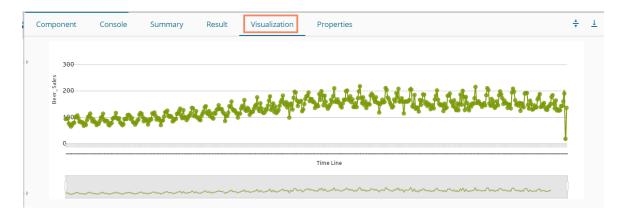
#### **Advanced Tab**

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	⊥ ⊺
General	Initial Values	5				
Properties	5 Confidence					
Advanced	Show Range	Fal	se	•		
						Apply

## **Result Tab**

how 10	▼ entries		Search:				
Year	Month	Beer_Sales	QuarterlySales				
2003	May	131	Q1 2115				
2003	June	125	Q2 2115				
2003	July	127	Q3 2115				
2003	August	143	Q4 2115				
2003	September	143	Q1 2116				
2003	October	160	Q2 2116				
2003	November	190	Q3 2116				
2003	December	18	Q4 2116				
		136	Q1 2117				

## Visualization Tab

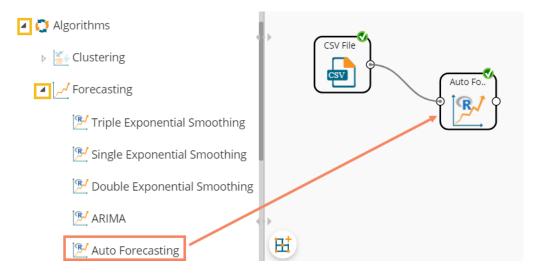


# 13.1.2.5. R- Auto Forecasting



The user can run the algorithm by adjusting smoothing parameters and other initial state variables to find the best AIC value.

i) Drag the R-Auto Forecasting component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.



#### ii) Configure the '**Properties**' tab.

## a. Output Information

- i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data
  - 1. **Trend**: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set. A new column **'Predicted** Values' gets added in the Result view when the **'Trend'** output mode has been selected.
  - 2. **Forecast**: Selecting this option displays forecasted values for the given period. Result values get appended to the target column when '**Forecast**' output mode has been selected.
- ii. **Period to Forecast**: Enter a period to forecast. This field appears only when the selected **'Output Mode'** option is **'Forecast.'**
- b. Column Selection
  - i. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (First selected option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.)
- c. Input Data Handling
  - i. **Period:** Select a period of forecasting by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu.
  - ii. Period Per Year: This field appears only when the selected 'Period' option is 'Custom.'
  - iii. **Start Period:** Enter a value between 1 and the value specified for the selected option for the **'Period'** field.
  - iv. **Start Year:** Enter **a** four-digit value for selecting a year from which you want the data entries to be considered (E.g., 2000).
- d. New Column Information
  - i. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing the period value (This field will be predefined, but users can change the value if needed).



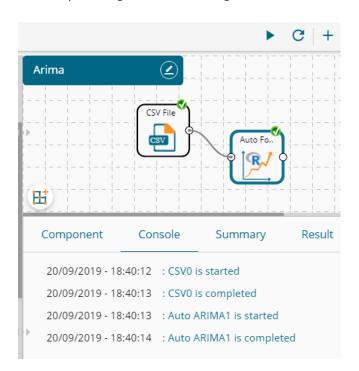
Component	Console Summa	ry Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> <u>+</u>
General	Output Information				
Properties	Output Mode	Forecast	-		
Advanced	Period To Forecast	12			
	Column Selection				
	Target Variable	Beer_Sales	- <b>O</b>	)	
	Input Data Handling				
	Period	Month	•		
	Start Period	1			
	Start Year	2000			
	New Column Informa	tion			
÷	Period Column Name	Months	0	1	
					Apply
					Арріу

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:
  - a. Configure the following 'Behavior' fields:
    - i. **Seasonal:** Select a smoothing algorithm type from the drop-down menu (Holtwinter's Exponential Smoothing algorithm)
    - ii. **No. of Periodic Observation:** Enter the number of periodic observations required to start the calculation. The default value for this field is 2.
  - b. Configure the following 'Initial Values' fields:
    - i. Level: Enter the initial value for the level (It is an optional field)
    - ii. Trend: Enter the initial value for finding trend parameters (It is an optional field)
    - iii. **Season:** Enter initial values for finding seasonal parameters. It depends on the selected column. It is an optional field.
    - iv. **Optimizer Inputs:** Enter the initial values given for alpha and beta required for the optimizer (It is an optional field).
    - v. **Confidence**: Enter Confidence level for prediction intervals. It accepts only 0-99 and comma-separated value. According to the number of comma-separated values, new low and high range columns get added to the Result dataset (the default value for this field is 95).
    - vi. Show Range: Select an option using the drop-down menu.
      - 1. **True**: By selecting this option, 'Lower Range' and 'Upper Range' get displayed in the Result and Visualization of the dataset.
      - 2. False: By selecting this option, Ranges do not get displayed in the dataset.
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	÷	<u>+</u>
General	Behavior						
Properties	Seasonal		Additive	-			
Advanced	No. of Periodic		2		3		
	Observation						
	Initial Values						
	Level		Optional				
	Trend		Optional				
	Season		Optional				
	Optimizer Input	ts	Optional				
	Confidence		95				
•	Show Range		False	-			
						Apply	

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The '**Console**' tab opens displaying the progress of the process. The completion of the Console process gets marked with green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



- vii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
  - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
  - **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.
- viii) Predicted values get appended to the target column in the Result data (The selected output mode is '**Forecasting**').



	Component	Console Summary	Result Visualization	Properties $\frac{+}{+}$ <u>1</u>
	Show 10 • ent	ries	Se	arch:
•	Year	Month	Beer_Sales	Months
	2003	May	131	May 2038
	2003	June	125	Jun 2038
	2003	July	127	Jul 2038
	2003	August	143	Aug 2038
	2003	September	143	Sep 2038
	2003	October	160	Oct 2038
	2003	November	190	Nov 2038
	2003	December	18	Dec 2038
			134.8	Jan 2039
			122.7	Feb 2039
	Showing 461 to 470 o	f 480 entries	Previous 1 44 45	46 47 48 Next

- ix) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- x) The Result data will be displayed via the TimeLine chart.

Com	ponent	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties
	300 200 200	<b>V</b> V		<u> </u>	inter the first	stedente to replace for the table to the test of the state of the stat
				Time Line		
		~~~~~	~~~~~~		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	

xi) Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model summary.

	C	omponent	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		*	Ŧ
		Columns used i		model nm (double)						
l		Call:		-		ive seasonal compone NULL, seasonal =	ent. = c("additive"), start.periods = as.numeric(2),	s.start = c())		
		Smoothing para alpha: 0.0512 beta : 0.1176 gamma: 0.1383	23							
l		Coefficients: [,1] a 135.6805 b -1.1531								
l		s1 0.2512 s2 -10.7212 s3 4.6988 s4 -8.7933								
		s5 -13.6705 s6 -25.3800 s7 -14.7913 s8 -10.0998 s9 -11.3987								
ĺ		s10 16.1521 s11 30.1195 s12 15.7884								
		6	End of Summary							



13.1.2.6. Forecasting Algorithms with 'Trend' Output Mode:

A new column '**Predicted Values**' gets added to the Result view when '**Trend**' is selected as an output mode.

- 1. Triple Exponential Smoothing
- i) Drag the Forecasting algorithm to the workspace and connect it with the configured data source.
- ii) Configure the '**Properties**' tab for the Forecasting Algorithm component, keeping '**Trend**' as the '**Output Mode**.'
 - a. Output Information
 - i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data
 - 1. **Trend**: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set. A new column displaying the predicted values gets added in the Result view when the '**Trend**' output mode has been selected.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Output In	formation					
Properties	Output Mod	le	Trend				

b. Column Selection

i. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (First selected option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.)

c. Input Data Handling

- i. **Period:** Select a period of forecasting by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu.
- ii. **Period Per Year**: This field appears only when the selected '**Period**' option is '**Custom.'**
- iii. **Start Period:** Enter a value between 1 and the value specified for the selected option for **'Period'** field
- iv. **Start Year:** Enter a year from which you want the data entries to be considered. Enter **a** four-digit value for selecting a year (E.g., 2000)

d. New Column Information

- i. **Predicted Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing predicted values (This field is predefined. It gets displayed if the selected '**Output Mode**' is '**Trend**').
- ii. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing a period value. (This field is predefined, but users can change the value if needed).



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visuali	zation	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Column Selecti	on						
Properties	Target Variable	Beer_	Sales	•	0			
Advanced	Input Data Han	Idling						
	Period	Quarte	er	-				
	Start Period	1						
	Start Year	2000						
	eneral Column Selection roperties Target Variable dvanced Input Data Handli Period Start Period							
	Predicted Column	Quarte	erlySales		0			
	Name							
• >	Period Column	Quarte	er0		0			
	Name							
							Apply	/

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure it.
 - a. Configure the following 'Behavior' fields:
 - i. **Alpha:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for smoothing observations. (Alpha Range: 0<alpha<=1.)
 - ii. **Beta:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for finding trend parameters. (Beta Range: 0-1.)
 - iii. **Gamma:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for finding seasonal trend parameters. (Gamma Range: 0-1.)
 - iv. **Seasonal:** Select a smoothing algorithm type from the drop-down list (Holtwinter's Exponential Smoothing algorithm)
 - v. **No. of Periodic Observation:** Enter the number of periodic observations required to start the calculation. The default value for this field is 2.
 - b. Configure the following 'Initial Values' information:
 - i. Level: Enter the initial value for the level. It is an optional field.
 - ii. Trend: Enter the initial value for finding trend parameters. It is an optional field.
 - iii. **Season:** Enter initial values for finding seasonal parameters. It depends on the selected column. It is an optional field.
 - iv. **Optimizer Inputs:** Enter the initial values given for alpha, beta, gamma required for the optimizer. It is an optional field.
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	Ţ
General	Behavior						
Properties	Alpha		.3		0		
Advanced	Beta		.1		0		
	Gamma		.1		0		
	Seasonal		Additive	•			
	No. of Period	dic	2		0		
	Observation						
	Initial Valu	ies					
	Level		Optional				
	Trend		Optional				
•	Season		Optional				
	Optimizer In	puts	Optional				
						_	
						Apply	

- v) Run the workflow and open the 'Result' tab after the Console process gets completed
 a. Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.
 In this case, the QuarterlySales column displays the predicted values in the Result tab.

10 now	▼ entries		Search:						
Year	Month	Beer_Sales	Quarter0	QuarterlySales					
1965	January	93.2							
1965	February	96							
1965	March	95.2							
1965	April	77.1							
1965	May	70.9	Q1 2001	85.22					
1965	June	64.8	Q2 2001	71.75					
1965	July	70.1	Q3 2001	76.84					
1965	August	77.3	Q4 2001	56.81					
1965	September	79.5	Q1 2002	56.81					
1965	October	100.6	Q2 2002	55.85					

- vi) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- vii) The Result data gets displayed via the TimeLine Chart.



C	omponent	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	Ţ
		****	بمججه		والمجاورين	n the state of the		
	0					Time Line	-	
<i>.</i>	~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		- manana and and a second s	mashawana fawana badayo bayaa ya aa ay badaa badaa badaa badaa ba		

viii) Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model summary.

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	Ŧ
•	Si Columns used in	n the algori	e model thm ; (double)					
	Holt-Winters e	exponential	smoothing with tre	nd and addit	rive seasonal compon	ent.		
	("additive"), s Smoothing param alpha: 0.3 beta : 0.1	start.period			.numeric(0.1), g = c(), optim.start	(amma = as.numeric(0.1 : = c())), seasonal = c	
•	gamma: 0.1 Coefficients: [,1] a 111.0213 b -3.1634 s1 -4.2978 s2 -1.4135 s3 12.6552 s4 -0.8968							
	Er	nd of Summar	у					

Note:

- a. **'Properties'** and **'General'** sections remain the same for all the Forecasting sub-algorithms.
- b. The 'Advanced' tab displays different fields as per the Forecasting sub-types. Hence, 'Advanced' fields for all the sub-types are explained over here. Predicted values get appended to the target column in the Result view for all the 'Forecasting' algorithms.
 - 2. Single Exponential Smoothing
 - i) Configure the following 'Properties' fields with 'Trend' the selected 'Output Mode' option.
 - ii) Configure the following fields in the 'Properties' tab:
 - a. Output Information
 - i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data
 - Trend: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set. A new column displaying the predicted values gets added in the Result view when the 'Trend' output mode has been selected.
 - b. Column Selection



i. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (First selected option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.)

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	<u>+</u>
General	Output In	nformation					
Properties			Trend	•			
Advanced	Column S	Column Selection					
	Target Varia	able	Beer_Sales	•	8		

c. Input Data Handling

- i. **Period:** Select period of forecasting by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu.
- ii. **Period Per Year**: This field appears only when the selected '**Period**' option is '**Custom.'**
- iii. **Start Period:** Enter a value between 1 and the value specified for the selected option for **'Period'** field
- iv. **Start Year:** Enter a four-digit value for selecting a year from which you want the data entries to be considered (E.g., 2000)

d. New Column Information

- i. **Predicted Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing predicted values (This field is predefined and displayed if the selected Output Mode is '**Trend**').
- iii. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing a period value. (This field is predefined, but users can change the value if needed).

General	Input Data Handling			
Properties	Period	Custom -		
Advanced	Periods per year	4		
	Start Period	1		
	Start Year	2000		
	New Column Informat	ion		
	Predicted Column	PredictedValues1	0	
	Name			
•	Period Column Name	PeriodColumn1	0	
				Apply

- iii) Configure the required 'Advanced' fields:
 - a. Configure the following 'Behavior' fields:
 - i. **Alpha:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for smoothing observations. (Alpha Range: 0<alpha<=1.)
 - ii. **No. of Periodic Observation:** Enter the number of periodic observations required to start the calculation. The default value for this field is 2.
 - b. Configure the following 'Initial Values' information:
 - i. Level: Enter the initial value for the level. It is an optional field.
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summai	ry	Result	Visua	alization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Behavior								
Properties	Alpha		.3			0			
Advanced	No. of Periodic		2			0			
	Observation								
	Initial Values								
	Level		95						
•									
								Appl	y

v) Run the workflow and open the 'Result' tab after the Console process gets completed **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component from the workspace and then click

	Component	Console	Summary F	Result	Properties 🕂 🕹					
	Show 10	▼ entries		Search:						
•	Year	Month	Beer_Sales	PeriodColumn1	PredictedValues1					
	1965	January	93.2							
	1965	February	96	Q2 2000	95					
	1965	March	95.2	Q3 2000	95.3					
	1965	April	77.1	Q4 2000	95.27					
	1965	May	70.9	Q1 2001	89.82					
	1965	June	64.8	Q2 2001	84.14					
	1965	July	70.1	Q3 2001	78.34					
	1965	August	77.3	Q4 2001	75.87					
-	1965	September	79.5	Q1 2002	76.3					
	1965	October	100.6	Q2 2002	77.26					
	Showing 1 to 1	10 of 468 entries		Previous 1 2	3 4 5 47 Next					

b. Click the 'Result' tab.

- vi) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- vii) The Result data gets displayed via the Time Series Chart.





viii) Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model summary.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	
	-	e model					
Columns used	in the algorit						
	Beer_Sales	(double)					
Holt-Winter:	s exponential	smoothing without	trend and wi	ithout seasonal comp	onent.		
Call:							
HoltWinters() = 95)	<pre>c = tso, alpha</pre>	= as.numeric(0.3), beta = FAl	.SE, gamma = FALSE,	start.periods = as.	numeric(2), 1.start	-
= 95)							
Smoothing par	rameters:						
alpha: 0.3							
beta : FALSE	-						
gamma: FALSE	E						
Coefficients							
[,1]	1						
a 116.3							
	End of Summary	у					

3. Double Exponential Smoothing

- i) Select the 'Trend' option from the 'Output Mode' drop-down menu.
- ii) Configure the following fields in the 'Properties' tab:
 - a. Output Information
 - i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data
 - 1. **Trend**: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set. A new column displaying the predicted values gets added in the Result view when the 'Trend' output mode has been selected.
 - b. Column Selection
 - i. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (First selected option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.)
 - c. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Period:** Select a period of forecasting by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu.
 - ii. **Start Period:** Enter a value between 1 and the value specified for the selected option for **'Period'** field
 - iii. **Start Year:** Enter a year from which you want the data entries to be considered. Enter **a** four-digit value for selecting a year (E.g., 2000)
 - d. New Column Information



- i. **Predicted Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing predicted values (This field is predefined and displayed if the selected Output Mode is '**Trend**').
- iv. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing a period value. (This field is predefined, but users can change the value if needed).

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	4	<u>+ 1</u>
General	Output Info	ormation					
Properties	Output Mode		Trend	-			
Advanced	Column Se	imn Selection					
	Target Variab	le	Beer_Sales	-	0		
	Input Data	Handling					
	Period		Month	-			
	Start Period		1				
	Start Year		2000				
	New Colum	nn Information	i i i i				
	Predicted Col	umn Name	PredictedValues		8		
•	Period Colum	in Name	Months		0		
						_	
						Ap	pply

- iii) Click the '**Advanced**' tab and configure
 - a. Configure the following '**Behavior'** fields:
 - i. **Alpha:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for smoothing observations. (Alpha Range: 0<alpha<=1.)
 - ii. **Beta:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for finding trend parameters. (Beta Range: 0-1.)
 - iii. **No. of Periodic Observation:** Enter the number of periodic observations required to start the calculation. The default value for this field is 2.
 - b. Configure the following 'Initial Values' information:
 - i. Level: Enter the initial value for the level. It is an optional field.
 - ii. Trend: Enter the initial value for finding trend parameters. It is an optional field.
 - iii. **Optimizer Inputs:** Enter the initial values given for alpha, beta, gamma required for the optimizer. It is an optional field.
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Behavior						
Properties	Alpha	.3		0			
Advanced	Beta	.1		0			
	No. of Periodic	2		0			
	Observation						
	Initial Values						
	Level	Optio	nal				
	Trend	Optio	nal				
	Optimizer Inputs	Optio	nal				
•							
						Apply	ŕ

- v) Run the workflow and open the 'Result' tab after the Console process gets completeda. Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.

Componer	nt Console	Summary R	esult Visualiza	ation Properties 🛨					
Show 10	▼ entries		Search:						
Year	Month	Beer_Sales	Months	PredictedValues					
1965	January	93.2							
1965	February	96							
1965	March	95.2	Mar 2000	98.8					
1965	April	77.1	Apr 2000	100.41					
1965	May	70.9	May 2000	95.41					
1965	June	64.8	Jun 2000	89.32					
1965	July	70.1	Jul 2000	82.48					
1965	August	77.3	Aug 2000	78.92					
1965	September	79.5	Sep 2000	78.53					
1965	October	100.6	Oct 2000	78.95					

vi) Click the 'Visualization' tab.

vii) The Result data gets displayed via the TimeLine Chart.





4. R-ARIMA

- i) Select the 'Trend' option from the 'Output Mode' drop-down menu.
- ii) Configure the following fields in the '**Properties**' tab:
 - a. Output Information
 - i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data
 - 1. **Trend**: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set. A new column '**Predicted Values**' gets added in the Result view when the '**Trend**' output mode has been selected.
 - 2. **Forecast**: Selecting this option displays forecasted values for the given period. The Result values are appended to the target column when '**Forecast**' output mode has been selected.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Output Info	ormation					
Properties	Output Mode		Trend				

b. Column Selection

- i. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (First selected option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.)
- c. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Period:** Select a period of forecasting by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu.
 - ii. Period Per Year: This field appears only when the selected 'Period' option is 'Custom.'
 - iii. **Start Period:** Enter a value between 1 and the value specified for the selected option for **'Period'** field
 - iv. **Start Year:** Enter a year from which you want the data entries to be considered. Enter **a** four-digit value for selecting a year (E.g., 2000)
- d. New Column Information
 - i. **Predicted Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing predicted values (This field is predefined and displayed if the selected Output Mode is '**Trend**')
 - ii. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing the period value (This field will be predefined, but users can change the value if needed).
 - iii. Manual Arima: Enable this option to get Behaviour fields in the Advanced tab. If the Manual Arima option is enabled, then the 'Next' option appears on the Properties configuration page, and the user can click it to configure the Advanced fields.



Component	Console Sur	mmary	Result	Visualization	Properties	5	*	<u>+</u>
General	Column Selection							
Properties	Target Variable		Beer_Sales 🗸		0			
Advanced	Input Data Handling							
	Period		Quarter	-				
	Start Period		1					
	Start Year		2000					
	New Column In	nformation	I.					
	Predicted Column	Name	PredictedValu	es	0			
•	Period Column Na	me	QuarterlySales	3	0			
	Manual Arima 🗹							_
						Next	Apply	

Properties tab with Manual Arima option Disabled

Component	Console S	ummary	Result	Visualization	Propertie	5	+	Ŧ
General	Output Inform	nation						
Properties	Output Mode		Trend	-				
	Column Select	tion						
	Target Variable Beer_Sales		-	0				
	Input Data Ha	ndling						
	Period		Quarter	-				
	Start Period		1					
	Start Year		2000					
	New Column I	nformatior	n					
	Predicted Column	n Name	PredictedValues	\$1	0			
•	Period Column N	ame	QuarterlySales		0			
	Manual Arima 🗆							
							Apply	y

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure it.
 - a. Configure the following 'Behavior' fields:
 - i. Alpha: Enter a valid double value in the given field for smoothing observations (Alpha Range: 0<alpha<=1)
 - ii. **Beta:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for finding trend parameters (Beta Range: 0-1)
 - iii. **Gamma:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for finding a seasonal trend parameter (Gamma Range: 0-1)
 - iv. **Seasonal:** Select a smoothing algorithm type from the drop-down list (Holtwinter's Exponential Smoothing algorithm)
 - v. **No. of Periodic Observation:** Enter the number of periodic observations required to start the calculation (The default value for this field is 2)
 - b. Configure the following 'Initial Values' information:



- i. Level: Enter the initial value for the level. It is an optional field.
- ii. Trend: Enter the initial value for finding trend parameters. It is an optional field.
- iii. **Season:** Enter initial values for finding seasonal parameters. It depends on the selected column. It is an optional field.
- iv. **Optimizer Inputs:** Enter the initial values given for alpha, beta, gamma required for the optimizer. It is an optional field.
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.

Advanced Tab when Manual Arima is enabled

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ⊥
General	Behavior					
Properties	Auto regres	sive order (p)	5			
Advanced	Degree of d	ifferencing (d)	4			
	Moving Ave	rage order (q)	2			
•						
						Apply

Note: The Advanced tab does not appear if the Manual Arima option is disabled.

- v) Run the workflow and open the ' ${\bf Result'}$ tab after the Console process gets completed
 - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.
 - c. A new column displaying the predicted values gets added to the Result view.

The following is the 'Result' tab display when 'Manual Arima' is Enabled

Component	t Console	Summary	Result Visualization	Properties 🗧	-
how 10	▼ entries			Search:	
Year	Month	Beer_Sales	QuarterlySales	PredictedValues	
1965	January	93.2	Q1 2000	93.19	
1965	February	96	Q2 2000	96.06	
1965	March	95.2	Q3 2000	95.11	
1965	April	77.1	Q4 2000	77.50	
1965	May	70.9	Q1 2001	61.80	
1965	June	64.8	Q2 2001	67.81	
1965	July	70.1	Q3 2001	69.05	
1965	August	77.3	Q4 2001	85.85	
1965	September	79.5	Q1 2002	90.91	
1965	October	100.6	Q2 2002	101.79	



- vi) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- vii) The Result data gets displayed via the TimeLine Chart.

Co	mponent Console Summary Result Visualization Properties	+	<u>+</u>
• •	300		
	200-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-200		
	0		
	Time Line		

The following are the 'Result' and 'Visualization' tabs for the selected dataset when 'Manual Arima' is Disabled.

	Component	t Console	Summary	Result Visualization	Properties 🕂 🕹
	Show 10	▼ entries			Search:
•	Year	Month	Beer_Sales	QuarterlySales	PredictedValues
	1965	January	93.2	Q1 2000	93.11
	1965	February	96	Q2 2000	94.15
	1965	March	95.2	Q3 2000	95.59
	1965	April	77.1	Q4 2000	89.02
	1965	May	70.9	Q1 2001	76.01
	1965	June	64.8	Q2 2001	71.38
	1965	July	70.1	Q3 2001	70.38
	1965	August	77.3	Q4 2001	81.12
ŕ	1965	September	79.5	Q1 2002	84.25
	1965	October	100.6	Q2 2002	88.42
	Showing 1 to	10 of 468 entries		Previous 1 2	3 4 5 47 Next



5. R-Auto Forecasting

- i) Select the 'Trend' option from the 'Output Mode' drop-down menu.
- ii) Configure the following fields in the 'Properties' tab:
 - a. Output Information



- i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data
 - 1. **Trend**: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set. A new column '**Predicted Values**' gets added in the Result view when the '**Trend**' output mode has been selected.
 - Forecast: Selecting this option displays forecasted values for the given period. Results gets appended to the target column when 'Forecast' output mode has been selected.
- b. Column Selection
 - i. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (First selected option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.)
- c. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Period:** Select the period of forecasting by choosing any one option from the dropdown menu.
 - ii. **Period Per Year**: This field appears only when the selected '**Period**' option is 'Custom.'
 - iii. **Start Period:** Enter a value between 1 and the value specified for the selected option for **'Period'** field
 - iv. **Start Year:** Enter a year from which you want the data entries to be considered. Enter **a** four-digit value for selecting a year (E.g., 2000)

d. New Column Information

- i. **Predicted Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing predicted values (This field is predefined and displayed only if the selected Output Mode is '**Trend**').
- ii. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing the period value (This field will be predefined, but users can change the value if needed).

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	÷	<u>+</u>
General	Output Info	rmation					
Properties	Output Mode		Trend	•			
Advanced	Column Sel	ection					
	Target Variable	-	Beer_Sales	-	0		
	Input Data I	Handling					
	Period		Month	÷			
	Start Period		1				
	Start Year		2000				
	New Colum	n Informatior	ı				
	Predicted Colu	mn Name	PredictedValue	s1	0		
•	Period Columr	n Name	Months1		0		
						Apply	/

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure
 - a. Configure the following 'Behavior' fields:
 - i. **Alpha:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for smoothing observations. (Alpha Range: 0<alpha<=1.)
 - ii. **Beta:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for finding trend parameters. (Beta Range: 0-1.)



- iii. **Gamma:** Enter a valid double value in the given field for finding seasonal trend parameters. (Gamma Range: 0-1.)
- iv. **Seasonal:** Select a smoothing algorithm type from the drop-down list (Holtwinter's Exponential Smoothing algorithm)
- v. **No. of Periodic Observation:** Enter the number of periodic observations required to start the calculation. The default value for this field is 2.
- b. Configure the following 'Initial Values' information:
 - i. Level: Enter the initial value for the level. It is an optional field.
 - ii. **Trend:** Enter the initial value for finding trend parameters. It is an optional field.
 - iii. **Season:** Enter initial values for finding seasonal parameters. It depends on the selected column. It is an optional field.
 - iv. **Optimizer Inputs:** Enter the initial values given for alpha, beta, gamma required for the optimizer. It is an optional field.
- iv) Click the '**Apply**' option.

Component	Console Summary	y Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ			
General	Behavior								
Properties	Seasonal	Additive	•						
Advanced	No. of Periodic	2	0						
-	Observation								
	Initial Values	nitial Values							
	Level	Optional							
-	Trend	Optional							
	Season	Optional							
	Optimizer Inputs	Optional							
• ▶									
					Apply	/			

- viii) Run the workflow and open the 'Result' tab after the Console process gets completed
 - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.
 - c. A new column with the predicted values gets added to the Result data.



	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
	Show 10	 entries 				Search:		
•	Year	Month	Beer_Sales	[Months1	PredictedValues1		
	1965	November	100.7					
	1965	December	107.1					
	1966	January	95.9		Jan 2001	95.38		
	1966	February	82.8		Feb 2001	82.46		
	1966	March	83.3		Mar 2001	82.96		
	1966	April	80		Apr 2001	79.38		
	1966	May	80.4		May 2001	79.74		
	1966	June	67.5		Jun 2001	66.54		
ĺ	1966	July	75.7	-	Jul 2001	70.09		
	1966	August	71.1		Aug 2001	78.19		
	Showing 11 to 2	20 of 468 entries		Pre	evious 1 2	3 4 5 47	Nex	xt

v) Click the 'Visualization' tab.

vi) The Result data gets displayed via the TimeLine chart.

Cor	nponent	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	1
	300							
	Sales 002 - Sales						,	
		\mathbf{w}	\sim	\sim	MAN			
							1	
	0							
						Time Line		

Note: Click the '**Summary**' tab to view the model summary for the Forecasting models with '**Trend**' as the output mode.



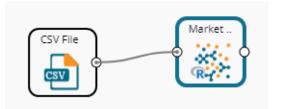
	Component Console Summary Result Visualization Properties	÷ 4	Ŧ
•	Summary of the model Columns used in the algorithm Beer_Sales (double)		
	<pre>Holt-Winters exponential smoothing with trend and additive seasonal component. call: HoltWinters(x = tso, alpha = NULL, beta = NULL, gamma = NULL, seasonal = c("additive"), start.periods = as.numeric(2), s.start = c()) Smoothing parameters: alpha: 0.05123 beta : 0.1376 gamma: 0.1383</pre>		
	Coefficients: [,1] a 135.6805 b -1.1531 s1 0.2512 s2 -10.7712 s3 4.6988 s4 -8.7933		
•	15 -13.6705 16 -25.3800 17 -14.7913 18 -10.0998 19 -11.387 11 36.1195 12 15.7884		
	End of Summary		

13.1.3. Association

This algorithm generates association rules discovering the recurrent patterns in large transactional data sets. It tries to understand the future trends of customers based on their previous purchases and assists the vendors to associate items or services together.

13.1.3.1. Market Basket Analysis

i) Drag the Market Basket Analysis component to the workspace and connect it with a configured data source.



ii) Configure the following fields in the '**Properties**' tab:

a. Output Information

- i. Output Mode: Select a mode of display for output data
 - 1. Selecting the 'Rules' option displays rules for the selected dataset.
 - 2. Selecting the **'Transaction'** option displays the transaction IDs for the selected dataset.
- b. Input Data Information
 - i. **Input Data Format**: Select an input data format out of the following choices via the drop-down menu:
 - 1. Tabular
 - 2. Transactions

As per the selected 'Input Data Format,' two types of the result view appears.

ii. Item Columns: Select the item columns on which you want to Apply association



rules/analysis. Choose at least one option from the drop-down menu. This field displays numerical and strings columns. It cannot display Date columns.

 iii. Transaction Id Column: Select the column containing Transaction Ids to which you can apply the algorithm. (This field gets added when the selected 'Input Data Information' is 'Transactions')

Note: 'Transaction Id Column' field appears when the **'Transactions'** option has been selected from the **'Input Data Format'** drop-down menu.

- c. Behavior
 - i. **Support:** Enter a value for the minimum support of an item. The default value for this field is 0.1
 - ii. **Confidence**: Select a value for the minimum confidence of the association (The default value for this field is 0.8)

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Output Info	rmation						
Properties	Output Mode		Rules	-				
Advanced	Input Data I	Input Data Information						
	Input Data For	mat	Tabular	•				
	Item Column(s)	6 checked	•	0			
	Behavior							
	Support		0.1		0			
	Confidence		0.8		0			
							Арј	ply

Properties fields with 'Transactions' as 'Input Data Information'

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Output I	nformation					
Properties	Output Mo	de	Transactions	•			
Advanced	Input Da	ta Information					
	Input Data	Format	Transactions	•			
	Item Colun	nn	Products	-	0		
	Transaction	n Id column	TID	-	0		
	Behavior						
	Support		0.1		0		
P	Confidence	2	0.8		0		
						Ą	pply

iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:



a. Output Appearance

- i. Lhs Item(s): Enter item tags separated by a comma which should display on the lefthand side of rules or item sets
- ii. **Rhs Item(s):** Enter item tags separated by a comma which should display on the righthand side of rules or item sets
- iii. Both Item(s): Enter item tags separated by a comma which should display on both sides of rules or item sets
- iv. None Item(s): Enter item tags separated by a comma which need not display in the rules or item sets
- v. **Default Appearance**: Select the default appearance of the items out of the abovegiven choices using a drop-down menu
- vi. Min Length: Set a minimum length value. The default value for this field is 1.
- vii. Max Length: Set a maximum length value. The default value for this field is 10.

General	Output Appearance		
Properties	Lhs Item(s)	Optional	6
Advanced	Rhs Item(s)	Optional	0
Auvanceu	Both Item(s)	Optional	6
	None Item(s)	Optional	6
	Default Appearance	Both 🗸	
	Min. Length	1	
•	Max. Length	10	

b. Performance

- i. **Sort Type**: Select a sort type using the drop-down menu for sorting items based on their frequency.
- ii. **Filter Criteria**: Enter an indicating numerical value for filtering unused items from Transactions. The default value for this field is 0.1.
- iii. **Use Tree Structure**: Selecting **the' True'** option from the drop-down menu organizes the transaction as a prefix tree.
- iv. **Use Heapsort**: Selecting the **'True'** option from the drop-down menu uses heapsort against quicksort for sorting transactions.
- v. **Optimize Memory**: Selecting **the' True'** option from the drop-down menu minimizes memory usage instead of maximizing speed.
- vi. Load Transaction into Memory: Selecting 'True' from the drop-down menu loads transactions into memory.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Performance						
Properties	Sort Type	Ascen	ding Transactior	n Size v			
Advanced	Filter Criteria	0.1					
	Use Tree Structure	True		-			
	Use Heapsort	True		•			1
	Optimize Memory	False		•			
	Load Transaction int	o True		•			
• •	memory						
						Appl	y

- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.
- v) Run the workflow after getting a success message.
- vi) The user gets directed to the 'Console' tab displaying the progress of the process.

			► C
Create New Workf	ow		
	CSV File	Mar R	ket .
Component	Console	Summary	Result
23/09/2019 - 14:3	3:48 : CSV0 is sta	rted	
23/09/2019 - 14:3	3:49 : CSV0 is co	mpleted	
23/09/2019 - 14:3	3:49 : Apriori1 is	started	
23/09/2019 - 14:3	3:50 : Apriori1 is	completed	

- vii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.
- viii) Two types of Result view gets displayed:
 - a. 'Rules' gets displayed as a first column in the Result data (When the selected 'Output Mode' option is 'Rules').



Component Console Summary Result Visualization	Propertie	?S	<u>+</u> <u>↑</u>
Show 10 • entries		Search:	
Rules	Support	Confidence	Lift
{Affluence=Low} => {MetroPolitan=Yes}	0.12	1	1.66666666666666
{Affluence=Low} => {SKYBox=Sky+HD 2TB}	0.12	1	1.5151515151515
{Affluence=Very Low} => {MetroPolitan=No}	0.1	0.83333333333333333	2.08333333333333
{Affluence=Mid Low} => {MetroPolitan=Yes}	0.12	0.857142857142857	1.4285714285714
{Affluence=Mid Low} => {SKYBox=Sky+HD 2TB}	0.12	0.857142857142857	1.2987012987013
{Demographiclifestyle=Liberal Opinion} => {HouseholdComposition=Men only HH}	0.12	0.857142857142857	2.5210084033613
{Demographiclifestyle=Liberal Opinion} => {MetroPolitan=Yes}	0.12	0.857142857142857	1.4285714285714
{Demographiclifestyle=Liberal Opinion} => {SKYBox=Sky+HD 2TB}	0.12	0.857142857142857	1.2987012987013
{Affluence=Mid} => {MetroPolitan=No}	0.12	0.857142857142857	2.1428571428571
{Demographiclifestyle=Terraced Melting Pot} => {HouseholdComposition=Men only HH}	0.14	0.875	2.5735294117647
Showing 1 to 10 of 85 entries	Previous 1	2 3 4	5 9 Ne

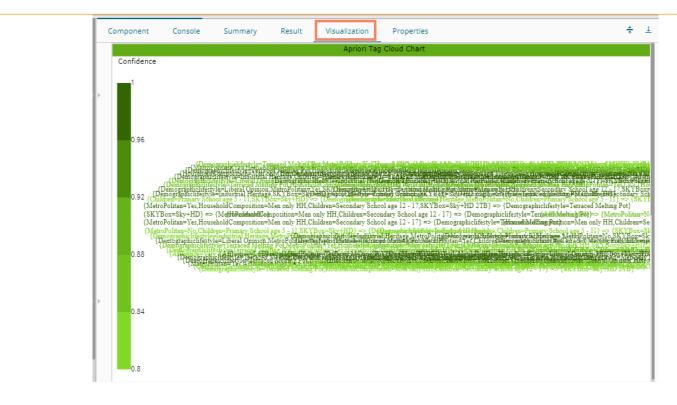
b. 'Transaction_Id' will be displayed as the second column in the Result data (When the selected 'Output Mode' option is 'Transaction').

The matching rules for the selected items get displayed through the **'Matching_Rules'** column.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ⊥
Show 10 🔻	entries			5	Search:	
Items	Trans	action_ld		Matching_R	ules	
1	396			103		
2	434					
3	486			1455		
4	576			1392		
5	664			1176		
6	700			382		
Showing 1 to 6 c	of 6 entries				Previous	1 Next

- ix) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- x) The Result data will be displayed via the Apriori Tag Cloud chart.
 - a. The Visualization tab for the 'Rules' output mode





b. Visualization tab for the 'Transactions' output mode



13.1.4. Regression Analysis

This algorithm is used to determine how an individual variable influences another variable using an exponential function. It finds a trend in the dataset Applying univariate regression analysis. There are three subtypes provided under **'Regression Analysis'**:

13.1.4.1. R-Linear Regression

i) Drag the R-linear Regression component to the workspace and connect it with a configured data source.



💶 💽 Algorithms	
Clustering	
⊳ [سر] Forecasting	CSV File
Association	Linear
Regression	
🔀 Linear Regression	
🧏 Multiple Linear Regression	
🔀 Logistic Regression	

- ii) Configure the following fields in the '**Properties**' tab:
 - a. Column Selection
 - i. **Dependent Column**: Select the target column on which the regression analysis gets applied
 - ii. **Independent Column**: Select the required input columns against which the regression analysis gets applied to the target column
 - b. New Column Information
 - i. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values
 - c. Model Tuning
 - i. Enable Validation: Use a checkmark to enable validation tab
 - ii. XG Boosting: Use a checkmark in the box to enable XG Boosting Scenario-1- Validation and XG Boosting are enabled

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visual	ization	Properties	*	Ţ
General	Column selection	on						
Properties	Dependent Columr	n sepa	l_length	-	0			
Validation	Independent Colur	nn petal	_length	•	0			
Advanced	New Column In	formation						
	Predicted Column	Pred	ictedValues		0			
	Name	_						
	Model Tuning							
	Enable Validation							
Þ	XGBoosting							
							Appl	y

Scenario-2- Validation and XG Boosting are disabled



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ⊥
General	Column sele	ection				
Properties	Dependent Co	lumn se	epal_length	. 0		
Advanced	Independent C	olumn pe	etal_length	. 0		
	New Colum	n Information				
	Predicted Colu	mn Pr	redictedValues	0		
	Name					
	Model Tunir	ng				
	Enable Validati	on 🗌				
	XGBoosting					
>						
						Apply

Scenario-3- Validation is enabled, but XG Boosting is disabled

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visu	alization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Column sele	ction						
Properties	Dependent Col	umn sej	oal_length	-	0			
Validation	Independent Co	olumn pet	petal_length -		0			
Advanced	New Columr	New Column Information						
	Predicted Colur	nn Pre	dictedValues		0			
	Name							
	Model Tunin	g						
	Enable Validatio	on 🗹						
•	XGBoosting							
							Apply	y

Scenario-4- Validation is disabled, but XG Boosting is enabled



Component	Console Su	immary	Result	Visu	alization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Column selection							
Properties	Dependent Column	sepa	_length	•	0			
Advanced	Independent Column	petal	_length	•	0			
	New Column Info	rmation						
	Predicted Column	Predi	ctedValues		0			
	Name							
	Model Tuning							
	Enable Validation							
•	XGBoosting							
							Appl	y

- iii) Click the 'Validation' tab and configure it:
 - a. Model Selection (when XG Boosting is enabled)
 - i. Number of folds: Enter a number deciding the creation of folds in a model.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>⊥</u> <u>⊺</u>
General	Model Sele	ction				
Properties	Number of fo	lds	3			
Validation						
Advanced						
						Apply

Validation tab when XG Boosting is disabled

- a. Model Selection
 - i. Model Selection Method: Select a Model Method using the drop-down menu
 - ii. Number of folds: Enter a number deciding the creation of folds in a model

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	↓ ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Model Selecti	on					
Properties	Model Selection	Cross	validation	•			
Validation	Method						
Advanced	Number of folds	3					
•							
						Appl	y



iv) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:

Advanced tab when XG Boosting and Validation are disabled

- a. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Missing Values**: Select a method to deal with missing values from the drop-down menu
 - 1. **Ignore**: Select this option to skip the records containing missing values from the dependent and independent columns.
 - 2. **Keep**: Select this option to retain the records containing missing values while performing the calculation.
 - 3. **Stop**: Select this option to stop the algorithm application if a value is missing in any column.
- b. Behavior
 - i. Allow Singular Fit: Select an option for providing value to the Boolean Column
 - 1. **True:** Select this option to ignore aliased coefficients from the coefficient covariance matrix.
 - 2. False: Select this option to show an error in a model containing aliased coefficients
 - ii. **Contrasts**: Select this option to display a list of contrast items that can be used for some variables in the model. The available options are:
 - 1. Contr. Treatment
 - 2. Contr.poly
 - 3. Contr.sum
 - 4. Contr.helmert
 - iii. **Confidence Level**: Enter a value specifying accuracy (Confidence Level) of predictions for the algorithm. This field takes 0.95 as the default value.
 - iv. Click the 'Apply' option.

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	ı	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
	General	Input Data H	andling						
ł	Properties	Missing values		Ignore	-				
	Advanced	Behavior							
		Allow Singular Fit		True 👻					
		Contrasts		None Selected 🗸					
		Confidence Lev	el	0.95		0			
ļ	>								
								Apply	y

Advanced Tab when XG Boosting is disabled, but Validation is enabled

- a. Intercept Parameter
 - i. Intercept Value: Enter an intercept value
 - ii. Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Intercept Pa	arameter					
Properties	Intercept Valu	e 0.1					
Validation							
Advanced							
						Apply	,

Advanced Tab when XG Boosting and Validation are enabled or XG Boosting is enabled, but Validation is disabled

- a. Boosting Parameter
 - i. Number of Iterations: Enter the number of iterations.
 - ii. Click the **'Apply'** option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>⊥</u> ⊺
General	Boosting Pa	rameter				
Properties	Number Of Ite	rations 3				
Validation						
Advanced						
						Apply

Note: The model containing aliased coefficients signifies that the square matrix x*x is singular.

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The '**Console**' tab opens, displaying the process. The completion of the console process gets marked by the green checkmarks at the top of the dragged components.



vii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:

www.bdb.ai



- **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
- **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.
 - i. A new column '**Predicted Values1**' gets added to the Result data displaying the predicted values.

Result when Validation and XG Boosting are disabled.

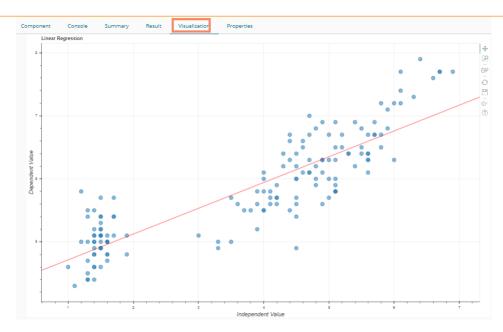
Component	Console S	ummary Resu	ılt Visualizati	on Prop	erties 🕂 🕹
Show 10 Te	entries			Search:	
sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species	PredictedValues
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	4.87834171414709
4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	4.87834171414709
4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	4.8374291243003
4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	4.91925430399387
5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	4.87834171414709
5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	5.00107948368745
4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	4.87834171414709
5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	4.91925430399387
4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa	4.87834171414709
4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa	4.91925430399387
Showing 1 to 10 of	150 entries		Previous 1	2 3 4	5 15 Next

Result when XG Boosting enabled, and Validation enabled or disabled (No visualization is available for this situation).

	Component	Console Sun	nmary Result	Visualization	Propert	ties 🕂 🕹
	Show 10 • ent	ries			Search:	
Þ	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species	PredictedValues
	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	3.50660634040833
	4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	3.50660634040833
	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	3.50660634040833
	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	3.50660634040833
	5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	3.50660634040833
	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	3.50660634040833
	4.б	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	3.50660634040833
•	5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	3.50660634040833
	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa	3.50660634040833
	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa	3.50660634040833
	Showing 1 to 10 of 15	50 entries		Previous 1	2 3 4	5 15 Next

- viii) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- ix) The Result data gets displayed via the Scatter Plot with Regression line chart.



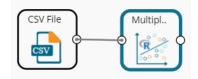


Note: 'Behavior' fields provided under the 'Advanced' section differs as per the algorithm sub-type. 'Input

Data Handling' remains the same for all the provided Regression types. Hence, only the 'Advanced' tab is explained below for the remaining R sub-algorithms provided under 'Regression.'

13.1.4.2. R-Multiple Linear Regression

i) Drag the R-Multiple Linear Regression component to the workspace and connect it with a configured data source.



ii) Configure the 'Properties' tab.

a. Column Selection

- i. **Dependent Column**: Select the target column on which the regression analysis gets applied
- ii. **Independent Column**: Select the required input columns against which the regression analysis gets applied to the target column
- b. New Column Information
 - i. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values
- c. Model Tuning
 - i. Enable Validation: Use a checkmark to enable validation tab
 - ii. XG Boosting: Use a checkmark in the box to enable XG Boosting

Scenario 1: Validation is enabled, and XG Boosting is disabled



Component	Console Summa	ary Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>			
General	Column selection								
Properties	Dependent Column	usd_billing	• 0						
Validation	Independent Column	6 checked	•						
Advanced	New Column Informa	ew Column Information							
	Predicted Column	PredictedValues	0						
	Name								
	Model Tuning								
	Enable Validation								
	XGBoosting								
>									
						_			
					Apply	/			

Scenario 2: Validation and XG Boosting are enabled

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visuali	ization	Properties	+	Ŧ	
General	Column sele	ction							
Properties	Dependent Colu	umn usd	_billing	-	0				
Validation	Independent Co	olumn 6 ch	ecked	•	0				
Advanced	New Column	w Column Information							
	Predicted Colum	nn Pred	dictedValues		0				
	Name								
	Model Tunin	g							
	Enable Validatio	on 🕑							
	XGBoosting								
Þ									
							Appl	у	

Scenario 3: When Validation is disabled, but XG Boosting is enabled.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Column select	ion					
Properties	Dependent Colur	nn usd	_billing	• 0			
Advanced	Independent Col	umn 6 ch	ecked	• 0			
	New Column I	nformation					
	Predicted Colum	Prec	dictedValues	6			
	Name						
	Model Tuning						
	Enable Validation						
	XGBoosting						
>							
						Apply	y

Scenario 4: When Validation and XG Boosting are disabled.

Component	Console Summ	ary Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Column selection					
Properties	Dependent Column	usd_billing	• 0			
Advanced	Independent Column	6 checked	- 0			
	New Column Informa	ition				
	Predicted Column	PredictedValues	0			
	Name					
	Model Tuning					
	Enable Validation					
	XGBoosting					
<u>></u>						
					Apply	r

- iii) Validation
 - a. Validation Model Selection when XG Boosting is disabled
 - i. **Model Selection Method:** Select a model selection method using the drop-down menu.
 - ii. Number of folds: Enter a value for the number of folds.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Model Selectio	n					
Properties	Model Selection	Cross	validation	•			
Validation	Method						
Advanced	Number of folds	3					
•							
						Apply	

b. Validation Model Selection when XG Boosting is enabled

i. Number of folds: Enter a value for the number of folds.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>↓</u> 1	Ť
General	Model Selec	ction					
Properties	Number of fol	ds 3					
Validation							
Advanced						Apply	1

iv) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required: When Validation and XG Boosting are disabled

a. Input Data Handling

- i. Missing Values: Select a method to deal with missing values (via the drop-down menu).
 - 1. **Ignore**: Select this option to skip the records containing missing values from the dependent and independent columns.
 - 2. **Keep**: Select this option to retain the records containing missing values while performing the calculation.
 - 3. **Stop**: Select this option to stop the algorithm application if a value is missing in any column.
- b. Behavior
 - i. **Confidence Level**: Enter a value specifying accuracy (confidence level) of Predictions for the algorithm. This field takes 0.95 as the default value.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Input Data Ha	Indling					
Properties	Missing values	Ignor	e	•			
Advanced	Behavior						
	Confidence Level	0.95		0			
	Contrasts	None	Selected	-			
•							
						Арр	ly

When Validation is enabled and XG Boosting disabled

- a. Intercept Parameter
 - i. Intercept Value: Enter an intercept value.
 - ii. Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	± T
General	Intercept	Parameter				
Properties	Intercept Va	lue	0.1			
Validation						
Advanced						Apply

When XG Boosting is enabled with either Validation is enabled or disabled

a. Boosting Parameter

- i. No. of Iterations: Enter number suggesting no. of iterations.
- ii. Click the **'Apply'** option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	⊥⊤
General	Boosting F	Parameter				
Properties	Number Of I	terations	3			
Validation						
Advanced						Apply

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The '**Console**' tab opens displaying the steps of the process. The completion of the console process is marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



	▶ C +
Multiple Linear Regr 🕐	
CSV File Multipl. Multipl.	_
Component Console Summary	Result
24/09/2019 - 13:14:26 : CSV0 is started 24/09/2019 - 13:14:27 : CSV0 is completed	
 24/09/2019 - 13:14:27 : Multiple Linear Regress 24/09/2019 - 13:14:29 : Multiple Linear Regress 	

- vii) The processed data gets displayed under the '**Result**' tab (a new column gets added to the result data) with the following possibilities:
- viii) A new column is added to the Result data.a. Result when XG Boosting is disabled.

Component	Console	Summ	nary Result	Visualization	Properties				÷ 1		
Show 10 V entries Search:											
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_joini		
4000	Male	Indeed	15	1	Management, Selenium	Athenahealth	1	1800000	02-07-2018		
4000	Male	Orgspire	10	2	Selenium	Support.com	2	1500000	12-01-2018		
2600	Male	Orgspire	4	3	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	3	1024000	18-07-1980		
2300	Female	Referral	5	4	Selenium	Inventateq	4	650000	18-03-2018		
1750	Male	Referral	3	5	Selenium	Tekinspy	5	520000	15-04-1972		
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	4	6	Java	CGI Information Systems	6	980000	20-05-2018		
0	Male	Orgspire	з	7	AWS	Cognizant Technology solutions	7	650000	10-06-2018		
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	3	8	Java+UI	HCL Technologies	8	845000	20-05-2018		
2000	Male	Referral	2	9	Selenium	Support.com	9	520000	20-02-2017		
0	Male	SkillRecruit	2	10	XLS, Report	Altisource	10	650000	06-02-2017		

b. Result when XG Boosting is enabled, and Validation is enabled or disabled (No Visualization is available for this Result data)



Component	Console	Summ	nary Result	Visualization	Properties				* 4
Show 10 🔻	entries							Search:	
usd_billing	gender	source	experience_Year	candidate_id	skills	previous_organisation	id	offered_ctc	expected_join
4000	Male	Indeed	15	1	Management, Selenium	Athenahealth	1	1800000	02-07-2018
4000	Male	Orgspire	10	2	Selenium	Support.com	2	1500000	12-01-2018
2600	Male	Orgspire	4	3	Java+UI	Accenture Solutions Pvt. Ltd	3	1024000	18-07-1980
2300	Female	Referral	5	4	Selenium	Inventateq	4	650000	18-03-2018
1750	Male	Referral	3	5	Selenium	Tekinspy	5	520000	15-04-1972
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	4	6	java	CGI Information Systems	6	980000	20-05-2018
0	Male	Orgspire	3	7	AWS	Cognizant Technology solutions	7	650000	10-06-2018
0	Male	BMS Innolabs	3	8	Java+UI	HCL Technologies	8	845000	20-05-2018
2000	Male	Referral	2	9	Selenium	Support.com	9	520000	20-02-2017
0	Male	SkillRecruit	2	10	XLS, Report	Altisource	10	650000	06-02-2017

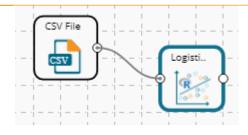
- ix) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- x) The Scatterplot with Regression Line Chart appears to display the Result data when the XG Boosting is disabled.



13.1.4.3. R-Logistic Regression

i) Drag the R-Logistic Regression component to the workspace and connect it with a configure data source.





- ii) Configure the **'Properties'** tab.
 - a. Column Selection
 - i. **Dependent Column**: Select the target column on which the regression analysis gets applied
 - ii. **Independent Column**: Select the required input columns against which the regression analysis to the target column gets applied
 - b. New Column Information
 - i. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values
 - c. Model Tuning
 - i. Enable Validation: Use a checkmark to enable validation tab
 - ii. XG Boosting: Use a checkmark in the box to enable XG Boosting

Scenario 1: XG Boosting and Validation are disabled.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizati	on	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Column sele	ction						
Properties	Dependent Col	umn a	dmit	-	0			
Advanced	Independent Co	olumn 3	checked	-	0			
	New Columr	Information						
	Predicted Colur	nn P	redictedValues		0			
	Name							
	Model Tunin	g						
	Enable Validatio	on 🗌						
	XGBoosting							
							Apply	

Scenario 2: When Validation is enabled, and XG Boosting is disabled.



Component	Console S	ummary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Column selectio	n					
Properties	Dependent Column	adm	nit	. 0)		
Validation	Independent Colum	in 3 ch	necked	- 0)		
Advanced	New Column Inf	ormation					
	Predicted Column	Pre	dictedValues	0)		
	Name						
	Model Tuning						
	Enable Validation						
	XGBoosting						
•							
						Apply	/

Scenario 3: When Validation is disabled, and XG Boosting is enabled.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Column sele	ction					
Properties	Dependent Col	umn	admit	-	9		
Advanced	Independent Co	olumn	3 checked	.	0		
	New Columr	n Informatio	n				
	Predicted Colur	mn	PredictedValues		9		
	Name						
	Model Tunin	g					
	Enable Validatio	on 🗌)				
	XGBoosting	-]				
•							
						Apply	/

Scenario 4: Validation and XG Boosting are enabled



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+ ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Column sele	ction					
Properties	Dependent Col	umn	admit	•	0		
Validation	Independent C	olumn	3 checked	•	0		
Advanced	New Colum	n Information	n				
	Predicted Colu	mn	PredictedValues1		0		
	Name						
	Model Tunir	Ig					
•	Enable Validati	on 🖉)				
, ,	XGBoosting	-)				
						Apply	,

- iii) Validation Tab
 - a. Validation tab when XG Boosting is disabled. Model Selection
 - i. **Model Selection Method:** Select a model selection method from the drop-down menu.
 - ii. Number of folds: Enter a value for the number of folds.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>↓</u>	<u>+</u>
General	Model Select	ion					
Properties	Model Selection	Cros	ss validation	-			
Validation	Method						
Advanced	Number of folds	3					
•							
						Apply	/

- b. Validation tab when XG Boosting is enabled Model Selection
 - i. Number of folds: Enter a value for the number of folds.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Ŧ	Ť
General	Model Select	tion					
Properties	Number of fold	s 3					
Validation							_
Advanced						Арр	ly



iv) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:

Advanced Tab when Validation and XG Boosting are disabled

- a. Input Data Handling
 - i. Missing Values
 - 1. **Ignore**: Selecting this option will skip the records containing missing values in the columns
 - 2. **Keep:** Select this option to retain the records containing missing values while performing the calculation
 - 3. **Stop:** Select this option to **stop (not allow)** the records containing missing values while performing the calculation
- b. Behavior
 - i. Family: Select an option from the drop-down list
 - 1. Binomial
 - 2. Poisson
 - 3. Gaussian
 - 4. Gamma
 - 5. Quasi
 - 6. Quasi-Poisson
 - 7. Quasibinomial
 - ii. **Maximum No. of Iterations:** Enter a valid integer value allowed to calculate the algorithm coefficient. The default value for this field is 25.

Component	Console	Summ	ary	Result	Vis	ualization	Propertie	s <mark>∔</mark>	Ŧ
General	Input Data Hai	ndling							
Properties	Missing values		Кеер		•				
Advanced	Behavior								
	Family		Binomi	al	•				
	Maximum No of		25						
	Iterations								
• •									
								Арр	ly

Advanced Tab with Validation enabled and XG Boosting disabled

a. Input Data Handling

- i. Missing Values:
 - 1. **Ignore**: Select this option to skip the records containing missing values in the columns
 - 2. **Keep:** Select this option to retain the records containing missing values while performing the calculation



- 3. **Stop:** Select this option to **stop** (not allow) the records containing missing values while performing the calculation
- b. Behavior
 - i. Contrast: Select an option from the following list
 - 1. None Selected
 - 2. Contr.treatment
 - 3. Contr.poly
 - 4. Contr.sum
 - 5. Contr.helmert

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatio	on Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Input Data H	landling					
Properties	Missing values		Кеер	•			
Validation	Behavior						
Advanced	Contrasts		Select	•			
						App	ly

Advanced tab when XG Boosting is enabled and Validation is enabled or disabled

a. Boosting Parameter

i. No. of Iterations: Enter a number suggesting no. of Iterations

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Boosting Pa	rameter					
Properties	No Of Iteration	s 3					
Validation							
Advanced						Арр	oly

- v) Click the '**Apply'** option.
- vi) Run the workflow.
- vii) The '**Console**' tab opens, displaying the stepwise process. The completion of the console process gets marked by the green checkmarks at the top of the dragged components.



			► C
Linear Regression			
CSV File			
Component	Console	Summary	Result
25/09/2019 - 11:3	80:49 : CSV0 i	is started	
25/09/2019 - 11:3	80:50 : CSV0	is completed	
> 25/09/2019 - 11:3	80:50 : Logist	ic Regression1 is s	tarted
25/09/2019 - 11:3	0:52 : Logist	ic Regression1 is c	ompleted

- viii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab
- ix) A new column is inserted into the Result Data. Result when XG Boosting is disabled

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	alization Properties $\frac{+}{+}$ \pm				
	Show 10 • entr	ries		Search:					
÷	admit	gre	gpa	rank	PredictedValues				
	0	380	3.61	3	0.189552743927614				
	1	660	3.67	3	0.317780736515971				
	1	800	4	1	0.717813606904384				
	1	640	3.19	4	0.148949193788017				
	0	520	2.93	4	0.0979542035853394				
	1	760	3	2	0.378678470442818				
	1	560	2.98	1	0.399041127511822				
	0	400	3.08	2	0.221176131339986				
ľ	1	540	3.39	3	0.22152034675047				
	0	700	3.92	2	0.520501921013081				
	Showing 1 to 10 of 40	0 entries	,	Previous 1	2 3 4 5 40 Next				

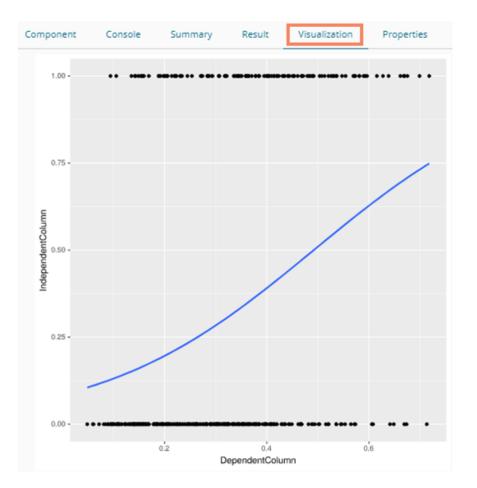
Result when XG Boosting is enabled



	Component	Console S	Summary	Result Visu	alization Properties $\frac{+}{+}$ \perp
	Show 10 • ent	ries			Search:
Þ	admit	gre	gpa	rank	PredictedValues
	0	380	3.61	3	0.330100446939468
	1	660	3.67	3	0.54865038394928
	1	800	4	1	0.585151970386505
	1	640	3.19	4	0.32156777381897
	0	520	2.93	4	0.327882200479507
	1	760	3	2	0.60936576128006
	1	560	2.98	1	0.344815731048584
Þ	0	400	3.08	2	0.281392931938171
	1	540	3.39	3	0.247334942221642
	0	700	3.92	2	0.425485610961914
	Showing 1 to 10 of 40	0 entries		Previous 1	2 3 4 5 40 Next

x) Click the 'Visualization' tab.

xi) The Result data gets displayed via the chart displaying the Scatter Plot with a Regression Line.



Note: No Visualization is available for the models in which XG Boosting is enabled.



13.1.5. Classification

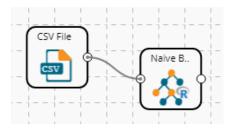
This algorithm categorizes a new observation by a trained set of data that contains observations from the known category. It compares each new observation to previous observations using means of similarity or distance.

13.1.5.1. Naive Bayes

Naive Bayes is a classification technique based on Bayes' Theorem with an assumption of independence among predictors. In simple terms, a Naive Bayes classifier assumes that the presence of a feature in a class is unrelated to the presence of any other feature. For example, a fruit may be an apple if it is red, round, and about 3 inches in diameter. Even if these features depend on each other or upon the existence of the other features, these properties independently contribute to the probability that this fruit is an apple, and that is why it is known as **Naive**.

R Naive Bayes is a leaf node under Classification algorithms under the Algorithm tree node. The component consists of one node for reading data from a data source and another one for giving the Result.

i) Drag the R-Naive Bayes component to the workspace and connect it with a configured data source.



ii) Configure the following fields in the 'Properties' tab:

a. Column Selection

- i. **Feature**: Select input columns from the drop-down menu to which the target variable can be compared to performing the analysis.
- ii. Target Variable: Select the target column for which the analysis is Performed.
- b. Output Information
 - i. Show Probability: Select an option out of True or False (Selecting 'True' option displays the Probability Column Name field under the 'New Column Information' section).
- c. New Column Information
 - i. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values.
 - ii. **Probability Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the probability values.
- d. Enable Validation: Enable validation by a checkmark in the given box.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Column Se	lection					
Properties	Feature		8 checked	-	0		
Advanced	Target Variab	le	sex	•	0		
	Output Info	ormation					
	Show Probab	ility	True	•			
	New Colun	nn Informatior	ı				
	Predicted Col	umn Name	PredictedValue	es	0		
>	Probability Co	olumn Name	Probability		0		
	Enable Valida	tion 🗐					
						Apply	,

- iii) Click the 'Validation' tab and configure it, if it has been enabled from the Properties tab
 - a. Model Selection
 - i. Model Selection Method: Select a modeling method using the drop-down menu.
 - 1. Cross-Validation
 - 2. BootStrap
 - 3. Repeated Cross-Validation
 - 4. Leave One Out Cross-Validation
 - ii. Number of folds: Enter a numerical value for the number of folds.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Se	lection					
Properties	Model Sele	ction Method	Cross validati	ion 👻			
Validation	Number of	folds	3				
Advanced							
						Apply	

- iv) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required.
- Advanced Tab when 'Validation' is Disabled:
 - a. Input Data Handling
 - i. Missing Values: Select a method to deal with missing values from the drop-down menu.
 - 1. **Ignore**: Selecting this option will skip the records containing missing values in the columns.
 - 2. **Keep:** Selecting this option will retain the records containing missing values while performing the calculation.
 - Laplace Smoothing: Enter the smoothing constant for smoothing observations.
 Smoothing constant must be a double value greater than 0. Entering 0 will disable Laplace smoothing.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>⊥</u> <u>⊺</u>
General	Input Dat	a Handling				
Properties	Missing valu	ies	Ignore	•		
Advanced	Laplace Sm	oothing	0			
						Apply

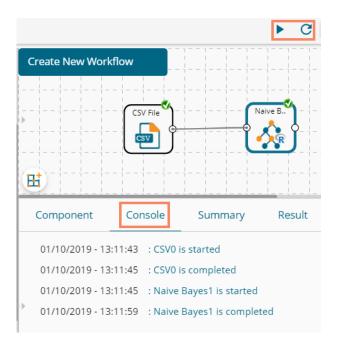
• Advanced Tab when 'Validation' is Enabled:

a. Input Data Handling

- i. Laplace Smoothing: Enter the smoothing constant for smoothing observations. Smoothing constant must be a double value greater than 0. Entering 0 disables Laplace smoothing.
- ii. Kernel: Select an option using the drop-down menu.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- iii. Band Width: Enter a bandwidth value (the Default value for this field is 0.1).
- iv. Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Input Dat	a Handling					
Properties	Laplace Sm	oothing	0				
Validation	Kernel		True	•			
Advanced	Band Width	1	0.1				
						Apply	у

- v) Run the workflow and after getting the success message.
- vi) The '**Console**' tab opens displaying the steps of the process. The completion of the console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.





vii) Click the '**Result**' tab to display the dataset in the result view.

i. Result View when Validation is disabled

now	10 • entr	ries							Search	:
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues	Probability
Л	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.2245	0.101	0.15	15	1	[7e-04,0.9963,0.003]
1	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.07	7	1	[0,1,0]
	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.2565	0.1415	0.21	9	1	[0.2073,0.4623,0.330
1	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.2155	0.114	0.155	10	1	[0.0017,0.9895,0.008
	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7	1	[0,1,0]
	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.3515	0.141	0.0775	0.12	8	1	[0,0.9998,2e-04]
	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.7775	0.237	0.1415	0.33	20	м	[0.4222,0.0276,0.550
	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.1495	0.26	16	м	[0.39,0.1305,0.4795]
	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.5095	0.2165	0.1125	0.165	9	1	[0.0041,0.9804,0.015
	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.8945	0.3145	0.151	0.32	19	F	[0.5101,0.0039,0.486

ii. Result View when Validation is Enabled

Comp	onent	Console	Summary	Result Vi	sualization Prop	erties				÷ 1
Show	10 • ent	ries							Search	:
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues	Probability
М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.2245	0.101	0.15	15	1	[7e-04,0.9953,0.004]
М	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.07	7	1	[0,0.9999,1e-04]
F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.2565	0.1415	0.21	9	1	[0.189,0.6747,0.1363]
м	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.2155	0.114	0.155	10	1	[0.0079,0.9857,0.0065]
1	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7	1	[0,0.9999,1e-04]
1	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.3515	0.141	0.0775	0.12	8	1	[0,1,0]
F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.7775	0.237	0.1415	0.33	20	F	[0.5632,0.1197,0.3171]
F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.1495	0.26	16	F	[0.4052,0.3552,0.2396]
м	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.5095	0.2165	0.1125	0.165	9	1	[0.0039,0.9906,0.0055]
F	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.8945	0.3145	0.151	0.32	19	F	[0.7526,0.0021,0.2453]
Showin	g 1 to 10 of 4,	177 entries						Previous	1 2 3 4	5 418 Next

viii) Click the 'Summary' tab to see the detailed Model Summary.

C	omponent	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
	Su	ummary of the	e model					
	1.Independent (Columns:						
	height weight_ weight_ weight_) (double) whole (doub) _shucked (dou _viscera (dou _shell (doub)	uble) uble)					
	2.Dependent Col	lumn:						
	sex (string	g)						
	3. Model Call :	:						
	naiveBayes.defa	ault(x = df,	y = sex, laplace	= 0, na.act:	ion = na.omit)			
	Er	nd of Summary	/					



Note:

- a. The '**Visualization**' tab does not display any graphical representation for the Naive Bayes Results in data.
- b. The 'Validation' tab provides multiple options under the 'Model Selection Method' dropdown menu.

All the available Model Selection Methods are described below:

i. Cross-Validation

The user needs to configure the 'Number of folds' if Cross-Validation is selected as the Model Selection Method.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>1</u>	Ť
General	Model Se	lection					
Properties	Model Selec	ction Method	Cross validation	1 •			
Validation	Number of	folds	3				
Advanced							
						Apply	

ii. Bootstrap

The user needs to configure the '**Number of resamples**' if '**Bootstrap**' is selected as the Model Selection Method.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Selection						
Properties	Model Selection Method		Boot Strap	•			
Validation	Number of Resamples		3				
Advanced							
						Apr	bly

iii. Repeated Cross-Validation

The user needs to configure the **Number of repeats**, and **the Number of folds** fields if the

selected modeling method is Repeated Cross-Validation.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Ŧ	Ť
General	Model Se	lection					
Properties	Model Selec	ction Method	Repeated Cro	ss Validation 👻			
Validation	Number of	folds	3				
Advanced	Number of	Repeats	3				
						Арр	ly

iv. Leave One Out Cross-Validation

Users do not get any other field to configure if the selected model method is **Leave one out cross-validation.**

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Ŧ	Ť
General	Model Sel	ection					
Properties	Model Selec	tion Method	Leave one out	cross validation 👻			
Validation							
Advanced							
						Apply	

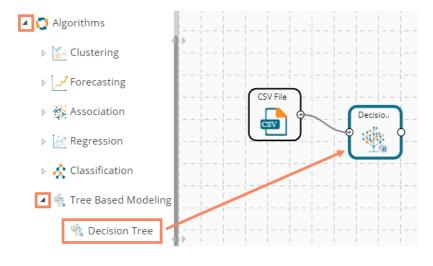
13.1.6. Tree-Based Modeling

The Tree Based Modeling Decision Tree can be configured using two algorithm types from the '**Properties**' tab.

Check out the below given description of the configuration details:

13.1.6.1. Classification as Algorithm Type for Decision Tree

i) Drag the Decision Tree component to the workspace and connect it with a configured data source.





- ii) Configure the '**Properties**' tab:
 - a. Output Information
 - i. **Algorithm Type:** Select an algorithm type from the drop-down menu.
 - 1. **Classification**: Select this option if users want to pass the dependent column as the categorical values.
 - 2. **Regression:** Select this option if users want to pass the dependent column as numerical values.
 - ii. **Show Probability**: Select an option from the drop-down menu to create a new column for indicating the chance factor involved in the probability.
 - 1. **True:** Select this option to display a new column in the output data with probability values.
 - 2. False: Select this option to display any probability value in the output data.
 - b. Column Selection
 - i. **Features**: Select input columns from the drop-down list to which the target column needs to compare performing the analysis.
 - ii. Target Variable: Select the target column for which the analysis is performed.
 - c. New Column Information
 - i. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values.
 - ii. **Probability Column Name:** Enter a name for the new column containing the probability values.
 - d. Model Tuning
 - i. **Enable Validation:** Enable validation as a model tuning option by a checkmark in the given box.
 - ii. **XG Boosting:** Enable validation as a model tuning option by a checkmark in the given box.

Properties Tab when Model Tunning is not Enabled

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		*	<u>+</u>
General	Output Inform	mation						
Properties	Algorithm Type		Classification	-				
Advanced	Show Probability	/	True	-				
	Column Selec	tion						
	Features		7 checked	-	0			
	Target Variable		sex	-	0			
	New Column	Information						
	Predicted Colum	in Name	PredictedValues	0	0			
	Probability Colur	mn Name	Probability0		0			
	Model Tuning	3						
•	Enable Validation	n (
	XGBoosting	(
							_	
						4	Apply	

Properties Tab when Validation is Enabled as Model Tuning



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	* 4
General	Output Info	ormation				
Properties	Algorithm Typ	De	Classification	-		
Advanced	Show Probab	ility	True	-		
Validation	Column Se	lection				
	Features		7 checked	•	0	
	Target Variab	le	sex	-	0	
	New Colum	nn Informatio	ı			
	Predicted Col	umn Name	PredictedValu	es0	0	
	Probability Co	olumn Name	Probability0		0	
	Model Tuni	ing				
	Enable Valida	tion				
						Apply

Properties Tab when XG Boosting is Enabled as Model Tuning

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visuali	zation	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Output Informa	ition						
Properties	Algorithm Type	Classi	ification	•				
Advanced	Column Selection	on						
	Features	7 che	cked	•	0			
	Target Variable	sex		-	0			
	New Column In	formation						
	Predicted Column	Predic	tedValues0		0			
	Name							
•	Model Tuning							
	XGBoosting							
							Apply	

Note: The '**Show Probability**' field appears only if, '**Classification**' option is selected via the '**Algorithm Type**' drop-down menu.

iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:

• Advanced Tab when both the Model Tuning options are Disabled

a. Input Data Handling

- i. Missing Values: Select a method to deal with missing values from the drop-down list.
 - Rpart: Select this option to get the estimated missing values for the dependent column based on the independent columns.



- 2. **Ignore:** Select this option to skip the records containing missing values in the columns.
- 3. **Keep:** Select this option to retain the records containing missing values while performing the calculation.
- 4. **Stop:** Select this option to stop the algorithm application if a value is missing in any column.
- b. Tree Pruning
 - i. **Minimum Split:** It indicates a minimum number of observations within a single node for a split to be attempted. The default value for this field is 10.
 - ii. **Complexity Parameter:** This parameter is primarily used to save computing time by pruning off splits that are not worthwhile. Any split which does not improve the fit by a factor of the complex parameter is purned off performing cross-validation, hence the program does not pursue it. The default value for this field is 0.05.
 - iii. **Maximum Depth:** It sets the maximum depth of any node of the final tree keeping the depth count for root node 0. It is an optional field (It is recommended to set Maximum Depth value less than 30 rpart for 32 bit-machines.)
- c. Behavior
 - i. **Split Criteria:** It is an optional field that depends on the selected algorithm type from the **'Properties'** tab. (This field appears only when the selected algorithm type is **'Classification'**).

The splitting index can be:

- 1. **Gini:** Select this option to measure inequality among values of randomly chosen elements from a set.
- 2. **Information:** Select this option to get information about the variables used in the algorithm.
- ii. **Cross-Validation:** It indicates the number of cross-validations that were performed to check the accuracy of the analysis method.
- iii. Prior Probability: It is an optional field. This field is dependent on the other data values mentioned in the selected dataset. (This field appears when the selected algorithm type is 'Classification').

d. Surrogate Information

- i. Use Surrogate: Select one option from the drop-down menu.
 - 1. **Display Only:** Select this option to display only the observation, but not split it further.
 - 2. **Use Surrogate:** Select this option to search surrogate value for the missing values to split the observation. Two fields are displayed:
 - a. Surrogate Style: Select a style using the drop-down menu.
 - **b.** Maximum Surrogate: Set the maximum surrogate value.
 - 3. **Stop if missing:** Select this option to choose an action based on the nature of majority observations. If values are missed for all the observations, then they will stop splitting further.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties ÷
Seneral	Input Data	Handling			
Properties	Missing value	25	Rpart	-	
dvanced	Tree Pruni	ng			
	Minimum Spl	lit	10		
	Maximum De	epth	Optional		
	Behavior				
	Split Criteria		Gini	•	
	Cross Validat	ion	Optional		
	Prior Probabi	ility	Optional		
	Surrogate	Information			
	Use Surrogat	e	Use surroga	te 🔹	
	Surrogate Sty	/le	Use total co	rect classification 🕞	
	Maximum Su	irrogate	Optional		
					Apply

- Advanced Tab when 'Validation' is enabled:
 - a. Tree Pruning:
 - i. **Complexity Parameter**: This parameter is primarily used to save computing time by pruning off splits that are not worthwhile. Any split which does not improve the fit by a factor of the complex parameter is purned off performing cross-validation, hence the program does not pursue it. The default value for this field is 0.05.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>⊥</u> ⊺
General	Tree Pruning					
Properties	Complexity	.005				
Advanced	Parameter					
Validation						
						Apply

- iv) Click the 'Validation' tab and configure the required fields
 - **a.** Model Selection Method: Select a method using the drop-down menu. Users need to configure the other fields based on the selected model method.
 - Cross-Validation
 The user needs to configure the 'Number of folds' if the selected model method is
 Cross Validation.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizati	on Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Selection	on					
Properties	Model Selection	Cros	s validation	•			
Advanced	Method						
Validation	Number of folds	3					
						Apply	

ii. Bootstrap

The user needs to configure the 'Number of resamples' (the Default value for this field

is

5) if the selected model method is 'Bootstrap.'

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Selectio	on					
Properties	Model Selection	Boo	otstrap	•			
Advanced	Method						
Validation	Number of resam	nples 5					
Validation						Apply	

iii. Repeated Cross-Validation

The user needs to configure the 'Number of repeats' and 'Number of folds' if the selected method is 'Repeated Cross-Validation.'

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ↑	Ŧ
General	Model Selectio	'n					
Properties	Model Selection	Repea	ated cross valida	ation 👻			
Advanced	Method						
Validation	Number of repeat	s 5					
	Number of folds	3					
•							
						Apply	

iv. Leave One Out Cross-Validation

The user does not get any other field to configure if the selected model method is **Leave one out cross-validation**.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Selecti	on					
Properties	Model Selection	Leave	e one out cross	validat. 			
Advanced	Method						
Advanced						Apply	
Validation						Арріу	

• Advanced Tab when 'XG Boosting' is enabled

a. Boosting Parameter

- i. Number of Iterations: Enter a number suggesting the Number of Iterations
- ii. Number of Classes: Enter a number suggesting the Number of Classes
- v) Click the '**Apply**' option after configuring the required Properties, Advanced, and/or Validation fields as per your selection of the model.

Component	Console	Summ	ary	Result	Visua	alization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Boosting Para	meter							
Properties	Number Of Iterat	tions	3						
Advanced	Number Of Class	es	10			0			
·									
								Apply	

vi) Run the workflow after getting the success message.

vii) The Console tab opens displaying the step by step completion of the process. The completion of the console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.

			► C
Create New Workf	low		
· (CSV File	Decisio	}
Ħ			
Component	Console	Summary	Result
			Result
Component	31:00 : CSV1	is started	Result
Component 03/10/2019 - 10::	31:00 : CSV1 31:02 : CSV1	is started is completed	Result

- viii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.
 - i. Result view when both the Model Tuning options are disabled



how	10 v ent	ries							Search:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues	Probability
М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.2245	0.101	0.15	15	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.215
М	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.07	7	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.215
F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.2565	0.1415	0.21	9	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.215
М	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.2155	0.114	0.155	10	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.215
1	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.215
1	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.3515	0.141	0.0775	0.12	8	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.215
F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.7775	0.237	0.1415	0.33	20	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.215
F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.1495	0.26	16	м	[0.3411,0.227,0.4319
М	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.5095	0.2165	0.1125	0.165	9	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.215
F	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.8945	0.3145	0.151	0.32	19	М	[0.3411,0.227,0.4319

ii. Result view when 'Validation' is enabled

ow	10 • ent	ries							Search:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues	Probability
M	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.2245	0.101	0.15	15	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
M.	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.07	7	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.2565	0.1415	0.21	9	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
M.	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.2155	0.114	0.155	10	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.3515	0.141	0.0775	0.12	8	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.7775	0.237	0.1415	0.33	20	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.1495	0.26	16	м	[0.3411,0.227,0.4319
4	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.5095	0.2165	0.1125	0.165	9	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.8945	0.3145	0.151	0.32	19	м	[0.3411,0.227,0.431

iii. Result view when 'XG Boosting' is enabled

how	10 v en	tries					St	earch:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValue
М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.2245	0.101	0.15	15	1
М	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.07	7	1
F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.2565	0.1415	0.21	9	1
Μ	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.2155	0.114	0.155	10	М
1	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7	1
1	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.3515	0.141	0.0775	0.12	8	1
F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.7775	0.237	0.1415	0.33	20	F
F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.1495	0.26	16	M
Μ	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.5095	0.2165	0.1125	0.165	9	1
F	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.8945	0.3145	0.151	0.32	19	F

Note: The Probability column displays data in the Array format when Validation is enabled.

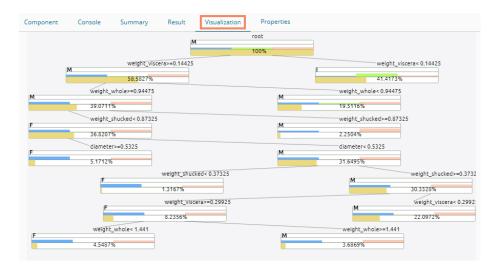
- ix) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- x) The Result data gets displayed via the tree chart.a. Visualization tab when no Model Tuning option is enabled

www.bdb.ai



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	
			м		root	
					100%	
	M	weight_visc	era>=0.14425			weight_viscera< 0.14425
м	weight_v 39.07119	/hole>=0.94475			М	weight_whole<0.94475
F	weight_s 36.82079	hucked< 0.87325			M	weight_shucked>=0.87325
F	diameter 5.1712%				Μ	diameter< 0.5325
	F		weight_shucke	d< 0.37325		M weight_shucked>=0.3732

b. Visualization tab when Validation is enabled



13.1.6.2. Regression as Algorithm Type for Decision Tree

- i) Drag the Decision Tree component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.
- ii) Configure the following fields in the 'Properties' tab:
 - a. Output Information
 - i. Algorithm Type: Select an algorithm type from the drop-down menu.
 - 1. **Classification**: Select this option if users want to pass the dependent column as the categorical values.
 - 2. **Regression:** Select this option if users want to pass the dependent column as numerical values.
 - **b.** Column Selection
 - i. **Features**: Select input columns from the drop-down list to which the target the column can be compared to performing the analysis.
 - ii. Target Variable: Select the target column for which the analysis is performed.
 - c. New Column Information



- i. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values.
- ii. **Probability Column Name:** Enter a name for the new column containing the probability values.
- d. Model Tuning
 - i. Enable Validation: Enable validation by a checkmark in the given box.
 - ii. **XG Boosting:** Enable XG Boosting by a checkmark in the given box.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Output Infor	mation					
Properties	Algorithm Type	Reg	gression	•			
Advanced	Column Sele	ction					
	Independent Co	olumns 7 cl	hecked	• 3			
	Dependent Colu	umns ring	ļs	- 3			
	New Column	Information					
	Predicted Colun	nn Pre	dictedValues0	0			
	Name						
	Model Tunin	g					
	Enable Validatio	n 🗌					
	XGBoosting						
						Apply	

Note: Other possible scenarios to configure the Properties tab can be when either of the Model Tuning option is enabled.

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:
 - Advanced Tab when both the Model Tuning options are disabled:

a. Input Data Handling

- i. **Missing Values:** Select a method to deal with missing values from the drop-down list.
 - 1. **Rpart:** Select this option to estimate the missing values for the dependent column based on the independent columns.
 - 2. **Ignore:** Select this option to skip the records containing missing values in the columns.
 - 3. **Keep:** Select this option to retain the records containing missing values while performing the calculation.
 - 4. **Stop:** Select this option to stop the algorithm application if a value is missing in any column.
- b. Tree Pruning
 - i. **Minimum Split:** It indicates a minimum number of observations within a single node for a split to be attempted. The default value for this field is 10.
 - ii. **Complexity Parameter:** This parameter is primarily used to save computing time by pruning off splits that are not worthwhile. Any split which does not improve the fit by a factor of the complex parameter is purned off performing cross validation, hence the program does not pursue it. The default value for this field is 0.05.



- iii. **Maximum Depth:** It sets the maximum depth of any node of the final tree keeping the depth count for root node 0. It is an optional field (It is recommended to set Maximum Depth value less than 30 rpart for 32 bit-machines.)
- c. Behavior
 - i. **Split Criteria:** It is an optional field that depends on the selected algorithm type from the **'Properties'** tab. (This field appears when the selected algorithm type is **'Classification**').

The splitting index can be:

- 1. **Gini:** Select this option to measure inequality among values of randomly chosen elements from a set.
- 2. **Information:** Select this option to get information about the variables used in the algorithm.
- ii. **Cross-Validation:** It indicates the number of cross-validations that were performed to

check the accuracy of the analysis method.

- iii. **Prior Probability:** It is an optional field. This field is dependent on the other data values mentioned in the selected dataset. (This field appears when the selected algorithm type is '**Classification**').
- d. Surrogate Information
 - i. Use Surrogate: Select one option from the drop-down menu.
 - 1. **Display Only:** Select this option to display only the observation, but not split it further.
 - 2. Use Surrogate: Select this option to search surrogate value for the missing values to split the observation. Two fields are displayed:
 - **a.** Surrogate Style: Select a style using the drop-down menu.
 - **b.** Maximum Surrogate: Set the maximum surrogate value.
 - 3. **Stop if missing:** Select this option to choose an action based on the nature of majority observations. If values are missed for all the observations, then they will stop splitting further.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Input Data H	andling					
Properties	Missing values	Rpa	art	•			
Advanced	Tree Pruning						
	Minimum Split	10					
	Maximum Dept	h Opt	ional				
	Behavior						
	Cross Validation	Opt	ional				
	Surrogate Inf	formation					
	Use Surrogate	Use	e surrogate	•			
	Surrogate Style	Use	e total correct clas	sifica			
	Maximum Surro	ogate Opi	ional				
						Apply	/

- Advanced Tab when 'Validation' is enabled:
 - a. Tree Pruning:
 - i. Complexity Parameter: This parameter is primarily used to save the computing time by pruning off splits that are not worthwhile. Any split which does not improve the fit by a



factor of the complex parameter is purned off performing cross-validation, hence the program does not pursue it. The default value for this field is 0.05.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>⊥</u> ↑
General	Tree Prunin	g				
Properties	Complexity Pa	rameter .00	15			
Advanced						
Validation						
						Apply

iv) Click the '**Validation**' tab and configure the required fields. The user can refer to the description provided under section 12.2.6.1 to configure the Validation tab.

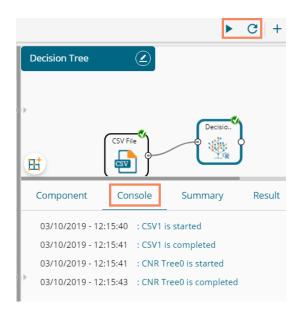
Advanced Tab when XG Boosting is Enabled

a. Boosting Parameter

- i. Number of Iterations: Enter a number suggesting the Number of Iterations
- ii. Number of Classes: Enter a number indicating the Number of Classes

Component	Console	Summary	/	Result	Visualiza	tion	Properties	<u>1</u>	Ť
General	Boosting Pa	irameter							
Properties	Number Of Ite	rations	3						
Advanced	Number Of Cla	asses	10			0			
,									
								App	ly

- v) Click the 'Apply' option.
- vi) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vii) The 'Console' tab opens.





viii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:

- **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
- **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.
 - i. The Result tab when both the Model Tuning options are disabled

			-	Result		•			-
now	10 v en	tries						Search:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues
M	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.2245	0.101	0.15	15	8.770609
M	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.07	7	7.551181
-	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.2565	0.1415	0.21	9	9.553571
M	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.2155	0.114	0.155	10	8.770609
	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7	6.283951
	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.3515	0.141	0.0775	0.12	8	8.770609
-	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.7775	0.237	0.1415	0.33	20	13.160338
-	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.1495	0.26	16	12.745902
N	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.5095	0.2165	0.1125	0.165	9	8.770609
-	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.8945	0.3145	0.151	0.32	19	13.160338

ii. The Result tab when the 'Validation' option is enabled

how	10 • ent	ries							Search:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues	Probability
M	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.2245	0.101	0.15	15	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
M	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.07	7	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.2565	0.1415	0.21	9	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
M	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.2155	0.114	0.155	10	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.3515	0.141	0.0775	0.12	8	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.7775	0.237	0.1415	0.33	20	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.215
F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.1495	0.26	16	м	[0.3411,0.227,0.431
N	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.5095	0.2165	0.1125	0.165	9	1	[0.1532,0.6312,0.21
	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.8945	0.3145	0.151	0.32	19	м	[0.3411,0.227,0.431

iii. Result view when 'XG Boosting' is enabled

how	10 • ent	tries					S	earch:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValue
М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.2245	0.101	0.15	15	I.
М	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.07	7	1
F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.2565	0.1415	0.21	9	1
М	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.2155	0.114	0.155	10	м
I	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7	1
I	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.3515	0.141	0.0775	0.12	8	1
F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.7775	0.237	0.1415	0.33	20	F
F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.1495	0.26	16	М
М	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.5095	0.2165	0.1125	0.165	9	1
F	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.8945	0.3145	0.151	0.32	19	F



Note: The Probability column is displayed in the Array format while enabling the 'Validation' option.

- ix) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- x) The Result data will be displayed via the tree chart.

(The following visualization displays processed data when no Model Tuning option is enabled.)

	Component Console Summary Result Visualiz	zation Properties		
		9.9337 ^{root} 100%	undefined=41	
ŀ	7.55	weight_shell< undefined=14 34.1653%	11.1673 weight_shell>. undefin 65.8367%	- 1ed=27
	weight_shellc 5.687 undefined=36. 8.6425% 4.4576 undefined=11. 6.284 undefined=11. 2.8250% 5.8176%	weight_shells. 1.1895 undefined=10. 25.507% b fined=24. 12.1618% 12.1618% 13.358%		12.8152 Indefined.e6. 15.8003% Weight_shuck. 83 Indefined.e9. 11.9464% 3.8544%
	9.5536 weight_shuck. 9.5536 undefined=57. 11.5395 undefined=16. 11.5395 undefined=16. 1	Weight_shuck. weight_shuck. 10.2675 undefined=71. 17.0936% 12.8369 11.505 undefined=29. 11.505 undefined=29. 7.1592% 5.6735%	Weight_shells Weight_shells 11.7 Undefined=43 Undefined=45 10.2943% 18.519% Undefined=45 12.9143 undefined=45 12.9143 undefined=45 0.3379% 0.3140	3.3038% 0.55069 _shuck undefined=34
•		Weight_shuck. weight_shuck. 10.6497 undefined=17. 4.2375% 2.9208%		

13.2. Apply Model

This component is provided to generate predictions based on the trained model. The user can view predicted column value and probability of each label class by using the Apply Model component.

The user can create a model via the following ways:

- Generate a model using an algorithm
- Generate a model using the saved models

The Apply Model consists of 2 input nodes and 1 output node.

- Input Nodes
 - Upper node Model/Training data
 - \circ Lower node Testing data
- Output Node
 - Node Result data

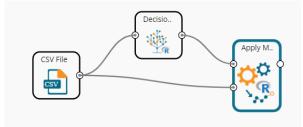
The Apply Model component provided under R, Python, and Spark can be configured using the same set of steps within the respected Workbenches, so this component is only described for R.

- i) Drag the 'Apply Model' component to the workspace.
- ii) The Apply Model has two input components and one output component.



_
י 🕜
Create New Workflow
• •
Apply M.
R
<u>ش</u>

- iii) Connect the Apply Model component with a valid combination of Data source and algorithm (Configure the data source and algorithm components. In this case, the used algorithm is Decision Tree.)
- iv) Click the 'Apply Model' component.



- v) Basic component details get displayed.
 - a. Component Name: It displays the predefined name of the component
 - b. Alias Name: It displays a predefined name that suggests the component's position in the workflow
- vi) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component Co	onsole	Summary	Result	Visualization	Proper	rties	Ţ	Ť
General	Basic							
	Componen	t Name	R Apply	Model				
•	Alias		Apply N	lodel2				
	Description		Optiona	I				
							Apply	

Note: Number given to the Apply Model signifies its place in the workflow. E.g., R Apply Model2 in the below given image suggests that it is in the third position in the workflow.

- vii) Run the workflow.
- viii) The '**Console**' tab opens displaying the progress of the process. Completion of the console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



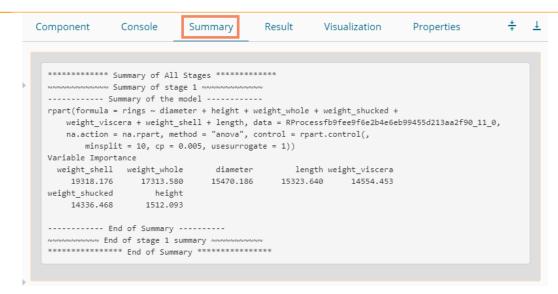
		- 1 1 1 1	• • • • • • • • •	C + 4
Apply Model WF				
			Decisio	
				Apply M.
	CSV File			
		J		
H				
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization
Component	Console 5:14:52 : CSV1		Result	Visualization
Component	5:14:52 : CSV1		Result	Visualization
Component 03/10/2019 - 1	5:14:52 : CSV1 5:14:53 : CSV1	is started	Result	Visualization
Component 03/10/2019 - 1 03/10/2019 - 1 03/10/2019 - 1	5:14:52 : CSV1 5:14:53 : CSV1 5:14:54 : CNR	is started is completed		Visualization
Component 03/10/2019 - 1 03/10/2019 - 1 03/10/2019 - 1	5:14:52 : CSV1 5:14:53 : CSV1 5:14:54 : CNR 5:14:55 : CNR	l is started l is completed Tree0 is started	4	Visualization

- ix) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged R Apply Model component on the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.

Comp	onent	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization Pr	operties			<u>+</u> ↑
how	10 • en	tries						Search:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues
М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.2245	0.101	0.15	15	8.77060931899642
М	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.07	7	7.5511811023622
F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.2565	0.1415	0.21	9	9.55357142857143
Μ	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.2155	0.114	0.155	10	8.77060931899642
I	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7	6.28395061728395
I	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.3515	0.141	0.0775	0.12	8	8.77060931899642
F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.7775	0.237	0.1415	0.33	20	13.1603375527426
F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.1495	0.26	16	12.7459016393443
Μ	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.5095	0.2165	0.1125	0.165	9	8.77060931899642
F	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.8945	0.3145	0.151	0.32	19	13.1603375527426

x) Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model summary.





Note:

- a. The Result dataset of the model can be written to a database using a Data Writer.
- b. Column header and data type of feature column for both the saved model and testing data should match. If column headers and data types do not match, an alert message gets displayed.
- c. It is not mandatory for the testing data set to contain a label column.

13.3. Performance

The user can evaluate model performance through a list of parameters using the performance component. The user can use the R Performance components only for the classification algorithms.

The Performance component is provided as a leaf-node under the Performance tree-node. It contains 3 input nodes that can be used to compare up to 3 models. Each node has a static name like model_0, model_1, and model_2. Based on the connection to the node model, the summary can be viewed with respective names.

The performance component can be of the following formats:

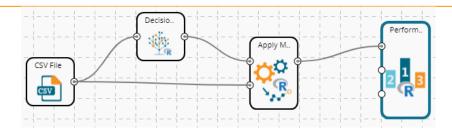
- 1. Binary Classification: Used when the label has two classes
- 2. Multi Classification: Used when the label has 3 or more beta values
- 3. Regression Metrics: Used when the regression algorithm is used in the workflow

In the case of multiple models, all the model statistics get displayed in the summary of performance (up to 3 models can be compared).

Steps to Connect a Performance component (to a model)

i) Drag the Performance component to the workspace and connect to a valid workflow (In this example, a workflow created with the Decision Tree algorithm has been used).





- ii) Configure the 'Properties' tab.
 - a. **Performance Type**: Select an option using the drop-down menu.
 - i. Binary Classification: Use this option when the label has two classes.
 - ii. MultiClassification Metrics(Default option): Use this option when the label has 3 or more beta values.
 - iii. Regression Metrics: Use this option when the Apply model in the workflow is trained using the Regression Algorithm.

iii) Click the '**Apply**' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	⊥
General	R-Perform	mance					
Properties	Performan	се Туре	MultiClas	sification Metrics			
			Search				
			🗸 Mu	ltiClassification Metri	ics		
			Binary	Classification Metrics			
			Regress	sion Metrics			
>							
						Apply	y

The user gets different outcomes based on the selected Performance types as described below:

• Multi Classification Metrics

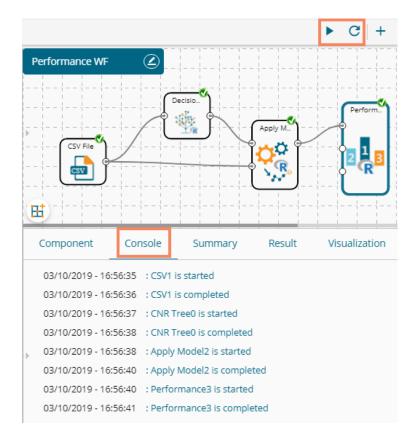
- 1. Navigate to the '**Properties**' tab of the R-Performance component.
- 2. Select the 'Multi-Classification Metrics' Performance type via the drop-down list.
- 3. Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	R-Performa	nce					
Properties	Performance 1	Гуре М	ultiClassification	Metrics 👻			
•							
						Apply	,

4. Run the workflow.



5. The '**Console**' tab opens, displaying steps of the process. The completion of the console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



6. The user can view the summary by clicking the '**Summary**' tab (First click the performance component and then click on the '**Summary**' tab).

The following details get displayed by clicking on the 'Summary' tab:

a. Confusion Metrix and Statistics

- i. The Confusion Matrix of each model gets displayed.
- ii. The column consists of Actual labels and row consist of Predicted labels.

b. Overall Statistics

- i. Overall statistics of each model can be viewed in a tabular format
- ii. Each model displays the following statistics columns
 - 1. Accuracy
 - 2. 95% CI
 - 3. No Information Rate
 - 4. P-value
 - 5. Kappa
 - 6. Mcnemar's Test P-Value

c. Statistics by Class

- i. Label-wise the following statistics can be shown:
 - 1. Sensitivity
 - 2. Specificity
 - 3. Pos Pred Value



- 4. Neg Pred Value
- 5. Prevalence
- 6. Detection Rate
- 7. Detection Prevalence
- 8. Balanced Accuracy

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
	Overall Stati	stics						
×		Accuracy : 0 95% CI : (0 ation Rate : 0. Acc > NIR] : 1	• •					
		Kappa : 0						
	Mcnemar's Te	st P-Value : NA	1					
	Statistics by	Class:						
		Class:	8.77060931899642	Class: 7.55	11811023622			
	Sensitivity		NA		NA			
	Specificity		0.8664		0.8784			
	Pos Pred Valu	e	NA		NA			
	Neg Pred Valu	e	NA		NA			
	Prevalence		0.0000		0.0000			
	Detection Rat	e	0.0000		0.0000			
	Detection Pre	valence	0.1336		0.1216			
	Balanced Accu	racy	NA		NA			
		Class:	9.55357142857143	Class: 6.28	395061728395			
	Sensitivity		NA		NA			
	Specificity		0.8391		0.94182			
	Pos Pred Valu	e	NA		NA			
	Neg Pred Valu	e	NA		NA			
	Prevalence		0.0000		0.00000			
	Detection Rat	-	0.0000		0.00000			
	Detection Pre		0.1609		0.05818			
	Balanced Accu	racv	NA		NA			

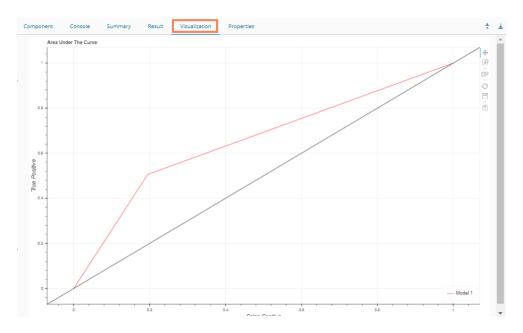
- Binary Classification Metrics
 - 1. Navigate to the '**Properties**' tab of the R-Performance component.
 - 2. Select the '**Binary Classification Metrics**' Performance type via the drop-down menu. (Select columns with binary attributes from the dataset).
 - 3. Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Ŧ	Ť
General	R-Performa	nce					
Properties	Performance 1	Гуре	Binary Classificati	on Metrics 🔽			
Þ							
						Apply	/

- 4. Run the workflow.
- 5. The '**Console**' tab opens, displaying the steps of the process, and the completion gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



6. Click the '**Visualization**' tab to see the graphical representation of the process data (No data displays under the '**Result**' tab for the Binary Classification Metrics).



7. Click the 'Summary' tab to see the model comparison summary.

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	Ŧ
		Summary of Mc	odel Comparision -					
		Performance o	of first model					
Þ	Confusion Mat	trix and Stati	istics					
	0 1							
	0 442 169							
	1 107 173							
		Accuracy :	0.6902					
			(0.6587, 0.7205)					
		mation Rate :						
	P-Value	[Acc > NIR] :	2.389e-06					
	Henomon's Te	Kappa : est P-Value :						
	nchemar's re	est P-value :	0.0002409					
	-	Sensitivity :	0.8051					
		Specificity :						
	Pos	Pred Value :	0.7234					
	Neg	Pred Value :	0.6179					
		Prevalence :						
		ection Rate :						
		Prevalence :						
Þ	Balance	ed Accuracy :	0.6555					
	10000	tive' Class :						
	POSI	CIVE CIASS :	9					
		End						
		End of Summar	y					
								-

- Regression Metrics
 - 1. Navigate to the '**Properties**' tab of the R-performance component.
 - 2. Select the '**Regression Metrics**' Performance Type via the drop-down menu. (Make sure that the workflow chosen for Performance check has Regression Algorithm).
 - 3. Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	R-Performa	nce					
Properties	Performance T	ype	pression Metrics	-			
Þ							
						Apply	

- 4. Run the workflow.
- 5. The console tab gets displayed with steps of the process completion. The process completion is also suggested through the green marks on the top of the dragged components.

		► C + 5 🖬
Performance_Regres		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	CSV File	Apply M. Perform.
Component Con	isole Summary Result	Visualization Properties
07/10/2019 - 11:41:28 07/10/2019 - 11:41:28 07/10/2019 - 11:41:28 07/10/2019 - 11:41:30 07/10/2019 - 11:41:30 07/10/2019 - 11:41:31 07/10/2019 - 11:41:31 07/10/2019 - 11:41:31	: CSV0 is started : CSV0 is completed : Linear Regression1 is started : Linear Regression1 is completed : Apply Model2 is started : Apply Model2 is completed : Performance3 is started	

6. Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model comparison summary.

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
•		Summary of Mod	del Comparision					
			first model RMSE MAE		MAPE			
	Test set -6.		755701 0.4546393					
		End						
		End of Summary	/					

Note:

- a. In the case of multiple models, all the model statistics get displayed in the summary tab of the performance component (up to 3 models can be compared).
- b. The 'Result' tab for Binary Classification Performance (Binary Classification)



13.4. Custom Scripts (R Scripts)

The user can create and add customized R algorithm components by using the '**Custom Scripts**' component. The created scripts get stored in the '**Saved Scripts'** option.

13.4.1. Creating a New Script

- i) Click the 'Custom Scripts' tree-node from the tree menu.
- ii) Click the 'Create New Script' component.
- iii) The 'General' tab opens, displaying the Basic information for the script component.

a. Basic

- i. **Component Name:** Enter a name or title that you wish to give a created R script.
- ii. **Component Type:** Default Component type gets displayed in this field.
- iii. **Description:** Describe the Component (It is an optional field).
- iv) Click the **'Next'** option.

> 🎽 Data Writer	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	Ŧ	Ť
💶 🔯 Custom Scripts	General	Basic						
Create New Script	Script	Component N	Name	Sample Script				
Saved Scripts	Settings	Component T	Гуре	Algorithms				
▶ 📆 Scheduler		Description		Optional				
Saved Models							Next	

- v) The 'Script' tab opens.
- vi) Provide the following information as required:

a. Script Editor

- i. Provide a relevant script in the given space on the 'Script Editor' page.
- ii. Click the 'Validate' option.
- iii. Configure the **'Primary Function Details'** to embed the customized script into the function.
 - 1. **Primary Function Name:** Select the name of the created function from the drop down menu.
 - 2. Input Data Frame: Select a dataset (that has been used above) from a drop-down menu.
 - 3. Output Data Frame: Enter a choice to which the data gets passed.
 - 4. **Model Variable Name:** Enter the output model variable (This field appears only when the model summary has been enabled).
- iv. If you need a Visualization chart for the ensuring data, tick the 'Show Visualization' checkbox.
- v. If you need to show the summary, tick the 'Show Summary' checkbox.
- vii) Click the 'Next' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General Script	Script Editor		olumn NoOfClus	ter,MaxIteration,seed	() Value)		
Settings	2 { 3 library(L) 4 library(F) 5 set.seed 6 data_1<- 7 if(ncol(d 8 { 9 colnar 10 } 11 else 12 { 13 colnar 14 } 4 dataclus	CORS) (c) (seedValue) as.data_frame(data ata_1)!=1) nes(data_1)<-Featu nes(data_1)[1]<-Featu	(,FeatureColumn reColumn atureColumn])	.max =MaxIteration,nstart = 5)		
	Primary Fun	ction Details					
		ion Name Dat	aFrame	Output DataFrame	Summary Variable Name		
Þ		v Visualization	3 ▼	out	summary		
					Previous	Next	

- viii) The 'Settings' tab opens.
- ix) Configure the following fields:
 - a. Output Table Definition

The Output TableDefinition option helps to configure some output columns, column headers, and data types.

- i. **Consider all columns from the previous component:** To display all columns of the prior component.
- ii. Consider None: To display no column from the previous component.
- iii. Data Type: Select a data type for the newly created column using the drop-down list.
- iv. New Predicted Column Name: Enter an appropriate name for the new predicted column.
- v. To remove the added row containing **'Data Type'** and **'New Predicted Column** Name.'
- vi. ••• : To add a new row containing 'Data Type' and 'New Predicted Column Name.'

b. Property View Definition

- i. Function Parameters: Actual names of parameters configured in the script.
- ii. **Property Display Name**: Parameter name to be displayed while configuring saved R script as a component.
- iii. Control Type: User can select out of the following options:
 - 1. Text box,
 - 2. Drop-down menu,
 - 3. Column Selector (single),
 - 4. Column Selector (multiple)
 - Sottings option
- iv. Settings option : To set the display for mandatory fields and validate data type for the input column. This field is associated with function parameters.
- x) Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		+	<u>+</u>
General								_
Script	Funct	ion Parameter Defi	nition					
Settings		Function Parameters	Prope Name	erty Display	Control Type			
		FeatureColumn	Feat	ureColumn	Column selector	v 3	¢	
		NoOfCluster	NoO	fCluster	TextBox	v 3	¢	
					3			
		MaxIteration	Max	Iteration	TextBox	v 3	¢	
					30			
		seedValue	seed	Value	TextBox	•	¢	
>					5			
					Prev	vious	Apply	

- xi) A success message appears to confirm the creation of the new script.
- xii) The newly created script gets saved under the 'Saved Scripts' options.

E C Search Tree Q	Component	Console	Summary	Result		Visualization	Properties			*	<u>+</u>
	General										
Data Preparation	Script	Functi	on Parameter De	efinition							
Algorithms	Settings		Function Paramet	ers	Prope	erty Display Name	Control Type				
😤 Apply Model	Jettings		FeatureColumn		Feat	tureColumn	Column selector(№	Y	•		
📲 Performance			NoOfCluster		NoO	OfCluster	TextBox	•	•		
👂 🐣 Data Writer							3				
🔺 🕵 Custom Scripts								11			
Create New Script			MaxIteration		Max	Iteration	TextBox	•	¢		
▲ Saved Scripts	•						30				
😼 Sample Script			seedValue		seed	dValue	TextBox	Ŧ	٥		
ダ K-Means++_copy_1554375646						The R-script is Sav	red.				

Guidelines for Writing an R- Script

- 1. R- script needs to be written inside a valid R function. i.e., The entire code body should be inside the curly braces of the function.
- 2. The R-script should have at least one main function. Multiple functions are acceptable, and one function can call another function, but it should be written above the calling function body. (If called function is an outer function) alternatively, above the calling statement (if called function is an inner function).
- 3. Any extra packages that are required to run your R script must be installed on the R-server, and it should be loaded using the library ('library_name') statement before calling the associated function in your script.
- 4. The R-script should return data in the form of a list only, containing the data frame and model (if used).
- 5. In the return statement, only a data frame can be assigned to the variable 'out.' This data frame supports all structures like list, string, vector, matrix, table.
- 6. If the **'Show Visualization'** field is marked as **'yes'** during the creation of component, then there should be a plot created in the R-script, and if the **'Show Summary'** field is marked, then the structures list should have the **'model'** variable.



7. Empty cells, (NULL), (null), NULL, null, /N, NA, N/A are considered as unwanted values and replaced by "NaN" in case of double, long, short, float, byte, integer, and "NA" in case of boolean, string, so instead of using these values in R code use "NaN" or "NA" according to the data type of input data.

Note:

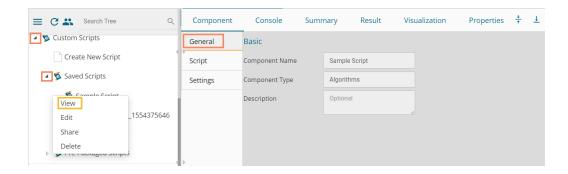
- **a.** Click the **'Information**' button ¹ to get the list mentioned above of rules for R-script.
- b. 'Model Variable Name' can be enabled only after selecting the 'Show Summary' option.
- c. Select 'Show Summary' and 'Show Visualization' option only if the R-script carries both the items.
- **d.** All the supported date data types are listed in date formats in data type definition; all other date formats are considered as a string data type.
- e. Mssql data types are considered as a string data type.
- f. If the input and output components have a different structure, it will not subset or row bind with "Consider All" option, Users must change to "Consider None" and give different column names for the output to make it run successfully.

13.4.2. Saved Scripts

This section describes options that can be applied to a saved R Script.

13.4.2.1. Viewing a Saved R Script

- i) Select a saved Script from the list of 'Saved Scripts'
- ii) Open the context menu by using the right-click.
- iii) Select the 'View' option.
- iv) The 'General' tab opens for the selected saved script.



13.4.2.2. Editing a Saved R Script

- i) Select a saved Script from the list of 'Saved Scripts'
- ii) Open the context menu of the selected script by using the right-click.
- iii) Select the '**Edit**' option.
- iv) The General tab opens, displaying the Basic component information.
- v) The user can edit the required fields provided under the displayed script component tabs (General, Script, and Settings tabs).



Create New Script Create New Script Script Component Name Settings Component Type	e Sample Script Algorithms
Schipt Component Type	
Settings	Algorithms
Description Edit _1554375646 Share Delete	Optional
	Next

Note: The '**Next**' and '**Apply**' options get displayed for the various tabs of the selected script component.

13.4.2.3. Sharing a Saved R Script

This feature gives users the ability to share a custom R script with other users and groups. The following options are available to share a custom R script:

- 1. **Share With**: This option allows the user to share a custom script with the selected users or user groups. Any changes made to the script get transferred to all the users with whom it has been shared.
 - i) Right-click on a saved script from the list of 'Saved Scripts'
 - ii) Select the 'Share' option from the context menu.
 - iii) The 'Share With' option gets displayed (by default)
 - iv) Select either 'Group' or 'Users'
 - a. By selecting a group, all group members inside the group get listed. The users can be excluded by not selecting them from the group.
 - b. Users can be excluded by not selecting a username from the list when the '**User**' option has been selected.
 - v) Select a specific user or group from the list by using a checkmark in the box.
 - vi) Click the 'Apply' option.

E C 🗳 Search Tree	Q Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
Custom Scripts	3 Share With 4	Group	Users					
Create New Script	Copy to	Search						
▲ 📡 Saved Scripts		Select All Gro	oup				C	C
View		Admin Role				5	C	8
Edit _15543756	46	Viewer Role					~ 0	2
2 Share Delete		UserGroup					* 6	8
		Kpmg Group					* 0	2
Scheduler		testUserGrou	up				v (2
Baved Models						6	Apply	y

vii) The selected saved R script gets shared with the chosen user(s)/group(s).

2. Copy To: This option creates a copy and shares a copy of the custom R script with the selected



users and user groups. Any changes to the original custom R script after sharing will not show up for the users that received the shared file via the '**Copy To**' option.

- i) Use right-click on a saved R script from the 'Saved Scripts' list.
- ii) Select the 'Share' option from the context menu.
- iii) Select the 'Copy to' option for sharing the script.
- iv) The copied custom R script name gets displayed in a box.
- v) Select either the 'Group' or 'Users' tab.
 - a. By selecting a group, all group members inside the group get listed. Users can be excluded by not selecting them from the group.
 - b. Users can be excluded by not selecting a username from the list when the '**Users**' option has been selected.
- vi) Select a specific group or user from the list by using a checkmark in the box.
- vii) Click the 'Apply' option.

= C 🗳 Search Tree	Q Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
Saved Scripts	Share With Copy to 5	custom r script name	4 copyOfSar	nple Scrij				
View Edit y_155437	5646	, Select All Group					0	
2 Share y Delete		Admin Role Viewer Role				6	ی ۲ 0	11
▶ 📸 Scheduler		UserGroup					v 0	
Baved Models							Apply	

viii) The selected saved R script gets copied to the selected user(s)/group(s).

13.4.2.4. Deleting a Saved R Script

- i) Select a Script from the list of 'Saved R-Script'
- ii) Right-click on the selected R Script.
- iii) A context menu will open.
- iv) Select the 'Delete' option.

ſ	View	
	Edit y_1	
	Share y	
	Delete	
P	> c - acivagea seripis	

- v) A pop-up window appears to assure the deletion.
- vi) Click the '**Ok**' option.

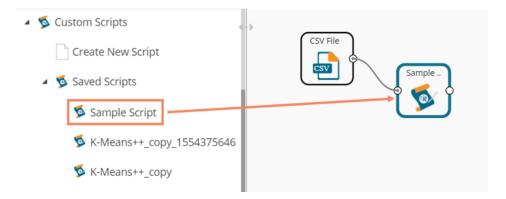


Delete Custom R Script		×
Do you want to delete Custom R Script ?		
	Ok	Cancel

vii) The selected R-Script gets deleted.

13.4.2.5. Connecting Saved R Script with a Data Source

- i) Click the **'Custom Script'** tree node.
- ii) Select and drag a saved R-script to the workspace.
- iii) Connect the Script component to a configured data source.
- iv) Click the dragged script component to get the configuration fields.



- v) Configure the Dynamic Fields.
- vi) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	4	<u>+</u>
General	Dynamic Fi	elds					
Custom Group	Featur	eColumn	1 checke	ed 🗸			
	NoOfC	luster	3				
	Maxite	eration	30		4		
	seedVa	alue	5				
•					<u>#</u>		
						_	_
						Ар	ply

vii) Run the workflow after getting the success message.



viii) The console tab appears displaying steps of the process. The completion of the console process gets marked by green marks at the top of the dragged components.

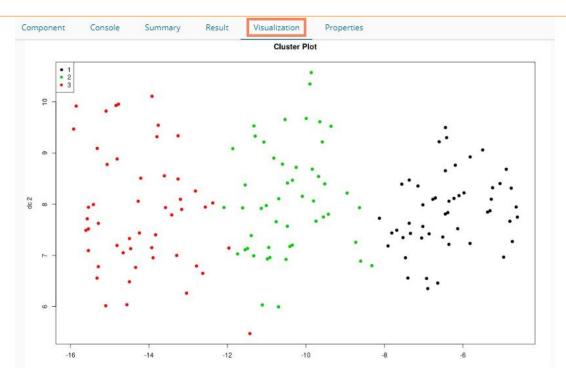
			Þ	• C + 4
Create New Wo	rkflow			
•	CSV File	Sample		
Ħ				
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization
	Console 4:54:21 : CSV0 is		Result	Visualization
09/10/2019 - 1		s started	Result	Visualization
09/10/2019 - 1 09/10/2019 - 1	4:54:21 : CSV0 is 4:54:23 : CSV0 is	s started		Visualization

- ix) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.

Comp	onent Console	Summary Re	visualizat	tion Propertie	S	<u>+</u> ⊥		
Show 10 • entries Search:								
Nun	nber SepalLength	SepalWidth	PetalLength	PetalWidth	Species	ClusterNumber		
1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	1		
2	4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	1		
3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	1		
4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	1		
5	5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	1		
6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	1		
7	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	1		
8	5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	1		
9	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa	1		
10	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa	1		
Showin	g 1 to 10 of 150 entries			Previous 1	2 3 4	5 15 Next		

x) Click the **'Visualization'** tab to see the result data presented through the Cluster Plot chart.



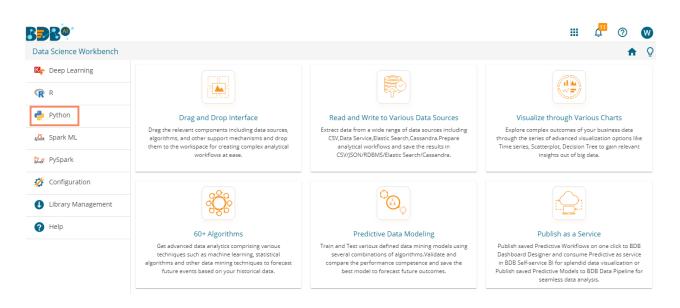


Note:

a. The above-given process is displayed for a CSV data source. A similar set of steps can be followed for other data source types.

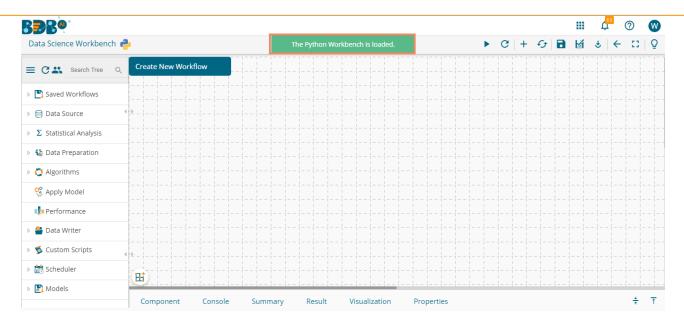
14. Python Workspace

The user can select the Python Workspace from the Predictive landing page to access the Python Environment under the Data Science Workbench.



The following screen opens loading the Python Workbench





14.1. Algorithms

14.1.1. Forecasting

The forecasting modeling method is used extensively in time series analysis to predict a response variable, such as monthly profits, stock performance, or unemployment figures, for a specified period. Forecasts are based on patterns in existing data. For example, a warehouse manager can create a model of how much product to order for the next three months based on the previous 12 months of orders.

All the sub-categories of the Forecasting Algorithms provide two Output modes (to be set from the Properties tab):

- 1. Forecasting
- 2. Trend

The document describes all the available Forecasting algorithms considering both the output modes as possibilities.

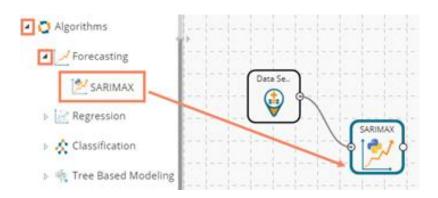
14.1.1.1. SARIMAX

Seasonal Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average with Exogenous Regressors Variables X (SARIMAX) is an extension of SARIMA (Seasonal ARIMA) and ARIMA model that explicitly supports univariate time series data with a seasonal component along with the inclusion of exogenous variables X.

It adds three new hyperparameters to specify the autoregression (AR), differencing (I), and moving average (MA) for the seasonal component of the series, as well as an additional parameter for the period of the seasonality.

- i) Drag the SARIMAX component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.
- ii) Click on the dragged SARIMAX component to get the component properties fields.





iii) The user gets Properties fields based on the selected Output Mode (Forecast/ Trend)

Properties with Forecast Output Mode

- a. Output Information
 - i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data. The user gets two options for this field.
 - 1. **Trend**: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given data set.
 - 2. Forecast: Selecting this option displays forecasted values for the given period. Results data gets appended to the target column when 'Forecast' output mode has been selected.
 - ii. **Period to Forecast**: Enter a period to forecast. This field appears only when the selected **'Output Mode'** option is **'Forecast.'**
- b. Column Selection
 - i. Feature: Select the feature columns using the drop-down menu.
 - ii. **Target Variable:** Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (First selected option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.)
- c. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Steps to Increment:** Provide a number to decide increment and a period of time by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu.
 - ii. Start Date: Select a start date using the calendar or set it manually.
 - iii. Start Time: Enter the definite time to start the process in the hh/mm/ss format
- d. New Column Information
 - i. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing a period value. (This field is predefined, but the user can change the value if needed)



Component	Console Sumr	mary Result	Visualization	Properties	÷ 1			
General	Output Information							
Properties	Output Mode	Forecast	-					
Advanced	Period To Forecast	150						
	Column Selection							
	Feature	4 checked	•	0				
	Target Variable	Number	-	0				
	Input Data Handling							
	Steps to Increment	2	Min -					
	Start Date	06-08-2019						
	Start Time	07:57:03						
•	New Column Information							
	Period Column Name	PeriodValues		0				
					Apply			

- Properties with Trend Output Mode
 - a. Output Information
 - i. Output Mode: Select a mode in which you want to display output data. The user gets two options for this field.
 - 1. **Trend**: Selecting this option displays source data along with predicted values for the given dataset.
 - Forecast: Selecting this option displays forecasted values for the given period. Results get appended to the target column when the 'Forecast' output mode has been selected.
 - ii. **Period to Forecast**: Enter a period to forecast. This field appears only when '**Forecast**' is selected as an **'Output Mode'** option.
 - b. Column Selection
 - i. Feature: Select the feature columns using the drop-down menu.
 - ii. Target Variable: Select the target variable for which you want to Apply forecasting analysis (First selected option gets selected by default. Only numerical columns are accepted.)
 - c. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Steps to Increment:** Provide a number to decide increment and a period of time by choosing any one option from the drop-down menu.
 - ii. Start Date: Select a start date using the calendar or set it manually.
 - iii. Start Time: Enter the definite time to start the process in the hh/mm/ss format
 - d. New Column Information
 - i. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the column containing the Predicted Values (The title for this field comes pre-defined, but the users can change the value if needed).
 - ii. **Period Column Name:** Enter a name for the column containing a period value (This field comes predefined, but users can change the value if needed).



Component	Console Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	÷ 1
General	Output Information				
Properties	Output Mode	Trend	-		
Advanced	Column Selection				
	Feature	3 checked	-	0	
	Target Variable	Number	-	0	
	Input Data Handling				
	Steps to Increment	4	Month 👻		
	Start Date	06-08-2019			
	Start Time				
	New Column Information				
•	Predicted Column Name PredictedValues			0	
	Period Column Name	PeriodValues		0	
					Apply

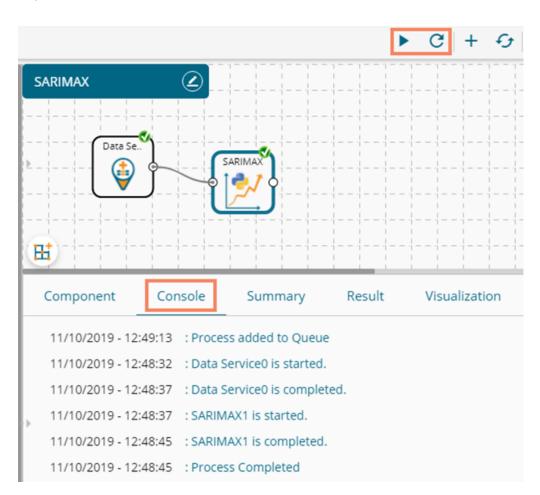
- iv) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure, if required:
 - a. Configure the following 'Seasonal Order' fields
 - i. AR Parameter
 - ii. Difference
 - iii. MA Parameter
 - iv. Season
 - b. Configure the following 'Trend Order' information
 - i. AR Parameter
 - ii. Difference
 - iii. MA Parameter
- v) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualiza	ation	Properties	+	Ţ
General	Seasonal Order							
Properties	AR Parameter		Optional					
Advanced	Difference		Optional					
	MA Parameter		Optional					
	Season		0					
-	Trend Order							
	AR Parameter		Optional					
• •	Difference		Optional					
	MA Parameter		Optional					
							Appl	y

Note: The 'Advanced' tab remains the same for any output mode.



- vi) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vii) The user gets directed to the '**Console**' tab displaying the ongoing process. The completion of the Console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged component.



- viii) View the processed data by clicking the dragged SARIMAX component and then clicking the '**Result**' tab.
 - a) Result tab with 'Forecast' as the output mode



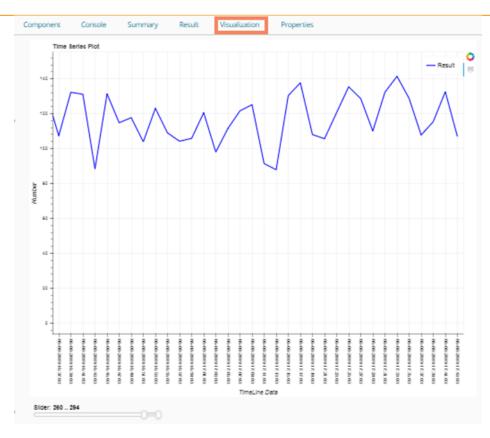
Compone	ent Console	Summary	Result	/isualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ⊥
Show 10	entries				Search:	
Numbe	r SepalLength	SepalWidth	PetalLength	PetalWidth	Species	PeriodValues
1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	06-08-2019 07:57:03
2	4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	06-08-2019 07:59:03
3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	06-08-2019 08:01:03
4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	06-08-2019 08:03:03
5	5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	06-08-2019 08:05:03
6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	06-08-2019 08:07:03
11	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa	06-08-2019 08:09:03
12	4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	setosa	06-08-2019 08:11:03
13	4.8	3	1.4	0.1	setosa	06-08-2019 08:13:03
14	4.3	3	1.1	0.1	setosa	06-08-2019 08:15:03
Showing 1	to 10 of 294 entries		Prev	vious 1 2	3 4	5 30 Next

b) Result tab with 'Trend' as the output mode

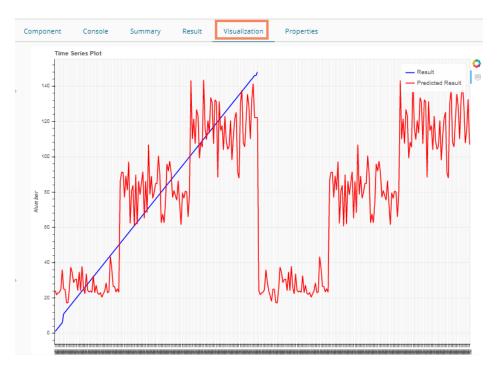
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		÷ 1
Show 10	▼ entries					Search:	
Number	SepalLength	SepalWidth	PetalLength	PetalWidth	Species	PredictedValues	PeriodValues
1.0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	25.053	06-08-2019 16:45:00
2.0	4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	16.681	06-12-2019 16:45:00
3.0	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	22.763	06-04-2020 16:45:00
4.0	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	28.926	06-08-2020 16:45:00
5.0	5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	29.731	06-12-2020 16:45:00
6.0	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	38.57	06-04-2021 16:45:00
11.0	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa	26.955	06-08-2021 16:45:00
12.0	4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	setosa	35.507	06-12-2021 16:45:00
13.0	4.8	3	1.4	0.1	setosa	18.827	06-04-2022 16:45:00
14.0	4.3	3	1.1	0.1	setosa	19.732	06-08-2022 16:45:00
Showing 1 to	10 of 294 entries				Previous	1 2 3 4	5 30 Next

- ix) Click the '**Visualization**' tab to open the graphical representation of the processed data through a time series chart.
 - a) Visualization of the processed data with 'Forecast' as output mode.





b) Visualization of the processed data with Trend as output mode



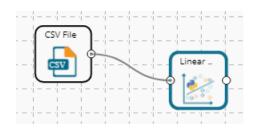
14.1.2. Regression

This algorithm is used to determine how an individual variable influences another variable using an exponential function. It finds a trend in the dataset Applying univariate regression analysis.



14.1.2.1. Linear Regression

i) Drag the Linear Regression component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.



ii) Configure the following fields in the 'Properties' tab:

a. Column Selection

- i. **Dependent Column**: Select the target column on which the regression analysis gets applied
- ii. **Independent Column**: Select the required input columns against which the regression analysis gets applied to the target column
- b. New Column Information
 - i. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties		<u>↓</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Column se	election						
Properties	Independent	t Column	SepalLength	•	0			
Advanced	Dependent (Column	SepalWidth	-	0			
	New Colu	mn Informatic	in					
	Predicted Co	olumn	PredictedValues		0			
	Name							
>								
						_		
							Apply	y

iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:

a. Behavior

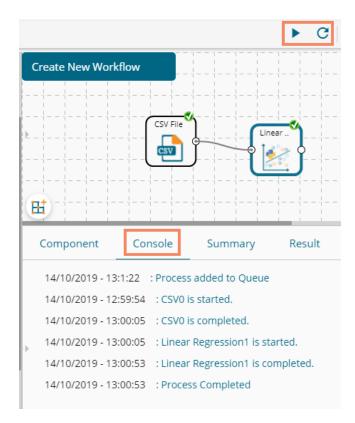
- i. **Fit Intercept**: This option is used to select whether to calculate the intercept for the selected model or not
 - 1. True: By selecting this option intercept gets calculated (It is the default selection)
 - 2. False: By selecting this option intercept does not get calculated
- ii. Normalize: This option is used to select whether to normalize the feature column or not
 - 1. **True**: If the selected Normalize option is **True**, the feature column gets the selected normalization option.
 - 2. False: If the Normalize option is False, the feature column cannot be normalized (It is the default option).
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Behavior						
Properties	Fit Intercept	Tr	ue	•			
Advanced	Normalize	Fa	Ilse	•			
,							
						Appl	y

Note: The model containing aliased coefficients signifies that the square matrix x*x is singular.

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The user gets the process status under the 'Console' tab.

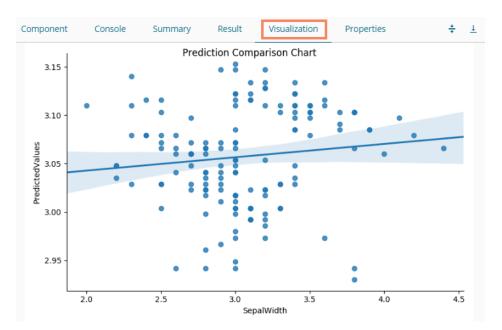


- vii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'Result' tab.
 - i. A new column displaying the predicted values gets added to the result view.



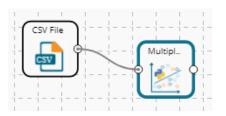
	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	; <u>+ 1</u>
	Show 10	▼ entries				Search:	
Þ	Number	SepalLength	SepalWidth	PetalLength	PetalWidth	Species	PredictedValues
	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	3.1
	2	4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	3.12
	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	3.13
	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	3.13
	5	5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	3.11
	6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	3.08
	7	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	3.13
	8	5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	3.11
,	9	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa	3.15
	10	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa	3.12
	Showing 1 to 1	0 of 150 entries		Previou	s 1 2	3 4 5	15 Next

- viii) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- ix) The processed data gets displayed via the Prediction Comparison chart with a Regression line.



14.1.2.2. Multiple Linear Regression

i) Drag the R-Multiple Linear Regression component to the workspace and connect it with a configured data source.





ii) Configure the '**Properties**' tab as displayed below:

Component	Console Summ	ary Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Column selection					
Properties	Independent Column	4 checked	• 0			
Advanced	Dependent Column	Number	•			
	New Column Informa	tion				
	Predicted Column	PredictedValues	0			
	Name					
•						
					Apply	/

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:
 - a. Behavior
 - i. **Fit Intercept**: This option is used to select whether to calculate the intercept for the selected model or not
 - 1. True: By selecting this option intercept gets calculated (It is the default selection)
 - 2. False: By selecting this option intercept gets calculated
 - ii. **Normalize**: This option is used to select whether to normalize the feature column or not
 - 1. True: If Normalize option is 'True,' it normalizes the feature column
 - 2. False: If Normalize option is '**False**,' the feature column does not take the normalization value (It is the default option)
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	⊥ T
General	Behavior					
Properties	Fit Intercept		True	•		
Advanced	Normalize		False	•		
						Apply

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The '**Console**' tab opens displaying the progress of the process. The completed console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



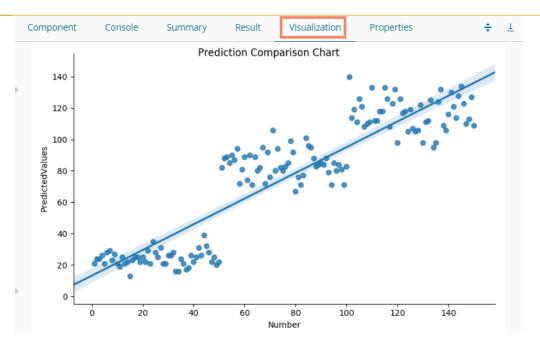
Create New Work	flow		- 1 1 1 1 1 1	
		CSV File	Multipl.	$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i$
Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization
16/10/2019 - 10: 16/10/2019 - 10: 16/10/2019 - 10:	57:37 : CSV0	ess added to Queue is started. is completed.	2	

- vii) Follow the below-given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.
 - i. A new column containing the Predicted Values gets added to the Result data.

now 10	 entries 				Search:	
Number	SepalLength	SepalWidth	PetalLength	PetalWidth	Species	PredictedValu
1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	21
2	4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	24
3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	24
4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	26
5	5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	21
6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	28
7	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	29
8	5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	23
9	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa	27
10	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa	21

- viii) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- ix) The Result data gets displayed via the Prediction Comparison Chart with a Regression line.





14.1.2.3. Logistic Regression

i) Drag the R-Multiple Linear Regression component to the workspace and connect it with a configured data source.

·			
CSV File)	Logisti	
- CSV	J) 🎼 🕯	
		Ļ	

ii) Configure the 'Properties' tab as displayed below:

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Column se	election					
Properties	Independent	t Column	4 checked	-	0		
Advanced	Dependent (Column	species	•	0		
	New Colur	mn Informatio	n				
	Predicted Co	olumn Name	PredictedValues		0		
>							
						Apply	,

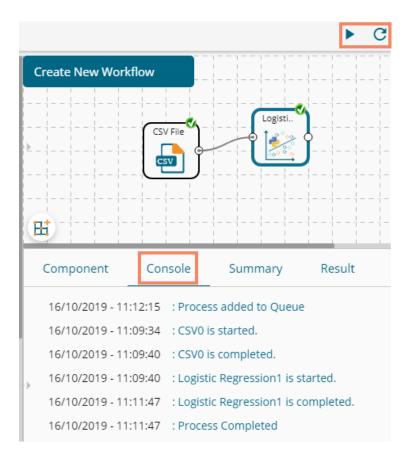


- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:
 - a. Input Data Handling
 - i. **Missing Values**: Select a method to deal with missing values (via the drop-down menu)
 - 1. **Fit Transform**: Selecting this option will consider the records containing missing values from the independent columns
 - 2. **Stop**: Selecting this option stops the application of the algorithm if a value is missing in any column
 - **b.** Behavior: The fields provided under this section are used to improve model accuracy
 - i. Weight: This field can have either 'None' or 'Balanced' as value. The default value for this field is 'None.'
 - ii. Class Penalty: This field can have value either 'L1' or 'L2'. The default value for this field is 'L2'.
 - iii. Maximum No. of Iterations: Enter a valid integer value allowed to calculate the algorithm coefficient. The default value for this field is 100.
 - iv. Solver: The following options get listed for this field
 - 1. Newton-CG,
 - 2. Lib-Linear (It is the default value for this field)
 - 3. LBFGS
 - 4. SAG
 - v. Dual: It can have Boolean value (The default value for this field is 'False')
 - vi. Tolerance: It can have double type value (The default value for this field is 0.0001)
 - vii. Fit Intercept: It has two options 'True' and 'False.' By selecting 'True,' it calculates the intercept for the selected model (The default value for this field is 'True')
 - viii. Intercept Scaling: It can have double type value (The default value for this field is 1.0)
 - ix. Inverse Regularization: This field can only take value in double type (The default value for this field is 1.0)
 - x. Random State: This field can only take integer values (The default value for this field is 12)
- iv) Click the 'Apply' option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>1</u>
General	Behavior						
Properties	Class Weigł	nt	None		-		
Advanced	Penalty		L 2		•		
	Maximum N	No of Iterations	100				
	Solver	Solver Li			•		
	Dual		True		-		
	Tolerance		0.0001				
	Fit Intercep	t	True		-		
	Intercept So	caling	1				
	Inverse Reg	gularization	1.0				
•	Random Sta	ate	12				
						Appl	ly



- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The 'Console' tab opens, displaying steps of the ongoing process.

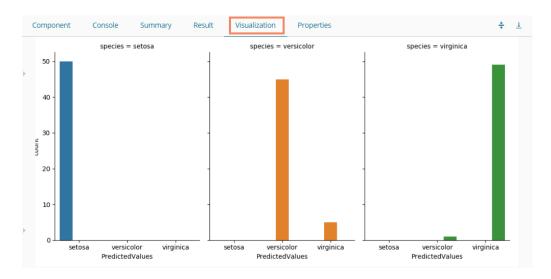


- vii) Follow the below-given steps to display the Result view:
 - a. Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.
- viii) A new column containing Predicted values gets added to the Result data.

Component	Console S	ummary Resul	t Visualizatio	n Prope	rties 🕂 🗄
show 10 🔻 e	entries			Search:	
sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species	PredictedValues
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	setosa
4.9	3	1.4	0.2	setosa	setosa
4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	setosa
4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	setosa
5	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	setosa
5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	setosa
4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	setosa
5	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	setosa
4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa	setosa
4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa	setosa
howing 1 to 10 of	150 entries		Previous 1	2 3 4	5 15 Next



- ii) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- iii) The processed data gets displayed via the Comparative Column chart.



iv) Click the 'Summary' tab to view the model summary.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	-
	Summary of the	e model					
1.Independent							
		Loat64)					
	L_width (f] Llength (f]						
		Loat64)					
2.Dependent							
spec:	ies (object)						
Call:							
	ession(C=1.0, d	:lass_weight=None,	dual=True,	fit_intercept=True	, intercept_scaling=1.0	, max_iter=100,	
multi_class=	ovr, n_jobs=Nor	ne, penalty=12, ra	ndom_state=1	2, solver=liblinea	r, tol=0.0001, verbose=	0, warm_start=F	
alse)							
Accuracy Rep 0.96	ort:						
0.96							
	End of Summary	/					

14.1.3. Classification

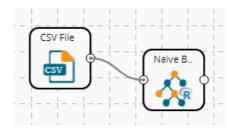
14.1.3.1. Naive Bayes

Naive Bayes is a classification technique based on Bayes' Theorem with an assumption of independence among predictors. In simple terms, a Naive Bayes classifier assumes that the presence of a feature in a class is unrelated to the presence of any other feature. For example, a fruit may be an apple if it is red, round, and about 3 inches in diameter. Even if these features depend on each other or upon the existence of the other features, these properties independently contribute to the probability that this fruit is an apple, and that is why it is known as **Naive**.



Naive Bayes is a leaf node under Classification algorithms under the Algorithm tree node. The component consists of one node for reading data from a data source and another one for giving the Result.

i) Drag the R-Naive Bayes component to the workspace and connect it with a configured data source.



- ii) Configure the following fields in the 'Properties' tab:
 - a. Column Selection
 - i. **Feature**: Select input columns from the drop-down menu to which the target variable can be compared to performing the analysis.
 - ii. Target Variable: Select the target column for which the analysis is Performed.
 - **b.** Output Information
 - i. **Show Probability:** Select an option out of True or False (Selecting 'True' option displays the Probability Column Name field under the 'New Column Information' section).
 - c. New Column Information
 - i. **Probability Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the probability values.
 - ii. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values.
 - **d.** Hyperparameter Tuning: Apply Hyperparameter Tuning for the model by using a checkmark in the given box.
 - e. Enable Validation: Enable validation by using a checkmark in the given box.
 - There are three scenarios for the Properties tab to get configured:
 - **1.** Hyperparameter Tuning and Validation are disabled.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	$\underline{\downarrow}$
General	Output In	formation					
Properties	Show Proba	bility	True	-			
Advanced	Column S	election					
	Feature		7 checked	•	0		
	Target Varia	ble	sex	-	0		
	New Colu	mn Information	1				
	Probability (Column	ProbabilityValue	25	0		
	Name						
	Predicted Co	olumn Name	PredictedValues	S	0		
Þ	Hyperparam	neter Tuning 🗆					
	Enable Valid	ation 🗌					
						Apply	/



2. Hyperparameter Tuning is Applied

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	Ŧ
General	Column Se	election					
Properties	Feature		7 checked	•	0		
Advanced	Target Varia	ble	sex	•	0		
	New Colu	mn Informatior	n				
	Predicted Co	olumn Name	PredictedValues		0		
	Hyperparam	eter Tuning 🗹					
>							
						Apply	

3. Validation is enabled

Component	Console Summa	ry Result	Visualization	Properties	÷ <u>+</u>
General	Output Information				
Properties	Show Probability	True	-		
Validation	Column Selection				
Advanced	Feature	7 checked	-	0	
	Target Variable	sex	•	0	
	New Column Inform	ation			
	Probability Column	ProbabilityValue	es	0	
	Name				
•	Predicted Column	PredictedValues	5	0	
F	Name				
	Enable Validation 🗹				
					Apply

- iii) Click the 'Validation' tab to configure, if it has been enabled from the Component Properties tab. The 'Validation' tab provides multiple options under the 'Model Type Values' drop-down menu. The user can select any one out the available options to configure the Validation tab.
 - a. Model Selection
 - i. Stratified K-fold Validation
 - The user needs to configure the **'Number of Folds'** fields if the selected Model Type Value is **Stratified K-fold Validation.**



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	÷ <u>+</u>
General	Model Selec	ction				
Properties	ModalTypeVal	ues	Stratified K-Fold v	validation 🔽		
Validation	Number of Fo	lds	Search			
Advanced		-				
			 Stratified 	K-Fold valida		
			K-Fold validati	on		
			Leave one out	cross validat		
<i>.</i>						
						Apply

ii. K-fold Validation

The user needs to configure the **'Number of k-folds'** field if the selected Model Type Values is **K-Fold Validation**.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatio	on Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Sele	ction					
Properties	ModalTypeVa	lues	K-Fold validation	-			
Validation	Number of k-	folds	3				
Advanced							
						Apply	,

iii. Leave One Out Cross-Validation

The user gets to configure no other fields when the selected Model Type Values option is **Leave One Out Cross-Validation**.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Selec	tion					
Properties	ModalTypeVal	ues 📘	eave one out cro	ss validatio. 			
Validation							
Advanced							
						Appl	у

iv) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required.

• Advanced Tab when 'Hyperparameter Tuning' is Enabled a. Hyperparameter Tuning



- i. **Maximum Evaluation:** Enter optimal evaluation value for defining hyperparameters to search for the ideal model architecture. The default value for this field is 10.
- ii. **Fit Increment:** Provide increment value for Hyperparameter model tuning. The default value for this field is 1.
- iii. **Trial Timeout:** Set value for the trial timeout field by providing a number. The default value for this field is 30.
- iv. Seed: Provide value to configure the seed field. The default value for this field is 123.
- v. Click the **'Apply'** option.

Component	Console	Summary	y F	Result	Visualiz	ation	Properties	+	Ţ
General	Hyperparam	eter Tunin	σ						
Properties	Maximum eval		10						
Advanced	Fit Increment		1						
	Trial Timeout		30						
	Seed		123						
Þ									
								Appl	y

- Advanced Tab when 'Validation' is Enabled
 - a. Behavior
 - i. **Laplace Constant:** Enter the smoothing constant for smoothing observations. Smoothing constant must be a double value greater than 0. Entering 0 disables Laplace smoothing.
 - ii. Click the **'Apply'** option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatior	n Properties	<u>∔</u> ∓
General	Behaviour	r				
Properties	LaplaceConst	tant	0.00000001			
Validation						
Advanced						
						Apply

Note: The same field appears when Validation and Hyperparameter Tuning are disabled.

- v) Run the workflow and after getting the success message.
- vi) The '**Console**' tab opens displaying the steps of the process. The completion of the console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.





vii) Click the 'Result' tab to display the dataset in the result view.

i. Result View with Validation disabled.

how	10 v en	tries					Sea	arch:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValue
Μ	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.224	0.101	0.15	15	1
М	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.226	0.1	0.048	0.07	7	1
F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.256	0.142	0.21	9	1
Μ	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.216	0.114	0.155	10	1
I	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.09	0.04	0.055	7	1
I	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.352	0.141	0.078	0.12	8	1
F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.778	0.237	0.142	0.33	20	М
F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.15	0.26	16	М
Μ	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.509	0.216	0.112	0.165	9	1
F	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.894	0.314	0.151	0.32	19	F

ii. Result View with Validation enabled.

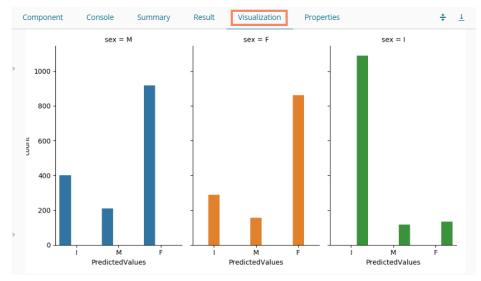
how	10 v ent	tries							Search:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues	ProbabilityValue
М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.224	0.101	0.15	15	T	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
М	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.226	0.1	0.048	0.07	7	1	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.256	0.142	0.21	9	T	[0.21, 0.46, 0.33]
М	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.216	0.114	0.155	10	1	[0.0, 0.99, 0.01]
I	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.09	0.04	0.055	7	1	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
I.	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.352	0.141	0.078	0.12	8	1	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.778	0.237	0.142	0.33	20	М	[0.42, 0.03, 0.55]
F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.15	0.26	16	М	[0.39, 0.13, 0.48]
М	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.509	0.216	0.112	0.165	9	1	[0.0, 0.98, 0.02]
F	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.894	0.314	0.151	0.32	19	М	[0.51, 0.0, 0.49]



how	10 🔻 en	tries							Search:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues	ProbabilityVa
М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.224	0.101	0.15	15	1	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
М	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.226	0.1	0.048	0.07	7	1	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.256	0.142	0.21	9	1	[0.21, 0.46, 0.33]
М	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.216	0.114	0.155	10	1	[0.0, 0.99, 0.01]
I	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.09	0.04	0.055	7	1	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
I	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.352	0.141	0.078	0.12	8	1	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.778	0.237	0.142	0.33	20	М	[0.42, 0.03, 0.55]
F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.15	0.26	16	М	[0.39, 0.13, 0.48]
М	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.509	0.216	0.112	0.165	9	1	[0.0, 0.98, 0.02]
F	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.894	0.314	0.151	0.32	19	F	[0.51, 0.0, 0.49]

iii. Result View with Validation and Hyperparameter disabled

viii) Click the '**Visualization**' tab to see the processed data in the comparative Column charts (the current visualization displays the processed data when '**Validation**' is enabled).



ix) Click the 'Summary' tab to see the detailed Model Summary.

	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	÷	<u>+</u>
	s	Summary of th	ne model					
F	diamet height weight weight weight 2.Dependent Co	n (float64) :er († : (float64) :_whole († :_shucked († :_viscera († :_shell (†	float64) float64)					
	Call: GaussianNB(pri	ors=None, va	ar_smoothing=1e-09)					
•	Accuracy Repor 0.517							
	E	nd of Summar	у					



14.1.4. Tree-Based modeling

The Tree Based Modeling Random Forest can be configured using two algorithm types from the '**Properties**' tab.

Check out the below given description of the configuration details:

14.1.4.1. Classification as Algorithm Type for Random Forest

i) Drag the Random Forest component to the workspace and connect it with a configured data source.



ii) Configure the 'Properties' tab:

a. Output Information

- i. **Algorithm Type:** Select an algorithm type from the drop-down menu.
 - 1) **Classification**: Select this option if users want to pass the dependent column as the categorical values.
 - 2) **Regression:** Select this option if users want to pass the dependent column as numerical values.
- ii. **Show Probability**: Select an option from the drop-down menu to create a new column for indicating the chance factor involved in the probability.
 - 1) **True:** Select this option to display a new column in the output data with probability values.
 - 2) False: Select this option to display any probability value in the output data.

b. Column Selection

- i. **Features**: Select input columns from the drop-down list to which the target column needs to compare performing the analysis.
- ii. Target Variable: Select the target column for which the analysis is performed.

c. New Column Information

- i. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values.
- ii. **Probability Column Name:** Enter a name for the new column containing the probability values.

d. Model Tuning

- i. Enable Validation: Enable validation as a model tuning option by a checkmark in the given box.
- **ii. XG Boosting:** Enable validation as a model tuning option by a checkmark in the given box.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Output In	formation					
Properties	Algorithm T	ype	Classification	· -			
Advanced	Show Proba	ability	True	-			
	Column S	election					
	Features		4 checked	•	0		
	Target Varia	able	gender	-	0		
	New Colu	mn Informatior	n				
	Predicted C	olumn Name	PredictedValu	Jes	0		
	Probability	Column Name	Probability		0		
	Model Tu	ning					
•	Enable Valio	dation					
	Hyperparar	neter Tuning					
						Apply	y

Properties Tab when Model Tunning is not Enabled

Properties Tab when Validation is Enabled as Model Tuning

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	*	<u>+</u>
General	Output Inf	formation					
Properties	Algorithm Ty	/pe	Classification	-			
Advanced	Show Probal	bility	True	•			
Validation	Column Se	election					
	Features		4 checked	•	0		
	Target Varial	ble	gender	-	0		
	New Colur	mn Informatior	ı				
	Predicted Co	olumn Name	PredictedValues	S	0		
	Probability C	olumn	Probability		0		
	Name						
▶ International States	Model Tur	ning					
	Enable Valid	ation	•				
						Appl	у

Properties Tab when Hyperparameter Tuning is Enabled as Model Tuning



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Output Infe	ormation					
Properties	Algorithm Ty	pe	Classification	-			
Advanced	Column Se	lection					
	Features		4 checked	•	0		
	Target Variab	le	gender	-	8		
	New Colun	nn Informatior	n				
	Predicted Col	lumn	PredictedValues		0		
	Name						
•	Model Tun	ing					
	Hyperparame	eter Tuning					
						Арр	ly

Note:

- a. The 'Show Probability' field appears only if, 'Classification' option is selected via the 'Algorithm Type' drop-down menu.
- b. The 'Show Probability' field disappears in the following scenarios:
 - i. If the selected Algorithm Type is Regression
 - ii. If the selected Model Tuning option is **Hyperparameter Tuning**.
- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:
 - Advanced Tab when both the Model Tuning options are Disabled
 - a. Tree Pruning
 - i. **No. of Trees:** It is a numerical value that defines the structural size of your tree. The higher number of trees gives you better performance but make your code slower.
 - ii. **Maximum Depth:** It sets the maximum depth of any node of the final tree keeping the depth count for root node 0. It is an optional field (It is recommended to set Maximum Depth value less than 30 rpart for 32 bit-machines.)
 - iii. **Min Sample Split:** It indicates a minimum number of observations within a single node for a split to be attempted. The default value for this field is 10.
 - iv. **Min Sample Leaf:** Leaf is the end node of a decision tree. A smaller leaf makes the model more prone to capturing noise in train data.
 - v. **Max Leaf Node:** Select an option from the given choices: '**int**' or '**None**' (The field is optional, and the default option for the field is '**None**').
 - vi. **Random State:** This parameter makes a solution easy to replicate. A definite value of random_state produces the same results if given with the same parameters and training data. The default value for this field is **None**.
 - b. Behavior
 - i. **Criteria:** It is an optional field that depends on the selected algorithm type from the **'Properties'** tab.

The splitting index can be:

- 1. **Gini:** Select this option to measure inequality among values of randomly chosen elements from a set.
- 2. Entropy: Select this option to measure impurities for exploratory analysis.



- ii. **Bootstrap:** Select an option from the drop-down menu out of True/False (the default value for this field is '**True**').
- iv) Click the **'Apply'** option.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visuali	zation	Properties		<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Tree Pruning								
Properties	No of Trees		10						
Advanced	Maximum Depth		None						
	Min Sample Split		2						
	Min Sample Leaf		1						
	Max Leaf Node		None						
	Random State		None						
	Behavior								
. >	Criteria		Gini	•					
	Bootstrap		True	•					
							_		_
							1	\pply	

Note: The '**Advanced**' tab remains the same as displayed when both the model tuning options are disabled or when Validation is enabled.

- v) Click the 'Validation' tab and configure the required fields.
- vi) Click the '**Validation**' tab to configure, if it has been enabled from the Component Properties tab. The '**Validation**' tab provides multiple options under the '**Model Type Values**' drop-down menu. The user can select any one out the available options to configure the Validation tab.
 - a. Model Selection
 - i. Stratified K-fold Validation

The user needs to configure the **'Number of Folds'** fields if the selected Model Type Value is **Stratified K-fold Validation**.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Model Selec	ction					
Properties	ModalTypeVal	ues	Stratified K-Fold v	alidation 🖵			
Validation	Number of Fo	lds	Search				
Advanced							
			 Stratified 	K-Fold valida			
			K-Fold validati	on			
			Leave one out	cross validat			
				_			
						Apply	/

ii. K-fold Validation

The user needs to configure the **'Number of k-folds'** field if the selected Model Type Values are **K-Fold Validation.**

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Sele	ction					
Properties	ModalTypeVa	lues	K-Fold validation	-			
Validation	Number of k-1	folds	3				
Advanced							
						Apply	,

iii. Leave One Out Cross-Validation

The user gets to configure no other fields when the selected Model Type Values option is **Leave One Out Cross-Validation**.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Sele	ction					
Properties	ModalTypeVa	lues	eave one out cr	oss validatio. ,			
Validation							
Advanced							
						Appl	y

• Advanced Tab when Hyperparameter Tuning is enabled

a. Hyperparameter Tuning

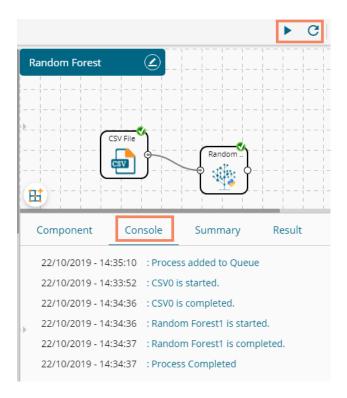
- i. Maximum evaluation: Provide a numerical value set to indicate the maximum value of model evaluation (The default value for this field is 10).
- ii. Fit Increment: Provide a numerical value set as the increment to model fitting (The default value for this field is 1).
- iii. Trial Timeout: Provide a numerical value set for the process timeout (usually in seconds (The default value for this field is 30).



- iv. Seed: A numerical value set as the initialization state of a pseudo-random number generator (the default value for this field is 123).
- vii) Click the '**Apply**' option to configure the 'Advanced' tab (if required).

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visua	alization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Hyperparame	ter Tuning						
Properties	Maximum evalua	ition 10)					
Advanced	Fit Increment	1						
	Trial Timeout	3()					
	Seed	1:	23					
•								
							Apply	/

- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The Console tab opens displaying the step by step completion of the process. The completion of the console process gets marked by the green checkmarks on the top of the dragged components.



vii)Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:

- a. Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
- **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.



i. Result view with both the Model Tuning options are disabled

Compo	onent	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization Pi	roperties				÷
how	10 v ent	tries							Search:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues	Probability
Μ	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.224	0.101	0.15	15	М	[0.0, 0.4, 0.6]
М	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.226	0.1	0.048	0.07	7	М	[0.16, 0.0, 0.84]
F	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.256	0.142	0.21	9	М	[0.31, 0.1, 0.59]
М	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.216	0.114	0.155	10	М	[0.0, 0.3, 0.7]
I	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.09	0.04	0.055	7	1	[0.1, 0.9, 0.0]
I	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.352	0.141	0.078	0.12	8	1	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
F	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.778	0.237	0.142	0.33	20	F	[0.9, 0.1, 0.0]
F	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.15	0.26	16	F	[0.8, 0.1, 0.1]
М	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.509	0.216	0.112	0.165	9	М	[0.0, 0.0, 1.0]
F	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.894	0.314	0.151	0.32	19	F	[0.85, 0.0, 0.15]
howing	1 to 10 of 4,	177 entries					Previous	1	2345	418 Next

ii. Result view with the 'Validation' option enabled

					operties				* -
0 🔻 ent	ries							Search:	
length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues	Probability
0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.224	0.101	0.15	15	1	[0.1, 0.1, 0.8]
0.35	0.265	0.09	0.226	0.1	0.048	0.07	7	М	[0.27, 0.0, 0.73]
0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.256	0.142	0.21	9	М	[0.47, 0.0, 0.53]
0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.216	0.114	0.155	10	1	[0.25, 0.25, 0.5]
0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.09	0.04	0.055	7	1	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
0.425	0.3	0.095	0.352	0.141	0.078	0.12	8	1	[0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
0.53	0.415	0.15	0.778	0.237	0.142	0.33	20	F	[0.6, 0.3, 0.1]
0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.15	0.26	16	F	[0.8, 0.13, 0.07]
0.475	0.37	0.125	0.509	0.216	0.112	0.165	9	М	[0.0, 0.1, 0.9]
0.55	0.44	0.15	0.894	0.314	0.151	0.32	19	F	[0.9, 0.0, 0.1]
	length 0.455 0.35 0.53 0.44 0.33 0.425 0.53 0.53 0.545 0.475	length diameter 0.455 0.365 0.35 0.265 0.33 0.42 0.42 0.365 0.42 0.365 0.33 0.255 0.425 0.3 0.425 0.3 0.53 0.415 0.545 0.425	length diameter height 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.35 0.265 0.09 0.35 0.42 0.135 0.42 0.135 0.125 0.33 0.255 0.08 0.425 0.34 0.095 0.33 0.415 0.15 0.43 0.365 0.195 0.425 0.34 0.095 0.536 0.415 0.15 0.545 0.425 0.125	length diameter height weight_whole 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.514 0.35 0.265 0.09 0.226 0.35 0.42 0.135 0.677 0.44 0.365 0.125 0.516 0.33 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.42 0.33 0.095 0.352 0.425 0.3 0.095 0.352 0.53 0.415 0.15 0.778 0.545 0.425 0.125 0.768 0.545 0.37 0.125 0.509	length diameter height weight_whole weight_shucked 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.514 0.224 0.35 0.265 0.09 0.226 0.1 0.53 0.42 0.135 0.677 0.256 0.44 0.365 0.125 0.516 0.216 0.33 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.424 0.365 0.15 0.516 0.216 0.33 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.425 0.3 0.095 0.352 0.141 0.533 0.415 0.15 0.778 0.294 0.545 0.425 0.125 0.768 0.294 0.545 0.37 0.125 0.509 0.216	length diameter height weight_whole weight_shucked weight_viscera 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.514 0.224 0.101 0.35 0.265 0.09 0.226 0.1 0.048 0.35 0.42 0.135 0.677 0.256 0.142 0.44 0.365 0.125 0.516 0.216 0.114 0.33 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.33 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.33 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.425 0.3 0.095 0.352 0.141 0.078 0.533 0.415 0.15 0.768 0.294 0.15 0.545 0.425 0.125 0.509 0.216 0.112	length diameter height weight_whole weight_shucked weight_viscera weight_shucked 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.514 0.224 0.101 0.15 0.353 0.265 0.09 0.226 0.1 0.048 0.07 0.53 0.42 0.135 0.677 0.256 0.142 0.21 0.44 0.365 0.125 0.516 0.216 0.114 0.155 0.33 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.055 0.33 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.055 0.33 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.055 0.425 0.33 0.95 0.352 0.141 0.078 0.12 0.533 0.415 0.15 0.778 0.237 0.142 0.33 0.545 0.425 0.155 0.768 0.294 0.15 0.26 0.475 0.337 <td>length diameter height weight_whole weight_shucked weight_viscera weight_shell rings 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.514 0.224 0.101 0.15 15 0.355 0.265 0.09 0.226 0.1 0.048 0.07 7 0.53 0.42 0.135 0.677 0.256 0.142 0.21 9 0.44 0.365 0.12 0.516 0.216 0.142 0.21 9 0.333 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.055 7 0.334 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.141 0.078 0.12 8 0.535 0.34 0.095 0.352 0.141 0.078 0.12 8 0.545 0.415 0.15 0.788 0.294 0.15 0.26 16 0.545 0.425 0.125 0.509 0.216 0.12 0.165 9 <td>length diameter height weight_shucked weight_viscera weight_shell rings PredictedValues 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.514 0.224 0.101 0.15 15 1 0.355 0.265 0.09 0.226 0.10 0.048 0.07 7 M 0.53 0.42 0.135 0.677 0.256 0.142 0.21 9 M 0.44 0.365 0.125 0.516 0.216 0.142 0.21 9 M 0.334 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.055 7 I 0.333 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.141 0.078 0.12 8 I I 0.425 0.3 0.095 0.352 0.141 0.078 0.12 8 I I 0.545 0.425 0.15 0.768 0.294 0.142 0.33 20 F I</td></td>	length diameter height weight_whole weight_shucked weight_viscera weight_shell rings 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.514 0.224 0.101 0.15 15 0.355 0.265 0.09 0.226 0.1 0.048 0.07 7 0.53 0.42 0.135 0.677 0.256 0.142 0.21 9 0.44 0.365 0.12 0.516 0.216 0.142 0.21 9 0.333 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.055 7 0.334 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.141 0.078 0.12 8 0.535 0.34 0.095 0.352 0.141 0.078 0.12 8 0.545 0.415 0.15 0.788 0.294 0.15 0.26 16 0.545 0.425 0.125 0.509 0.216 0.12 0.165 9 <td>length diameter height weight_shucked weight_viscera weight_shell rings PredictedValues 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.514 0.224 0.101 0.15 15 1 0.355 0.265 0.09 0.226 0.10 0.048 0.07 7 M 0.53 0.42 0.135 0.677 0.256 0.142 0.21 9 M 0.44 0.365 0.125 0.516 0.216 0.142 0.21 9 M 0.334 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.055 7 I 0.333 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.141 0.078 0.12 8 I I 0.425 0.3 0.095 0.352 0.141 0.078 0.12 8 I I 0.545 0.425 0.15 0.768 0.294 0.142 0.33 20 F I</td>	length diameter height weight_shucked weight_viscera weight_shell rings PredictedValues 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.514 0.224 0.101 0.15 15 1 0.355 0.265 0.09 0.226 0.10 0.048 0.07 7 M 0.53 0.42 0.135 0.677 0.256 0.142 0.21 9 M 0.44 0.365 0.125 0.516 0.216 0.142 0.21 9 M 0.334 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.09 0.04 0.055 7 I 0.333 0.255 0.08 0.205 0.141 0.078 0.12 8 I I 0.425 0.3 0.095 0.352 0.141 0.078 0.12 8 I I 0.545 0.425 0.15 0.768 0.294 0.142 0.33 20 F I

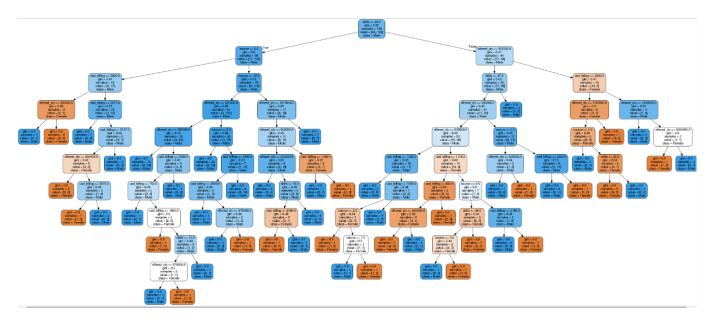
iii. Result view with the 'Hyperparameter Tuning' option enabled

now	10 🔻 entri	es						Search:	
sex	length	diameter	height	weight_whole	weight_shucked	weight_viscera	weight_shell	rings	PredictedValues
М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.514	0.224	0.101	0.15	15	1
Л	0.35	0.265	0.09	0.226	0.1	0.048	0.07	7	1
	0.53	0.42	0.135	0.677	0.256	0.142	0.21	9	М
Л	0.44	0.365	0.125	0.516	0.216	0.114	0.155	10	1
	0.33	0.255	0.08	0.205	0.09	0.04	0.055	7	1
	0.425	0.3	0.095	0.352	0.141	0.078	0.12	8	I
	0.53	0.415	0.15	0.778	0.237	0.142	0.33	20	М
	0.545	0.425	0.125	0.768	0.294	0.15	0.26	16	М
1	0.475	0.37	0.125	0.509	0.216	0.112	0.165	9	1
	0.55	0.44	0.15	0.894	0.314	0.151	0.32	19	М

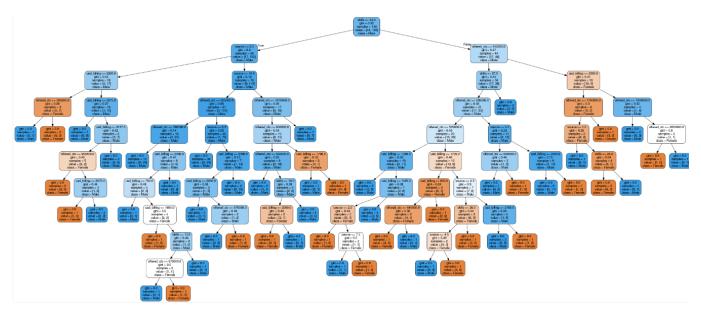


Note: The Probability column displays data in the Array format when Validation is enabled.

- viii) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- ix) The Result data gets displayed via the tree chart.
 - a. Visualization when no Model Tuning option is enabled

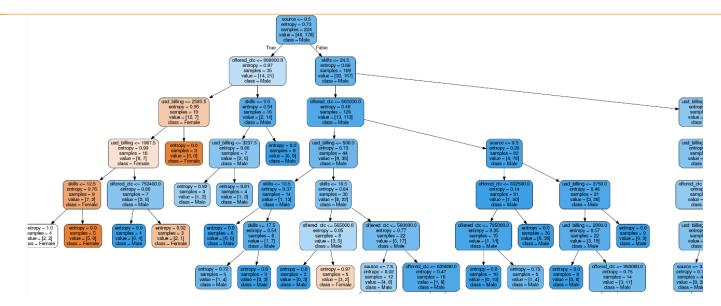


b. Visualization when the 'Validation' option is enabled

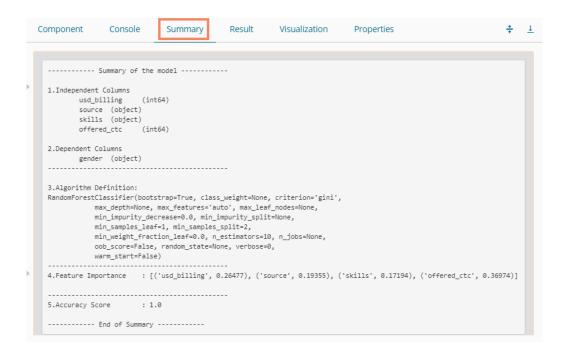


c. Visualization when Hyperparameter Tuning is enabled





x) Click the 'Summary' tab to open the model summary.



14.1.4.2. Regression as Algorithm Type for Random Forest

- i) Drag the Decision Tree component to the workspace and connect it to a configured data source.
- ii) Configure the following fields in the 'Properties' tab:

a. Output Information

- i. Algorithm Type: Select an algorithm type from the drop-down menu.
 - 1. **Classification**: Select this option if users want to pass the dependent column as the categorical values.
 - 2. **Regression:** Select this option if users want to pass the dependent column as numerical values.
- b. Column Selection



- i. **Independent Columns**: Select input columns from the drop-down list to which the target the column can be compared to perform the analysis.
- ii. Dependent Columns: Select the target column for which the analysis is performed.
- c. New Column Information
 - i. **Predicted Column Name**: Enter a name for the new column containing the predicted values.
- d. Model Tuning
 - i. Enable Validation: Enable validation by a checkmark in the given box.
 - ii. **Hyperparameter Tuning:** Enable Hyperparameter Tuning option by a checkmark in the given box.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Output Infe	ormation					
Properties	Algorithm Typ	De	Regression	•			
Advanced	Column Se	lection					
	Independent	Columns	1 checked	•	0		
	Dependent C	olumns	Open	•	0		
	New Colun	nn Information					
	Predicted Col	umn Name	PredictedValues		0		
	Model Tun	ing					
Þ	Enable Valida	tion					
	Hyperparame	eter Tuning					
						_	_
						Apply	

Note: Other possible scenarios to configure the Properties tab can be when either of the Model Tuning options is enabled.

- iii) Click the 'Advanced' tab and configure if required:
 - Advanced Tab when both the Model Tuning options are Disabled a. Tree Pruning
 - i. **No. of Trees:** It is a numerical value that defines the structural size of your tree. The higher number of trees give you better performance but make your code slower.
 - ii. **Maximum Depth:** It sets the maximum depth of any node of the final tree keeping the depth count for root node 0. It is an optional field (It is recommended to set Maximum Depth value less than 30 rpart for 32 bit-machines.)
 - iii. **Min Sample Split:** It indicates a minimum number of observations within a single node for a split to be attempted. The default value for this field is 10.
 - iv. **Min Sample Leaf:** Leaf is the end node of a decision tree. A smaller leaf makes the model more prone to capturing noise in train data.
 - v. **Max Leaf Node:** Select an option from the given choices: '**int**' or '**None**' (The field is optional, and the default option for the field is '**None**').
 - vi. **Random State:** This parameter makes a solution easy to replicate. A definite value of random_state produces the same results if given with the same parameters and training data. The default value for this field is **None**.
 - b. Behavior
 - i. **Criteria:** It is an optional field that depends on the selected algorithm type from the **'Properties'**.



The available splitting index options are:

- 1. MSE
- 2. **MAE**
- ii. **Bootstrap:** Select an option from the drop-down menu out of True/False (the default value for this field is '**True**').

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatio	on Properties	; ;	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
General	Tree Pruning	5						
Properties	No of Trees	1	0					
Advanced	Maximum Dept	th N	lone					
	Min Sample Sp	lit 2						
	Min Sample Lea	af 1						
	Max Leaf Node	М	lone					
	Random State	٩	lone					
	Behavior							
	Criteria	Ν	ISE	•				
	Bootstrap	Т	rue	•				
						A	pply	

Note: The Advanced tab remains the same when 'Validation' is enabled.

- viii) Click the 'Validation' tab to configure, if it has been enabled from the Component Properties tab. The 'Validation' tab provides multiple options under the 'Model Type Values' drop-down menu. The user can select any one out the available options to configure the Validation tab.
 - a. Model Selection
 - i. K-fold Validation

The user needs to configure the 'Number of k-folds' field if the selected option for the 'Model Type Values' is K-Fold Validation.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualizatio	n Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Selec	tion					
Properties	ModalTypeValu	Jes	K-Fold validation	•			
Validation	Number of k-fo	olds	3				
Advanced							
						Apply	y -

ii. Leave One Out Cross-Validation

The user gets to configure no other fields when the selected Model Type Values option is **Leave One Out Cross-Validation**.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	<u>+</u>	Ť
General	Model Selec	tion					
Properties	ModalTypeVal	ues 🚺	eave one out cro	ss validatio. 			
Validation							
Advanced							
						Appl	y

• Advanced Tab when Hyperparameter Tuning is Enabled

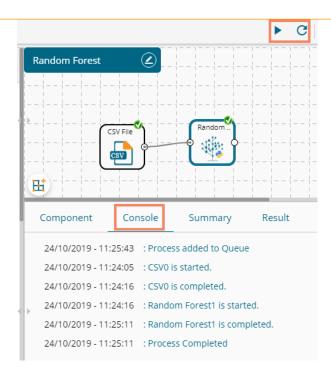
b. Hyperparameter Tuning

- i. Maximum evaluation: Provide a numerical value set to indicate the maximum value of model evaluation (The default value for this field is 10).
- ii. Fit Increment: Provide a numerical value set as the increment to model fitting (The default value for this field is 1).
- iii. Trial Timeout: Provide a numerical value set for the process timeout (usually in seconds (The default value for this field is 30).
- iv. Seed: A numerical value set as the initialization state of a pseudo-random number generator (the default value for this field is 123).

Component	Console	Summar	У	Result	Visual	lization	Properties	+	<u>+</u>
General	Hyperparame	eter Tunir	ng						
Properties	Maximum evalu	ation	10						
Advanced	Fit Increment		1						
	Trial Timeout		30						
	Seed	Seed 1							
•									
								Арр	ly

- iv) Click the **'Apply'** option after configuring the Properties, Advanced (if required), and validation (if enabled) tabs.
- v) Run the workflow after getting the success message.
- vi) The 'Console' tab opens.





- vii) Follow the below given steps to display the Result view:
 - **a.** Click the dragged algorithm component onto the workspace.
 - **b.** Click the '**Result**' tab.
 - i. Result View when both the Model Tuning options are disabled

Component	Consol	e Su	immary	Result	Vis	sualization	Properties	<u>+</u> <u>+</u>	
ihow 10 🔻	entries					Search:	ĸ		
Timestamp	Open	High	Low	Close	BTC	currency	WeightedPrice	PredictedValues	
1499155260	296127	296558	296016	296540	1.159	343244.138	296257.672	296277.042	
1499155320	296539	296769	296060	296679	11.116	3295332.006	296462.514	296590	
1499155380	296060	296090	296060	296060	5.527	1636491.185	296063.836	296253.929	
1499155440	296060	296260	296015	296015	8.414	2491620.368	296125.668	295878.567	
1499155500	296361	296540	296155	296155	3.993	1183291.629	296340.786	296290.3	
1499155560	296360	296360	296060	296060	4.113	1218324.398	296216.135	296253.929	
1499155620	296360	296460	296014	296450	24.563	7273386.537	296110.238	296249.658	
1499155680	296360	296671	296001	296001	10.75	3186951.403	296460.003	296163.288	
1499155740	296279	296500	296093	296150	7.031	2083921.622	296396.323	296390.5	
1499155800	296150	296231	296122	296122	1.372	406497.426	296172.988	296063.5	
showing 1 to 10 d	of 5,556 entr	ies			F	Previous 1	2 3 4	5 556 Next	

ii. Result view when the 'Validation' option is enabled



	Component	Consol	e Su	immary	Result	Vis	sualization	Properties	<u>+</u> ⊥
	Show 10 🔻	entries						Search:	
Þ	Timestamp	Open	High	Low	Close	BTC	currency	WeightedPrice	PredictedValues
	1499155260	296127	296558	296016	296540	1.159	343244.138	296257.672	610999
	1499155320	296539	296769	296060	296679	11.116	3295332.006	296462.514	610999
	1499155380	296060	296090	296060	296060	5.527	1636491.185	296063.836	610999
	1499155440	296060	296260	296015	296015	8.414	2491620.368	296125.668	610999
	1499155500	296361	296540	296155	296155	3.993	1183291.629	296340.786	610999
	1499155560	296360	296360	296060	296060	4.113	1218324.398	296216.135	610999
	1499155620	296360	296460	296014	296450	24.563	7273386.537	296110.238	610999
	1499155680	296360	296671	296001	296001	10.75	3186951.403	296460.003	610999
	1499155740	296279	296500	296093	296150	7.031	2083921.622	296396.323	610999
Þ	1499155800	296150	296231	296122	296122	1.372	406497.426	296172.988	610999
	Showing 1 to 10 c	of 5,556 entr	ries			F	Previous 1	2 3 4	5 556 Next

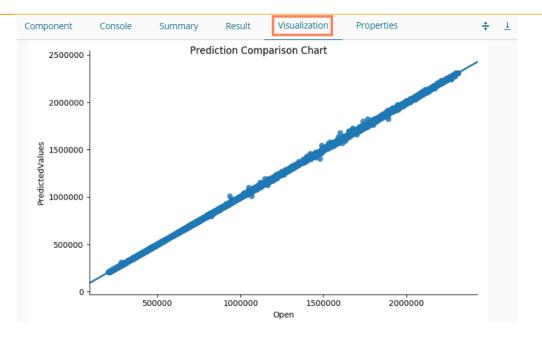
iii. Result view when 'Hyperparameter Tuning' is enabled.

ow 10 🔻	entries						Search:		
Timestamp	Open	High	Low	Close	BTC	currency	WeightedPrice	PredictedValue	
499155260	296127	296558	296016	296540	1.159	343244.138	296257.672	303322.419	
499155320	296539	296769	296060	296679	11.116	3295332.006	296462.514	303322.419	
499155380	296060	296090	296060	296060	5.527	1636491.185	296063.836	303322.419	
499155440	296060	296260	296015	296015	8.414	2491620.368	296125.668	303322.419	
499155500	296361	296540	296155	296155	3.993	1183291.629	296340.786	303322.419	
499155560	296360	296360	296060	296060	4.113	1218324.398	296216.135	303322.419	
499155620	296360	296460	296014	296450	24.563	7273386.537	296110.238	303322.419	
499155680	296360	296671	296001	296001	10.75	3186951.403	296460.003	303322.419	
499155740	296279	296500	296093	296150	7.031	2083921.622	296396.323	303322.419	
499155800	296150	296231	296122	296122	1.372	406497.426	296172.988	303322.419	

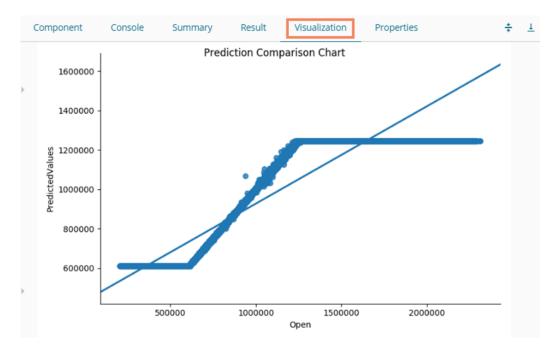
Note: The Probability column is displayed in the Array format while enabling the 'Validation' option.

- viii) Click the 'Visualization' tab.
- ix) The Result data gets displayed via the tree chart (The following visualization displays result in data when no Model Tuning option is enabled).
 - a. Visualization tab when no Model Tuning option is enabled



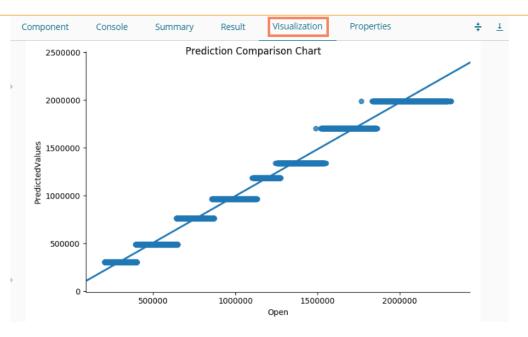


b. Visualization tab when Validation is enabled



c. Visualization tab when Hyperparameter Tuning is enabled



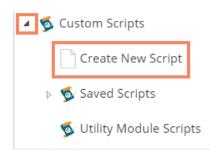


14.2. Custom Scripts (Python Scripts)

The users can create and add customized algorithm components using the '**Custom Python Script**' component. The created scripts will be stored in the '**Saved Scripts**' module provided for the Python Workspace.

14.2.1. Creating a New Python Script

- i) Click the '**Custom Scripts'** tree-node on the Predictive Analysis home page.
- ii) Click the **'Create New Script'** option.



- iii) The users get the '**Component**' tab.
- iv) Configure the following fields in the 'General' tab:
 - a. Basic
 - i. **Component Name:** Enter a name or title that you wish to give a saved Python Script.
 - ii. **Component Type:** Default Component type will be displayed in this field.
 - iii. **Description:** Describe the Component (It is an optional field).
 - iv. Script Type: Select one option out of 'Custom Python Script' or 'Utility Module Script' for the script to get saved under the selected script type.
- v) Click the 'Next' option.



	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	<u>+</u> ↑	<u>+</u>
	Basic								
Þ	Component Name		Custom Pytho	n Script					
	Component Type		Algorithms						
	Description		Optional						
•	Script Type		Custom Py Script	thon	Utility Module :	Script			
ľ									
	General	Script	Settings					Next	

- vi) The users get redirected to the 'Script' tab.
- vii) Provide the following information:
 - a. Script Editor
 - i. Write the required python script in the given space under the 'Script Editor.'
 - ii. Click the 'Validate' option.
 - iii. A success message should appear after the validation (as shown in the below image).
 - iv. Click the 'Next' option.

Co	mponent	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	<u>+</u> <u>↓</u>
Val	ot Editor idate 🔗 Pytho	on script has be	een validated succe	ssfully!				0
17 18 19 20 21 22	alpha= color=	opacity,	th, data_2, bar_width	1,				
22 23 24 25 26 27	plt.xlabel('Perso plt.ylabel('Score plt.title('Scores l plt.xticks(index plt.legend()	s') by person')	'B', 'C', 'D'))					
28 29 30 31 32	plt.tight_layout() plt.savefig(SAVE	_IMG_PATH)	17 dagarta (t)					
33	return {"output":	it, "summary": c	If.describe()}					
G	eneral	Script	Setting	s			Previous	Next

- **b.** Configure the required **'Primary Function Details'** to embed the customized Python script into a function.
 - i. **Primary Function Name:** Select the name of the created function from the drop-down menu.
 - ii. Input Data Frame: Select a dataset (that has been used above) from a drop-down menu.

(The 'Output Data Frame' option and the 'Model Variable Name' are pre-selected for

Primary Function Details)

viii) Click the 'Next' option (The users can click the 'Previous' option if wish to open the previous



page).

	Component Console Summary Result Visualization Properties DataInsight	*	Ŧ
•	Primary Function Details Input DataFrame Output DataFrame Summary Variable Name new_fun df Output Data Frame Summary Show Visualization Show Summary		
	Function Parameter Definition Function Parameters Property Display Name Control Type x X TextBox Image: Control Type		
· > `	General Script Settings Aq	oply	

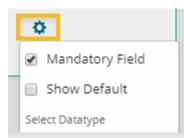
- ix) The users get directed to the 'Settings' tab.
- x) Configure the following fields:

a. Primary Function Details

- This option configures the following details:
- i. Primary Function Name: Select an option from the drop-down menu.
- ii. Input Data Frame: Select an option from the drop-down menu.
- iii. Output Data Frame: Provide a name for the Output Data Frame.
- iv. Summary Variable Name: Provide a name for the Summary Variable Name.
- v. The user can select the 'Show Visualization' and 'Show Summary' options from this section.

b. Function Parameter Definition

- i. Function Parameters: Actual names of parameters configured in the script.
- ii. **Property Display Name**: Parameter name to be displayed while configuring the saved script as a component.
- iii. Control Type: User can select out of the following options:
 - 1. Text box,
 - 2. Drop-down menu,
 - 3. Column Selector (single),
 - 4. Column Selector (multiple).
- iv. Settings option : To set the display for mandatory fields and validate the datatype for the input column. This field is associated with function parameters.



xi) Click the 'Apply' option.



	Component Console Summary Result Visualization Properties DataInsight	+	Ŧ
•	Primary Function Details Primary Function Name Input DataFrame Output DataFrame Summary Variable Name new_fun df Output Data Frame Summary Image: Show Visualization Show Summary		
	Function Parameter Definition Function Parameters Property Display Name K X Control Type X TextBox		
÷	General Script Settings Previous	Apply	

xii) A message appears to notify that the newly created Python script has been saved successfully. xiii) The newly created Python Script gets saved in the **'Saved Scripts'** list.

E C 🔹 Search Tree Q	Component Co	onsole Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	<u>+</u> ★ _
🖳 Performance	Primary Function D	etails					
> 🖀 Data Writer 🛶	Primary Function Datains Input DataFrame Output DataFrame Summary Variable Name						
🛚 🕵 Custom Scripts	new_fun	▼ df	•	Output Data Fran	me Sumi	nary	
Create New Script	🗷 Show Vi	sualization		🕑 Show Summary	ý		
4 😼 Saved Scripts							
😼 Custom Python Script							
😼 script	Function Paramete	r Definition					
💆 datatype_checking	Function	Parameters		Property Display Name		Control Type TextBox	
💁 trial							
🕵 custom_python_script							
🕵 Utility Module Scripts							
> 🗾 Jupyter Notebooks	General	Script Setti	ngs			The Python Script is sa	ved.

Guidelines for Writing a Python Script

- 1. The first argument of the function should be a data frame.
- 2. The Python script needs to be written inside a valid Python function. E.g., the entire code body should be inside the proper indentation of the function (Use 4 spaces per indentation level.)
- 3. The Python script should have at least one primary function. Multiple functions are acceptable, and one function can call another function, but it should be written above the calling function body (if the called function is an outer function) or above the calling statement (if the called function is an inner function).
- 4. Continuation lines should align wrapped elements either vertically using Python's implicit line joining inside parentheses, brackets, and braces, or using a hanging indent. When using a hanging indent, the following should be considered; there should be no arguments on the first line, and further indentation should be used to distinguish itself as a continuation line clearly.
- 5. Spaces are the preferred indentation method.
- 6. Limit all lines to a maximum of 79 characters. The Python standard library is conservative and requires limiting lines to 79 characters (and doctrines/comments to 72).
- 7. Do not use "type" as the function argument, as it is a predefined keyword.
- 8. In Python, single-quoted strings and double-quoted strings are the same.
- 9. All the packages used in function need to import explicitly before writing function.



- 10. The Python script should return data in the form of a data Frame only and should define while writing function.
- 11. The column names should remain the same while creating new columns in the Output Table Definition.
- 12. If users need to define column selector (Multiple), then in the definition ': List[String]' should be used and body of the function should be in '.to Array'.
- 13. If users need to define column selector (Single), then 'String' must be used in the definition.

Note:

- a. Click the 'Information' button 💷 to get the rules to write a valid Python script.
- **b.** All the supported date data types are listed in date formats in the data type definition, all other date formats are considered as a string data type.
- c. Mssql data types are considered as a string data type.

14.2.2. Saved Python Scripts

14.2.2.1. Viewing a Saved Python Script

- i) Select a Script from the 'Saved Scripts' list.
- ii) Use right-click on the selected Script.
- iii) A context menu opens.
- iv) Select the 'View' option.
- v) The users get redirected to the 'Component' tab.

Data Science Workbench 🥐						►	G	+ ·	Ð	8 4	í t	←	0	Q
E C Search Tree Q	Create New Workflo	w												
🕵 Custom Scripts														
Create New Script														
4 🚿 Saved Scripts														
Custom Python Script			<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u>ii</u> ii	i i -				_ _	_ !	i	i	
View	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	P	roperti	es	Da	ataInsig	nt		Ŧ	Ť
Edit	Basic													
Share	Component Name		Custom Pyth	ion Script										
Delete Pull from VCS script	Component Type		Algorithms											
Pull from VCS script Push into VCS	Description		Optional											
🗾 Jupyter Notebooks	General	Script	Setting	gs										

14.2.2.2. Editing a Saved Python Script

- i) Select a Script from the list of 'Saved Scripts' list.
- ii) Use a right-click on the selected script.
- iii) A context menu opens.
- iv) Select the 'Edit' option.
- v) The users get redirected to the 'Component' tab.
- vi) The users can edit the required fields provided under the **General**, **Script**, and **Settings** tabs.



E C Search Tree Q	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	*	<u>+</u>
🔺 🕵 Custom Scripts	Basic								
Create New Script	Component Name		Custom Pytho	n Script					
🔺 🕵 Saved Scripts	Component Type		Algorithms						
🛸 Custom Python Script	Description		Optional						
View Edit yg Share Delete Pull from VCS script Push into VCS 5	Script Type		Custom Py Script		Utility Module S	cript			
▶ 🗾 Jupyter Notebooks	General	Script	Settings					Next	

14.2.2.3. Sharing a Saved Python Script

The users can share a custom Python script with other users and groups using the Share option. The following options are available to share a custom Python script:

- 1. **Share With**: This option allows the user to share a custom Python script with selected users or user groups. Any changes made to the custom Python script will be transferred to all the users with whom the custom Python script has been shared.
 - i) Select a Python script from the list of **Saved Scripts**.
 - ii) Select the 'Share' option from the context menu.
 - iii) The 'Share With' option gets displayed (by default).
 - iv) Select either 'Group' or 'Users' option.
 - a. By selecting a group, all group members inside the group will be listed. Users can be excluded by not selecting them from the group when the '**Group**' option has been selected.
 - b. The users can be excluded by not selecting a username from the list when the 'Users' option

has been selected.

- v) Search for specific users or groups by using the Search space.
- vi) Select a specific user or group from the list by check-marking the box.
- vii) Click the 'Apply' option.

E C Search Tree	۲ Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	*	<u>+</u>
Custom Scripts 3	Share With	4 Group	Users						
Create New Script	Copy to	5 Search							
Saved Scripts		Select Al	Group						0
1 🕵 Custom Python Scri	pt	Admin R	ole					6	C
View		Viewer R	ole					*	0
Edit		UserGro	up					*	0
2 Share Delete		Kpmg Gr	oup					*	0
Pull from VCS scr	ipt	testUser	Group					*	0
Push into VCS s	ľ	Powerus	er					*	0
Jupyter Notebooks								7 Appl	ily

viii) The selected Python script gets shared with the chosen user(s)/group(s).



- 2. **Copy To**: This option creates a copy and shares a copy of the custom Scala script with the selected users and user groups. Any changes to the original custom Scala script after sharing will not show up for the users that received the shared file via the '**Copy To**' option.
 - i) Select a Python script from the list of 'Saved Scripts'.
 - ii) Select the 'Share' option from the context menu.
 - iii) Select the 'Copy To' option.
 - iv) The copied custom Python script name will be displayed in a box.
 - v) Select either the 'Group' or 'Users' tab.
 - a. By selecting a group, all group members inside the group will be listed. Users can be excluded by not selecting them from the group when the '**Group**' option has been selected.
 - b. Users can be excluded by not selecting a username from the list when the 'Users' option has been selected.
 - vi) Search for a user or group by using the search space.
 - vii) Select a specific user or group from the list by check-marking the box.
 - viii) Click the 'Apply' option.

= C 👪 Search Tree Q	Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	<u>+</u> <u>+</u>
Custom Scripts	Share With	Group	Users		4 Copied Cu Script Nar	ustom Python me	Copy of Custom	
Create New Script 3	Copy to 6	test						
Saved Scripts		Select All U	ser					0
1 🕵 Custom Python Script		TestingGlo	b					7 🕑
View		testr						ତ
Edit 2 Share		Testinguse	r					0
Delete		migTestUs	erDestn					0
Pull from VCS script Push into VCS	•	migTestUs	erSource					0
Push Into VCS		testUser						0
Jupyter Notebooks								8 Apply

14.2.2.4. Deleting a Saved Python Script

- i) Select a Python Script from the 'Saved Scripts' list.
- ii) Right-click on the selected Scala Script.
- iii) A context menu opens.
- iv) Select the 'Delete' option.

💶 ≶ Custom Scripts	
Create New Scrip	ť
📕 👰 Saved Scripts	
Custom Pytho	on Script
View	
Edit	ng
Share	0
Delete	
Pull from VCS	script
Push into VCS	. 5



- v) The Delete Custom Python Script window opens to assure the deletion.
- vi) Click the '**Ok**' option.



vii) The selected script gets deleted.

14.2.2.5. Pull from VCS

- i) Select a saved script.
- ii) Select the 'Pull from VCS' option from the context menu.

💶 蓫 Custom Scripts	
Create New Scrip	ot
🔳 🚳 Saved Scripts	
≶ Custom Pyth	on Script
View	
Edit	١g
Share	0
Delete	
Pull from VCS	script
Push into VCS	5

- iii) The 'Pull from Version Controlling System' window opens.
- iv) Select the version(s) of the script that you wish to pull.
- v) Click the '**Pull**' option.

	name for Pull * oranch			
	Version	Commit Date	Committed by	
0	v1	19 Mar, 2020 06:13:40 GMT	William Martin	
ommit l	Message			
ython	Saved Script			
Varni	ng : Deployed	d workflow will undeploy after Pull op	eration.	



vi) A message appears to confirm that the data is pulled.



14.2.2.6. Push into VCS

- i) Select a saved script.
- ii) Select the '**Push into VCS**' option from the context menu.

4 🕸	Custom Scripts	
	Create New Scr	ipt
4	蓫 Saved Scripts	
	ダ Custom Pytl	hon Script
	View	
	Edit	١g
	Share	0
	Delete	
	Pull from VCS	script
	Push into VCS	5

- iii) The 'Push into Version Controlling System' window opens.
- iv) Select a branch name for the push.
- v) Provide the commit message.
- vi) Click the '**Push'** option.

Push into Version Controlling System	×
Branchname for Push *	
VCS_branch	
Commit Message (required) *	
Python Saved Script	
Warning: Please save data if selected entity has been updated to prevent any data lose. In case if updated version exists on configured repository, data will be updated.	
Push	Cancel

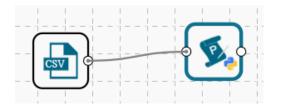
vii) A success message appears to confirm that the data has been pushed.





14.2.2.7. Connecting Saved Python Script with a Data Source

- i) Click the **'Custom Python Script'** tree node.
- ii) Select and drag a saved Python script to the workspace.
- iii) Connect the Python Script to a configured data source.
- iv) Click the dragged 'Python Script' component.



- v) Configure the required fields in the '**Custom Group**' tab.
- vi) Click **'APPLY'**

COMPONENT	CONSOLE	SUMMARY	RESULT	VISUALIZATION	PROPERTIES	$(\underline{1})(\overline{\uparrow})$
General	Dynamic Field	ds				
Custom Group	х		ello			
•						
						APPLY

- vii) After getting the success message run the workflow
- viii) Users will get the process status under the 'CONSOLE' tab

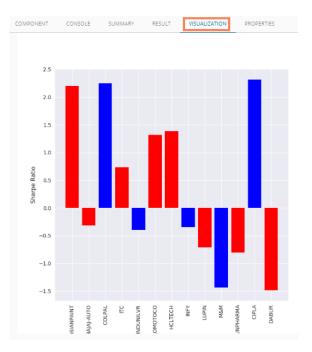
COMPONENT CONSOLE	SUMMARY	RESULT	VISUALIZATION	PROPERTIES	$(\underline{1})(\overline{\uparrow})$
6/9/2018 - 16:22:7 : Process Initi	ated				
6/9/2018 - 16:22:12 : CSV0 is sta	rted.				
6/9/2018 - 16:22:12 : CSV0 is cor	npleted.				
6/9/2018 - 16:22:12 : CustomPyt	honScript - quant	ML is started.			
6/9/2018 - 16:24:33 : CustomPyt	honScript - quant	ML is complete	d.		

- ix) Follow the below given steps to display the result view:
 - a. Click the dragged Python component on the workspace.
 - b. Click the 'RESULT' tab.



how 10 🔻	entries					Search:	
Category	Sharpe	Mean	Risk	Skew	%ир	%Down	Suggestion
SIANPAINT	2.2030408166105375	0.14000661722622762	0.22014896192869232	-0.06900642087301212	0.75	0.25	3
AJAJ-AUTO	-0.3177065940151844	-0.013857152174100246	0.15109092518619893	0.11717177808347531	0.5	0.5	3
OLPAL	2.251838714300893	0.07889388828628727	0.12136590604885886	0.9535998577259107	0.75	0.25	-3
rc	0.7331135544309868	0.06519084746374554	0.30803920978740906	1.473192027990805	0.5	0.5	3
IINDUNILVR	-0.4002884334177015	-0.011890271063565994	0.10289856952410058	-0.09109831006676725	0.5	0.5	-3
IEROMOTOCO	1.3202203304714948	0.05652638362336265	0.14831852857292047	0.03267872250176619	0.666666666666666	0.3333333333333333333	3
ICLTECH	1.3869160530891287	0.03971886370384778	0.0992058456612971	-0.4683947882728144	0.6666666666666666	0.25	3
NFY	-0.3437118922664428	-0.01835622747553245	0.1850033085167015	0.5903718468849175	0.416666666666666	0.58333333333333334	-3
UPIN	-0.7128405424741218	-0.037619918477645675	0.18281679084561048	-0.1086621290968751	0.416666666666666	0.58333333333333334	3
/1&M	-1.4382216587471626	-0.06983137833970447	0.1681959029212423	0.32982346399266066	0.33333333333333333333	0.6666666666666666	-3

x) Click the '**VISUALIZATION**' tab to display the result data through a column chart.



xi) Click the 'SUMMARY' tab to view a summary of the process.

DA	ASIANPAINT	BAJAJ-AUTO	COLPAL	ITC	HINDUNILVR	HEROMOTOCO	HCLTECH	INFY	LUPIN	M&M	SUNPHARMA	CIPLA
cour 7.00	nt 7.000000 00000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000
mear 0.53	n 0.927741 35686	0.562386	0.200814	0.939934	-0.342911	0.793963	0.710588	-0.226670	0.474813	-0.430005	0.536085	0.182414
std 1.30	1.192077 57386	1.112336	1.599156	1.010162	1.214917	1.073325	1.163812	1.268560	1.189576	1.321089	1.183617	1.596073
min 1.48	-0.069006 34259	-0.317707	-3.000000	0.065191	-3.000000	0.032679	-0.468395	-3.000000	-0.712841	-3.000000	-0.808388	-3.000000 -
25% 0.02	0.180078 28005	0.051657	0.100130	0.404020	-0.245693	0.102422	0.069462	-0.181034	-0.073141	-0.754027	0.076670	0.129424
50% 0.25	0.250000 50000	0.151091	0.250000	0.500000	-0.011890	0.333333	0.250000	0.185003	0.182817	0.168196	0.333333	0.250000
75% 0.96	1.476520 54023	0.500000	0.851800	1.103153	0.301449	0.993443	1.026791	0.500000	0.500000	0.331578	0.537155	0.725861
max	3.00000	3.000000	2.251839	3.000000	0.500000	3.000000	3.000000	0.590372	3.000000	0.666667	3.000000	2.316329



14.3. Jupyter Notebooks

The integrated Jupyter Notebook tree-node allows the users to create and share documents that contain live code, equations, visualizations, and narrative text. It can be used in numerical simulation, statistical modeling, data visualization, machine learning. The key motive is to introduce live coding inside the Data Science workbench and more efficiently use it as a component.

- i) Upload a Data Source and run it.
- ii) Connect the Jupyter Notebook component to it.

Data Science Workbench	ę				🕑 C	+ 🤂 🖬	¥ + ∷	2 Q
C C Search Tree Ferformance C Data Writer C Scustom Scripts	Create New Workflow	SV File	yrer.					
Jupyter Notebooks	E	2 Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight		<u> </u>
Saved Notebooks Scheduler	20/3/2020 - 13:29:41 : Pro							

- iii) Configure the General tab for the Jupyter Notebook component.
- iv) Provide the Component name.
- v) Click the '**Next**' option to load the Jupyter Notebook Kernel. This will trigger the Notebook Kernel in backend and start it.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight 上	Ť
General	Basic						
Properties	Component N	lame	Notebook_sanit	ty_02			
>	Component T	уре	Jupyter Notebo	ok			
	Description		Optional				
						Next	

vi) After loading Notebook Kernel a new page gets listed in the footer tab as shown below:



General Notebook Kernel Properties Kernel Image:
B + 3< 2 A H Run Code Notebook Kernel Variables Notebook Kernel Variables NOTEBOOK_INPUT_DATA - To access the input Data of Notebook Kernel NOTEBOOK_SAVE_DATA(output_dataframe)-Call method to write Output Data of Notebook Kernel NOTEBOOK_SAVE_VI2() - Call method to write Visualisation(s) of Notebook Kernel ZIP_FILE_LOCATION(), ZIP_FILE_OUTPUT_LOCATION()- Use for Zip operations
Notebook Kernel Variables NOTEBOOK_INPUT_DATA - To access the Input Data of Notebook Kernel NOTEBOOK_SAVE_DATA(output_dataframe)-Call method to write Output Data of Notebook Kernel NOTEBOOK_SAVE_VIZ() - Call method to write Visualisation(s) of Notebook Kernel ZIP_FILE_LOCATION(),ZIP_FILE_OUTPUT_LOCATION()- Use for ZIp operations
NOTEBOOK_INPUT_DATA - To access the Input Data of Notebook Kernel NOTEBOOK_SAVE_DATA(output_dataframe)-Call method to write Output Data of Notebook Kernel NOTEBOOK_SAVE_VIZ() - Call method to write Visualisation(s) of Notebook Kernel ZIP_FILE_LOCATION(),ZIP_FILE_OUTPUT_LOCATION()- Use for ZIp operations
In []:

- vii) Provide the script with proper Input, Output, and Save functions. The user must follow the instructions given for the Notebook Kernel Variables to move further.
 - 1. To load the input data use NOTEBOOK_INPUT_DATA

General	Notebook Kernel														
Properties														🖋 Kernel	0
	B + ×	0 6	↑ ↓)	Run	Code	*									
			ok Kernel	feelek lee											
		NOTEE	BOOK_SAV	E_DATA(d	output_d	iataframe)-Call metho	od to wr	ite Ou	tput Da	ta of N	otebook k	ernel			
		NOTEB	BOOK_SAV	E_VIZ() - 0	Call met	hod to write Visualis	ation(s)	of No	tebook	Kernel					
	In [5]:	ZIP_FIL		ON(),ZIP_		hod to write Visualis. UTPUT_LOCATION()									
	In [5]: Out[5]:	ZIP_FIL NOTEBO	LE_LOCATI	ON(),ZIP_			- Use fo			ns	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked	
		ZIP_FIL NOTEBO	LE_LOCATI	ON(),ZIP_	FILE_O	UTPUT_LOCATION()	- Use fo	r Zip d Age	operatio	Parch			Cabin C92	Embarked S	
		ZIP_FIL NOTEBO	LE_LOCATI	ON(), ZIP_	FILE_O	UTPUT_LOCATION()- Name Braund, Mr. Owen	- Use fo Sex male	Age	sibSp	Parch 0	Ticket	7.250			
		ZIP_FIL NOTEBO	LE_LOCATI OK_INPUT_0 Passengerid	DATA Survived	FILE_O	UTPUT_LOCATION() Name Braund, Mr. Oven Harris Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Porence	- Use fo Sex male	Age 22.0 38.0	SibSp	Parch 0 0	Ticket A/5 21171	7.250	C92	S	
		ZIP_FIL NOTEBO	LE_LOCATI OK_INPUT_I hassengerid 1 2	DATA Survived	FILE_O	Name Braund, Mr. Oven Harris Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Forence Briggs Th	- Use fo Sex male female female	Age 22.0 38.0	SibSp 1	Parch 0	Ticket A/5 21171 PC 17599 STON/O2 3101282	7.250 71.283	C92 C85	s	

2. To save the output data use NOTEBOOK_SAVE_DATA(output_dataframe)



	Component	Console	Sur	mmary	F	Resul	t	Visu	alizatio	n	Prop	perties	Datalı	nsight								+	<u>+</u>
	General		Notebo	ook Ker	rnel																		
	Properties																					0	
				B +	3<	2	6	÷	N Rur		Code	٣											
							3		4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs Heath (Lily Ma	Jacques ay Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.100	C123	s		^
							4		5	0	3	Allen, Mr.	William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.050	None	s		
						88	6	8	87	0	2	Montvila, Rev.		male	27.0	0	0	211536	13.000	None	s		
						88	7	8	88	1	1	Grahar Margar	n, Miss. et Edith	female	19.0	0	0	112053	30.000	B42	s		
						88	8	8	89	0	3		n, Miss. e Helen "Carrie"	female	NaN	1	2	W./C. 6607	23.450	None	S		
						88	9	8	90	1	1	Behr, Mr. Kar	1 Howell	male	26.0	0	0	111369	30.000	C148	С		
						89	0	8	91	0	3	Dooley, Mr	Patrick	male	32.0	0	0	370376	7.750	None	Q		- 11
						891	I rows	× 12 c	olumns														- 1
				1	In [8]:	NOT	EBOOK	SAVE	_DATA(utput)												- 1
				(Out[8]:	0	utput	has b	een Sav	ed Su	ccessf	fully'											- 11
ŀ				-	In []:	Ι																	- 1
																						Sa	ave

3. To call method to write Visualizations use NOTEBOOK_SAVE_VIZ()

Seneral	Notebook Kernel	
Properties	Python 3 O	
	🖺 🕂 彩 包 18 🛧 🗸 H Run 🔳 Markdown 🔻	
	<pre>In [6]: import pandas as pd import numpy as np import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt def correlation(df, columns, method): #df = df[columns] corrmat = columns.corr(method= method) result = pd.DataFrame(corrmat).reset_index() result = pd.DataFrame(corrmat).reset_index() result = result.rename(columns-{'index':'category'}) f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (8, 7)) plt.title("Correlation Matrix") sns_plot= sns.heatmap(corrmat, ax = ax, cmap ="magma", linewidths = 0.1) plt.savefig(NOTEBOOK SAVE VIZ())</pre>	
	<pre>return {'opt': df, 'summary' : result.describe(include="all")} In [7]: df = df columns = df[['Pclass','Age', 'Fare', 'Survived', 'Parch', 'PassengerId']] #columns = df.loc[1:3] method = 'pearson' df_out = correlation(df, columns, method)</pre>	
	dfout	

4. To load input data from a zip reader use **ZIP_FILE_LOCATION()**



Component	Console	Su	ımmar	Ŋ	Res	ult	Vis	sualizat	tion	Properties	DataInsight	÷	<u>1</u>
General		Notebo	ook Ke	ernel									
Properties												Python 3 O	
		8	+	3€	0 6	1	¥	N Run	Co	je 🔹			
			In	[11]	NOT NOT NOT ZIP_	EBOC EBOC EBOC FILE_	OK_SAV OK_SAV <u>LOCAT</u> andas a	UT_DA /E_DAT /E_VIZ(<mark>FION()</mark> ,2	TA - To a FA(outpur () - Call n CIP_FILE	t_dataframe)-Cai nethod to write V	Data of Notebook Kernel II method to write Output Data of Notebook Kern Tsualisation(s) of Notebook Kernel TFION()- Use for ZIp operations	el	
			In	[12]	df								
			Out	[12]		Me	ember_n	umber	Dat	e itemDescripti	on		
						0		1808	21-07-201	5 tropical f	ruit		
						1		2552	05-01-201	5 whole n	niik		
						2		2300	19-09-201	5 pip f	ruit		
						3		1187	12-12-201	5 other vegetab	les		
						4		3037	01-02-201	5 whole n	niik		
												Sav	ve

5. To save the output data to a zip file location use **ZIP_FILE_OUTPUT_LOCATION()**

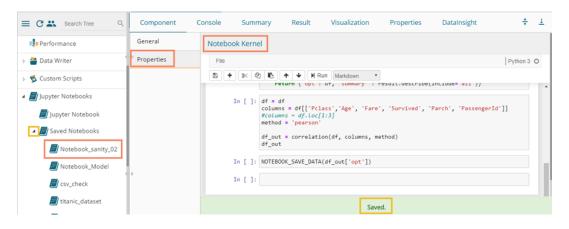
neral	Notebook H	Kernel					
operties							
	8 +	* 2		↑ ↓ N Run			
				Member_number	Date	itemDescription	
			0		21-07-2015	tropical fruit	
			1		05-01-2015	whole milk	
			2		19-09-2015 12-12-2015	pip fruit	
			4		01-02-2015	other vegetables whole milk	
			38760	4471	08-10-2014	sliced cheese	
			38761		23-02-2014	candy	
			38762		16-04-2014	cake bar	
			38763			fruit/vegetable juice	
			38764	1521	26-12-2014	cat food	
			38765 r	ows × 3 columns			
	I	n [15]:	df.to_	csv(<mark>ZIP_FILE_0</mark>	UTPUT_LOCA	TION() + "df.cs	v")
		In []:					

viii) Once you have saved the output of the Jupiter Notebook, click the 'Save' option.



Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	+	Ţ
General	Noteb	ook Kernel						
Properties	F	File					Python 3 O	
	8	+ ≫ 4	▲ ★	Narkdown	v			
		#. m	f = df olumns = df[[columns = df. ethod = 'pear	<pre>'Pclass','Age', 'l Loc[1:3]</pre>	Fare', 'Survived	', 'Parch', 'Passenge	rId']]	
		In []: N	OTEBOOK_SAVE_	_DATA(df_out['opt'])			Ŧ
							Sav	/e

- ix) A message appears to inform that the Jupyter Notebook has been saved.
- x) The Jupyter Notebook component gets added to the **Saved Notebooks** section.



- xi) Run the workflow.
- xii) Once the Workflow runs successfully the user can see Summary, Result, Visualization, and DataInsight for the newly saved Jupyter Notebook component.
 - a. Click the 'Result' tab to see the processed data.

now 10 🔻 e	ntries								Se	arch:	
Passengerid	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.25	C92	s
2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Thayer)	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.283	C85	С
3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/02. 3101282	7.925		S
4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1	C123	s
5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.05		s
5	0	3	Moran, Mr. James	male		0	0	330877	8.458		Q
7	0	1	McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J	male	54.0	0	0	17463	51.862	E46	s
8	0	3	Palsson, Master. Gosta Leonard	male	2.0	3	1	349909	21.075		s
9	1	3	Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg)	female	27.0	0	2	347742	11.133		s
10	1	2	Nasser, Mrs. Nicholas (Adele Achem)	female	14.0	1	0	237736	30.071		с

b. Click the 'Summary' tab to see the model summary.



C	Compone	nt Cor	isole S	ummary	Resu	lt	Visualization	Properties	DataInsight	+	<u>+</u>
•		Summar	y of the mode	21							
		PassengerId	Survived	Pclass			Name				
	count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000			891				
	unique	NaN	NaN	NaN			891				
	top	NaN	NaN	NaN	Panula	, Master	. Eino Viljami				
	freq	NaN	NaN	NaN			- 1				
	mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642			NaN				
	std	257.353842	0.486592	0.836071			NaN				
	min	1.000000	0.00000	1.000000			NaN				
	25%	223.500000	0.00000	2.000000			NaN				
	50%	446.000000	0.00000	3.000000			NaN				
	75%	668.500000	1.000000	3.000000			NaN				
	max	891.000000	1.000000	3.000000			NaN				
		Sex	Age S	SibSp F	Parch	Ticket	Fare				
	count	891 714.0	00000 891.00	00000 891.00	0000	891	891.000000				
	unique	2	NaN	NaN	NaN	681	NaN				
	top	male	NaN	NaN	NaN C	A. 2343	NaN				

c. Click the 'Visualization' tab to see the visual presentation of the data.



d. Click the 'DataInsight' tab to see the data insights.

Component	Console	Summary	Result	Visualization	Properti	Datalnsi	ght 🕇
Profiling Re	port		Overview	Variables	Correlations	Missing values	Sample
0	verview						
Da	taset info		,	Variable	es types		
	ber of variables	12		Numeric		5	
	ber of observation			Categorical		5	
Miss	sing cells	865 (8.1%)		Boolean		1	
Dup	licate rows	0 (0.0%)		Date		0	
	l size in memory	83 7 KiB		URL		0	
	rage record size in	96.1 B		Text (Unique)		1	
men		55.TD		Rejected		0	
				Unsupported		0	

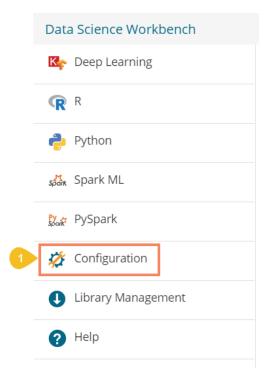


15. Configuration

The user gets redirected to the Admin module containing the server configuration option for the Data Science plugin.

15.1. Configuring Python Server

i) Click the 'Configuration' option from the Data Science Workbench homepage.



- ii) By default, the Python Server details open under the Admin Module.
- iii) The user can select another Python server from the available server list by selecting the radio button icon

<u> </u>	r	
υ		

Click the 'Add new server' + icon to configure a new Python server.

=	Admin Module			
2 Pytho	n Server			3 + Test Save
	Server name	Default	Actions	
	172.31.42.225	0	× 1	
	Prod Python 3.6	•	× =	
	dl-server	•	/ 1	



- iv) The 'Create Python Server' page opens by clicking the 'Add new server' option.
- v) Provide the following information:
 - i. Host: Host address of the Spark server
 - ii. Port: Spark server's port number
 - iii. Username: Enter a username to log in to the Spark server
 - iv. Password: Enter the password for the above username
 - v. Python Server Name: Provide Python Server Address
 - vi. Elastic Search Port: Provide the elastic search port number
 - vii. Server API URL: Provide the server API URL link
 - viii. Tensor Board Visualization URL: Provide the Tensor Board Visualization URL link
 - ix. Python Server Protocol: Select a protocol option by using the radio option out of HTTP and HTTPS
- vi) Click the 'Test' option to verify the connection.

5 Server Information	
Host *	Port *
User name *	Password *
	Elastic search port *
Python server name *	9200
Server API URL *	TensorBoard visualization URL *

- vii) A success message appears to assure about the Python Server connection.
- viii) Click the enabled 'Save' option to save the verified Python server information.



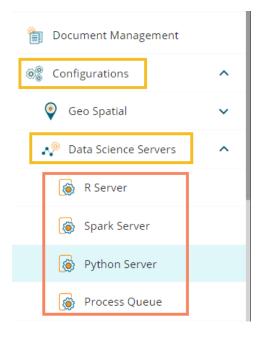
- ix) A success message appears to ensure that the predictive settings got updated.
- x) The newly configured Python Server gets added to the 'Python Server' window.



			III Ļ ¹¹ (9 W
Python Server			+ Tes	st Save
Server name	Default	Actions		
172.31.42.225	۲	× •		
Prod Python 3.6	۲	× +		
dl-server	•	× =		
10 Sample Python Server	۲	× •		

Note:

- a. Click the 'Edit' 🖍 icon to modify an existing python server configuration
- b. Click the '**Delete**'^{**I**} icon to remove the selected Python server details from the list.
- xi) To access the other Data Science Servers, the user can click on the '**Configurations**' option provided under the Admin Module.
- xii) Choose the 'Data Science Servers' option.
- xiii) All the available options appear as displayed below:



15.2. Configuring R Server

i) Select the **R Server** option from the Data Science server list.



Configurations	^
Geo Spatial	~
Nata Science Servers	^
1 🛞 R Server	
Spark Server	
Python Server	
Process Queue	

- ii) The R Server page opens.
- iii) The user can select another R server from the available server list by selecting the radio button icon
 or

Click the 'Add new server' T icon to configure	ure a new K server.	
--	---------------------	--

	Admin Module					
2 R Serv	ver				3 + Te	est Save
	Server name	Cores	Workflow	Scheduler	Actions	
	34.209.28.33	1	0	0	× =	
	R server	1 3	۲	۲	× =	

- iv) The 'Create R Server' page opens by clicking the 'Add new server' option.
- v) Provide the following information to configure a new R server:
 - i. IP Address: IP address of the R-server
 - ii. Port: R-Server's port number
 - iii. Username: Enter a username to log in to the R- server
 - iv. Password: Enter the password for the above username
 - v. R Server Name: Provide the R- Server address
 - vi. Provide HTTP URL for R-Bokeh: Provide R Visualization URL
 - vii. Elastic Search Port: Provide an elastic search port number
 - viii. R Visualization URL: Provide HTTP URL for R-Bokeh
 - ix. Enable Parallel Processing: Avail this option by using the enable/disable button1. By enabling the Parallel Processing, it asks to configure 'Number of Cores'
 - x. Set as Default: Select this option by using a checkmark in the box
 - xi. The user gets further options for the Parallel enabled Processing:
 - 1. Utilize for Workflow and Scheduler



- 2. Utilize for only Workflow
- 3. Utilize for only Scheduler
- vi) Click the 'Test' option to verify the R-Server connection.

Server Information		
IP address *	Port *	
		Can contain only numbers. Maximum
User name *	Password *	
R server name *	Elastic search port	
Sample R Server	9200	
HTTP URL for R-Bokeh *		
https:// <ip:port domainname="" rviz=""></ip:port>		
Enable parallel processing		
Number of cores *		
2		

- vii) A success message appears to assure about the R Server connection.
- viii) Click the enabled 'Save' option to save the verified R server information.

	iii ģ	?	W
Successfully connected to R Server	8		
	Test	Save	←

- ix) A success message appears to ensure that the predictive settings got updated.
- x) The newly configured R Server gets added to the '**R Server**' window.

BB®		9 Prec					¢"	0	W
≡ Admir	n Module	Prec		dated successfully					
R Server						+	Test		
	Server name	Cores	Workflow	Scheduler	Actions				
	34.209.28.33	1	0	0	× +				
	R server	2	•	0	Z 1				
10	Sample R Server	2	۲	۲	Z #				

Note:

- a. Click the 'Edit' 🖍 icon to modify an existing R server configuration
- b. Click the '**Delete**'^{**I**} icon to remove the selected R server details from the list.

15.3. Configuring Spark Server

i) Select the **Spark Server** option from the Data Science server list.



Configurations	^
🥥 Geo Spatial	~
🥠 Data Science Servers	^
🛞 R Server	
1 🔯 Spark Server	
Python Server	
Process Queue	

- ii) The Spark Server page opens.
- iii) The user can select another Spark server from the available server list by selecting the radio button icon. **or**

Click the 'Add new server' \pm icon to configure a new Spark server.

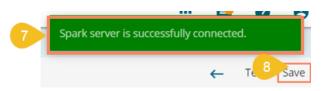
🗮 Admin Module			
2 Spark Server			3 + Test Save
Server name	Default	Actions	
172.31.41.103	0	× =	
Spark Server	3	Z . I	

- iv) The 'Create Spark Server' page opens by clicking the 'Add new server' option.
- v) Provide the following information to configure a new Spark server:
 - i. Host: Host address of the Spark server
 - ii. Port: Spark server's port number
 - iii. Username: Enter a username to log in to the Spark server
 - iv. Password: Enter the password for the above username
 - v. Spark Server Name: Provide Spark Server Address
 - vi. Jetty Confirmation URL: Provide Jetty confirmation URL link
 - vii. Application: Provide the application name
 - viii. Spark Server Protocol: Select a protocol option by using the radio option
- vi) Click the 'Test' option to verify the Spark Server connection.

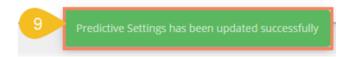


4 Create Spark Server	6 Test
5 Server Information	
Host *	
Port *	User name *
Password *	Spark server name *
Jetty configuartion URL *	Application *

- vii) A success message appears to assure about the Spark Server connection.
- viii) Click the enabled 'Save' option to save the verified Spark server information.



ix) A success message appears to ensure that the predictive settings got updated.



x) The newly configured Spark Server gets added to the '**Spark Server**' window.

🗮 Admin Module			
Spark Server			+ Test Save
Server name	Default	Actions	
172.31.41.103	0	/ 1	
Spark Server	۲	/ 1	
dl-server	0	× =	
10 Sample Spark Server		/ 1	

Note:

- a. Click the 'Edit' 🖍 icon to modify an existing Spark server configuration
- b. Click the '**Delete**' ^I icon to remove the selected Spark server details from the list.



15.4. Configuring Process Queue

The user can reset the Predictive process queue through this Predictive Settings option.

i) Click the 'Process Queue' option from the Data Science Servers configuration options.

Nota Science Servers	^
🔞 R Server	
Spark Server	
Python Server	
Process Queue	

- ii) The Process Queue page opens.
- iii) Click the 'Reset Queue' option.

Admin Module Process Queue	
	Click the 'Reset Queue' option to set the count of currently running processes to zero.
Java R	
	Reset Queue

- iv) A warning message appears, asking whether the user wants to flush the queue.
- v) Click the '**YES**' option to set the count of currently running processes to Zero for the Data Science Workbench.

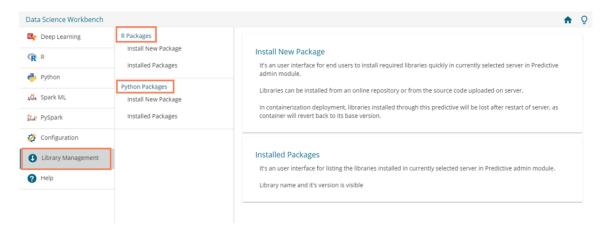




16. Library Management

The Library Management option facilitates the user to install R and Python libraries from an online repository or the source code uploaded on the server to the R and Python Data science servers.

Click the Library Management option from the Data Science Workbench. Details to open R and Python Packages get displayed.



i) R Packages

- a) Navigate to the Library Management page.
- b) The R Packages option displays.
- c) Click the 'Install New Package' option to open the R-Install New Packages screen.
- d) Select an option from where you want to install the package using the drop-down list.
- e) Provide the package names in the given box. Use a comma to separate multiple packages.
- f) Click the '**INSTALL**' option to install the packages.

	Data Science Workbench			A	Q
	R Deep Learning 2	R Packages	R - Install New Packages		
	R R 3	Installed Packages	, and the second s		
		Python Packages	Local R Server - Package Archieve(,tar.gz) *		
	ន្លង់ Spark ML	Install New Package			
	🎎 PySpark	Installed Packages		1	
	छ Configuration				
1	Library Management				
	Help				
					4
			Cancel	INSTALL	

g) Click the 'Installed Packages' to display all the installed packages.



Data Science Workbench		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Ceep Learning	R Packages Install New Package	R - Installed Packages Search Q
Python	Python Packages	abind (1.4-5) acepack (1.4.1) ada (2.0-5) adabag (4.2) AnomalyDetection (1.0) arules (1.6-1) arulesviz (1.3-3) asserthat (0.2.1) backports (1.1.4) BAS (1.5.3) base64enc (0.1-3) BH (1.69.0-1)
🐝 Spark ML	Install New Package	aruesviz (1.3-3) assertmat (0.2.1) backports (1.1.4) BAS (1.5.3) basebaenc (0.1-3) BH (1.69/0-1) bindr (0.1.1) bindrcpp (0.2.2) bitops (1.0-6) BizVizPredictiveAnalysis (3.6.0)
👷 PySpark	Installed Packages	BitVi2PredictiveAnalysisLight (0.1.0) Boruta (6.0.0) broom (0.5.0) Cairo (1.5-9) call (3.2.0) car (3.0-3) carData (3.0-2) caret (6.0-80) caTools (1.17.1.1) cellranger (1.1.0) checkmate (1.8.5) classint (0.2-3)
🖉 Configuration		carbata (30-2) carbata
Library Management		combinat (0.0-8) corrgram (1.13) corrplot (0.84) corrr (0.3.0) cowplot (0.9.4) crayon (1.3.4) crosstalk (1.0.0) curl (3.2) customelasticsearchr (0.2.1) CVST (0.2-2) data table (1.11.4) DBI (10.0)
Help		ddalpha (1.3.4) dendextend (1.8.0) DEoptimR (1.0-8) desc (1.2.0) devtools (2.0.2) dichromat (2.0-0)
		digest (0.6.19) dimRed (0.1.0) diptest (0.75-7) docopt (0.4.5) doParallel (1.0.11) dotCall64 (1.0-0) dplyr (0.8.1) DRR (0.0.3) DT (0.4) dummies (1.5.6) e1071 (1.7-0) elasticsearchr (0.2.2) ellipse (0.4.1)
		EMCluster (0.2-12) evaluate (0.11) exactRankTests (0.8-30) expss (0.8.11) factoextra (1.0.5) FactoMineR (1.41) fansi (0.4.0) fastDummies (1.4.0) FastRWeb (1.1-1) fields (9.8-3) flashClust (1.01-2)

ii) Python Packages

- a) Select the 'Install New Package' option from the Python Packages.
- b) The 'Python- Install New Packages' fields open.
- c) Select an option from where you want to install.
- d) If the selected 'Install From' option is 'Repository,' it displays the Repository URL link.
- e) Mention the packages you want to install in the given box.
- f) Follow the below given rules:
 - 1. Provide Package version as 'package name==version' (optional)
 - 2. Separate Multiple Packages with Comma (optional)
- g) Click the '**INSTALL**' option to install the new Python packages.

R Packages	Durk and the stall Name Dealer and	
Install New Package	2 Python - Install New Packages	
Installed Packages	3 Install From	
Python Packages	Repository V	
Install New Package	4 Repository URL*	
Installed Packages	Republicity UKL*	
	Packages to be Installed	
	Packages to be installed	
	6 * Provide Package version as package_nome=version (optional) * Separate Nultiple Packages with Comma (optional)	

h) Click the 'Installed Packages' option to display all the installed Python Packages.

🍫 Deep Learning	R Packages	Python - Installed Packages Search
R R	Install New Package	
🔑 Python		absl-py (0.7.1) altgraph (0.16.1) amqp (2.4.2) asgi-rabbitmq (0.5.5) asgiref (1.1.2) asn1crypto (0.24.0)
🖧 Spark ML	Python Packages Install New Package	astor (0.7.1) attrs (19.1.0) autobahn (19.3.3) automat (0.7.0) backcall (0.1.0) bcrypt (3.1.6) beautifulsoup4 (4.7.1) billiard (3.5.0.5) bills (0.2.4) bokeh (1.0.0) bctot (2.49.0) botot (3.1.9)
🗶 PySpark	Installed Packages	botocore (1.12.129) bs4 (0.0.1) bz2file (0.98) cached-property (1.5.1) catboost (0.11.2) celery (4.2.0)
🏷 Configuration		certifi (2019.3.9) cffi (1.12.2) channels (1.1.8) chardet (3.0.4) click (7.0) cloudpickle (0.8.1) colorama (0.4.1) confluent-kafka (1.1.0) constantly (15.1.0) cryptography (2.6.1) csselect (1.0.3)
Library Management		cx-oracle (7.0.0) cycler (0.10.0) cymem (2.0.2) daphne (1.4.2) dask (1.1.5) dbutils (1.3)
Help		decorator (4.4.0) distributed (1.26.1) django (2.1) djangorestframework (3.9.0) dlib (19.17.0) docopt (0.6.2) docutils (0.14) editdistance (0.5.2) elasticsearch (2.3.0) en-core-web-sm (2.1.0)
		etxmifile (1.0.1) face-recognition (1.2.3) face-recognition-models (0.3.0) featuretools (0.5.1) future (0.17.1) fuzzwuzzy (0.17.0) east (0.2.2) eensim (3.7.3) eeoison (2.3.0) eraphyiz (0.10.1) erapcio (1.19.0)
		fuzzywuzzy (0.17.0) gast (0.2.2) gensim (3.7.3) geojson (2.3.0) graphviz (0.10.1) grpcio (1.19.0) gtts (2.0.3) gtts-token (1.1.3) h2o (3.22.0.3) h5py (29.0) hdfs (2.2.2) heapdict (10.0)
		hosklearn (0.1.0) hvoerlink (18.0.0) hvoeroot (0.1.1) icc-rt (2019.0) idna (2.8) image (1.5.25)

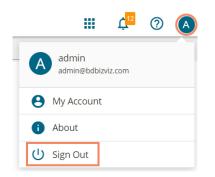


Note: The containerized deployment does not support the libraries installed through this option as container reverts to its base version.

17. Signing Out

The following steps describe how to Sing-off from the BDB Platform.

- i) Click the 'User Profile' icon on the Platform homepage.
- ii) Click the 'Sign Out' option.



iii) The user successfully signs off from the BDB Platform.

Note:

- a. By clicking the 'Sign Out' option, the user gets back to the Sign-in page of the BDB platform.
- b. Click the 'About' option to open the default homepage for the BDB Platform.

SBB®			९ III 4 @ (
My Documents			BDB User
Welcome to BDB Decision platform	bashboard Designer	Business Story	Admin.user@odo.al My Account About
BDB is a complete decision platform for all your business needs. Drive from data to dynamic visuals and derive an actionable insight into your business data.	Design, save and publish a splendid governed dashboards. Display relevant KPis through comprehensive and stunning visual reports to attain your business objectives.	Go beyond the classic Bt with our ground- breaking self-service Bt tool. Gain pertinent insights into your business by creating wide-ranging views on your own without external IT help.	Le U Sign Out nex: cousiness move: Access and appry accurate and customizable Predictive models to maximize future opportunities.
Avail 360° view of your business by assembling, processing, and analyzing the acquired data. Access incomparable analytics at any time	2	0.0	
from anywhere on any device.	Data Center	ETL	Data Preparation
Version: 5.2.0 Released on: Aug 21, 03:28	Supports a wide range of Data sources starting from the spreadsheets in your system to a cloud-based database. Establish connections to these data sources and build Data Sets or Data Stores to enable rich business intelligence and robust analytics.	A self-driven Data Wrangling tool to extract data from diverse sources, including the merged data. Enforce data quality and consistency standards to deliver the output in a presentation-ready format.	Experience a secure yet self-driven mode of data preparation. Streamline the entire process of dealing with retrievable business data empowering the business users to decide with unprecedented agility.

17.1. Forgot Password Option

The users are provided with a choice to change the password on the Login page of the platform.

i) Click the 'Forgot Password?' option from the Sign In page.

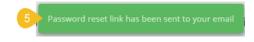


Decision Platform
≌ Email / User Id *
• Password *
Auth Type Enterprise
Forgot Password ? Sign in

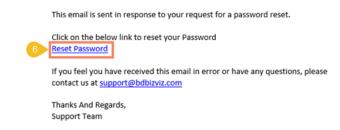
- ii) The 'Forgot Password?' page opens.
- iii) Provide the email id that is registered with BDB to send the reset password link.
- iv) Click the 'Continue' option.



v) The user may be redirected to select a space in case of multiple spaces under one server link(The user needs to select a space and click the '**Continue**' option once again). If a user does not have multiple spaces then, a message appears to notify the user that the password reset link (The users receive the reset link via their registered email.)



vi) Click the link from your registered email.





- vii) The user gets redirected to the 'Reset Password' page to set a new password.
- viii) Set a new password.
- ix) Confirm the newly set password.
- x) Click the 'Continue' option.

You have confirmed ownership of the BDB acco Please reset your password to get access.	
Please reset your password to get access.	uni
New Password *	
Confirm New Password *	

xi) The password for the selected BDB account gets reset and a message appears to inform the user.



Note: The user gets redirected back to the Sign In page after successfully resetting the password.

17.2. Force Login

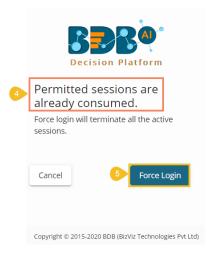
The '**Force Login**' functionality has been introduced to control the number of active sessions up to three. The users can access only 3 sessions at a time when they try to access the 4th session, a warning message displays to inform that the user has consumed the permitted sessions and, a click on the '**Force Login**' would kill all those active sessions.

- i) Navigate to the BDB Platform Login page.
- ii) Enter the valid credentials to log in.
- iii) Click the 'Sign In' option.

Data Simulation	Decision Platform Decision Platform
	3 Sign In



- iv) The user gets the following message if the permitted active sessions (3 sessions at a time) are consumed.
- v) Click the 'Force Login' option.



- vi) A warning message appears the currently active sessions get killed, and the user gets redirected to the BDB Platform Sign In page.
- vii) The user needs to provide valid credentials once again and click the '**Continue**' option to access the platform.